

## Public Sector Employment, Statistical Bulletin, Q4 2011



Coverage: UK

Date: 14 March 2012

Geographical Area: UK and GB

Theme: Labour Market

Theme: Government

### Correction

An error has occurred in [Table 6 \(553 Kb Excel sheet\)](#) Regional Public Sector Employment, of the Q4 2011 Public Sector Employment (PSE) Statistical Bulletin.

Labour Force Survey (LFS) employment estimates are used to calculate PSE as a proportion of total employment by region. The estimates of PSE proportions for Q4 2010 released in the Q4 2011 PSE statistical bulletin were incorrectly calculated using LFS data from an earlier period (Q4 2009).

This has now been corrected. Proportions for Scotland are not affected since they are provided by Scottish Government. Proportions for all other regions are affected but those calculated for East Midlands, Northern Ireland and UK seasonally adjusted have not changed.

ONS apologises for any inconvenience caused.

## Headline figures are:

- Public sector employment decreased by 37,000 in the fourth quarter of 2011, to 5.942 million.
- Local government employment decreased by 33,000; central government increased by 3,000 and employment in public corporations decreased by 7,000.
- Civil Service employment decreased by 9,000 to 471,000.
- Employment in the private sector increased by 45,000 to 23.173 million.
- The Q4 2011 public sector estimate is 270,000 lower than the same quarter a year ago. The Q4 2011 private sector estimate is 226,000 higher than the same quarter a year ago.

## Summary

This bulletin contains detailed public sector employment estimates for Q4 2011. The public sector comprises central government, local government and public corporations as defined for the UK National Accounts.

### Summary of Employment by Sector Classification, Q4 2011

United Kingdom, headcount (Thousands), seasonally adjusted

Quarter	Central government (inc. NHS)	Local government corporations	Public corporations	Total public sector	Of which: Civil Service <sup>1</sup>
2010 Q4	2,798	2,887	527	6,212	506
2011 Q1	2,804	2,851	525	6,180	513
2011 Q2	2,762	2,779	513	6,054	488
2011 Q3	2,761	2,716	502	5,979	480
2011 Q4	2,764	2,683	495	5,942	471
Change on quarter	3	-33	-7	-37	-9
Change %	0.1	-1.2	-1.4	-0.6	-1.9
Change on year	-34	-204	-32	-270	-35
Change %	-1.2	-7.1	-6.1	-4.3	-6.9

**Table source:** Office for National Statistics

#### Table notes:

1. Civil Service estimates are home Civil Service and therefore exclude Northern Ireland Civil Service, which is included in Central Government.

## Download table

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(32 Kb)

### By sector classification; headcount (Table 1)

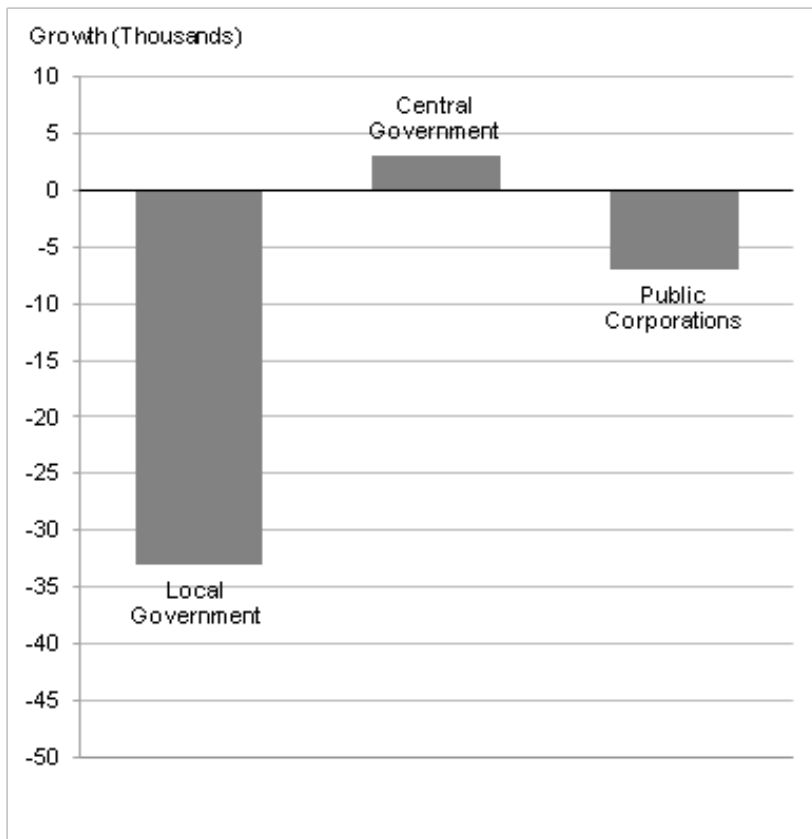
Total public sector employment was 5.942 million in the fourth quarter of 2011, a decrease of 37,000 (0.6 per cent) compared with the previous quarter. Employment in local government decreased by 33,000 (1.2 per cent) to 2.683 million, while employment in central government increased by 3,000 (0.1 per cent) to 2.764 million ([Table 1 \(553 Kb Excel sheet\)](#)).

Employment in public corporations decreased by 7,000 (1.4 per cent) to 495,000. In Q4 2011, employment in the Civil Service in Great Britain decreased by 9,000 (1.9 per cent) to 471,000.

Of the 33,000 decrease in local government employment between Q3 2011 and Q4 2011 approximately 8,000 (not seasonally adjusted) employment can be accounted for through employment moving from local government to central government, as local authority controlled schools have become academies.

For Q4 2011, there was a decrease of 270,000 (4.3 per cent) in public sector employment compared with the same quarter the year previous. The largest actual decrease was in local government (204,000; 7.1 per cent), followed by the Civil Service, which decreased by 35,000 (6.9 per cent).

## Growth by sector between Q3 2011 and Q4 2011



Source: Quarterly Public Sector Employment Survey - Office for National Statistics

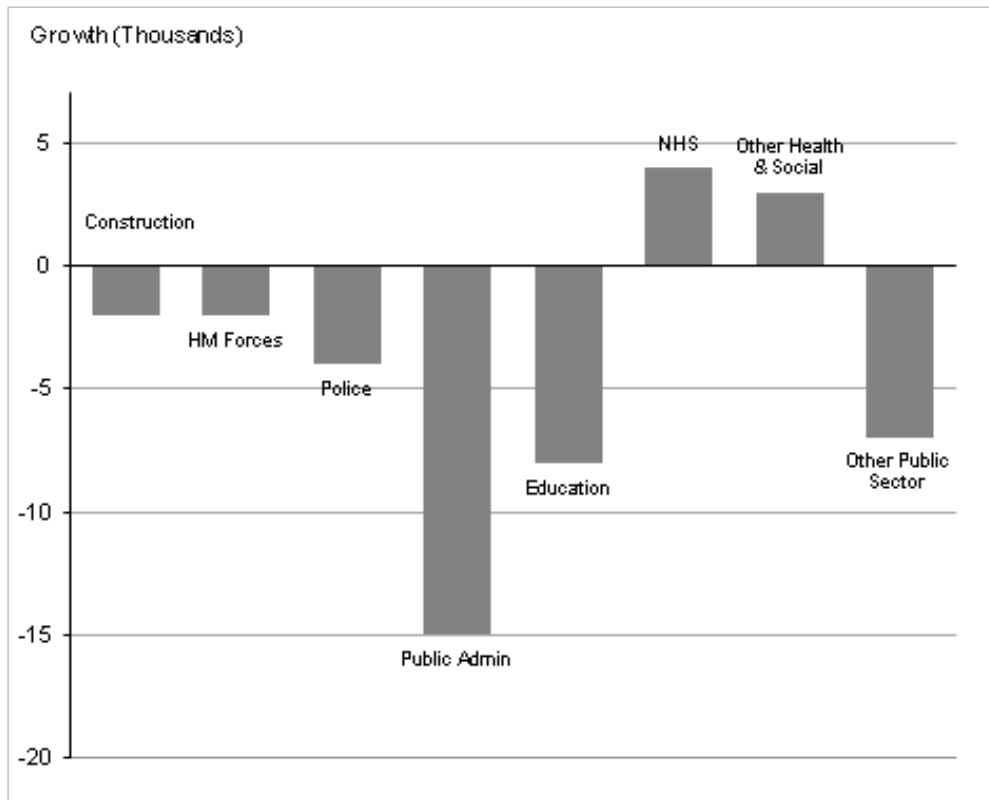
### Download chart

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(16.5 Kb)

## By industry; headcount (Table 2)

### Growth by Industry - Q4 2011



Source: Quarterly Public Sector Employment Survey - Office for National Statistics

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[XLS](#) [XLS format](#)  
(30.5 Kb)

When public sector employment is analysed by industry (Standard Industrial Classification 2007), the largest decrease in the fourth quarter 2011, compared with the third quarter 2011, was in public administration (15,000; 1.3 per cent) ([Table 2 \(553 Kb Excel sheet\)](#)).

Employment in education (8,000; 0.5 per cent), other public sector (7,000; 0.8 per cent), Police (4,000; 1.5 per cent), construction (2,000; 4.5 per cent) and HM Forces (2,000; 1.0 per cent) all decreased between Q3 2011 and Q4 2011, whereas employment in the National Health Service (4,000; 0.3 per cent) and other health and social work (3,000; 0.9 per cent) increased.

## By sector classification and industry; full-time equivalents (Tables 3 and 4)

[Table 3 \(553 Kb Excel sheet\)](#) provides full-time equivalent (FTE) estimates by sector classification while [Table 4 \(553 Kb Excel sheet\)](#) provides FTE estimates by industry.

Total public sector employment on a FTE basis was 4.828 million in the fourth quarter 2011. Public sector employment on a FTE basis decreased by 30,000 (0.6 per cent) compared with

Q3 2011, driven by a decrease in local government of 23,000 (1.1 per cent). Employment in central government remained unchanged at 2.364 million, and employment in public corporations decreased by 7,000 (1.5 per cent). In Q4 2011 the number of FTE employees in the Civil Service stood at 435,000, a decrease of 9,000 (2.0 per cent) compared with the previous quarter.

By industry, the largest decrease in Q4 2011 was in public administration (16,000; 1.7 per cent). The only increases for employment by industry on a FTE basis were in the National Health Service (5,000; 0.4 per cent) and other health and social work (2,000; 0.8 per cent).

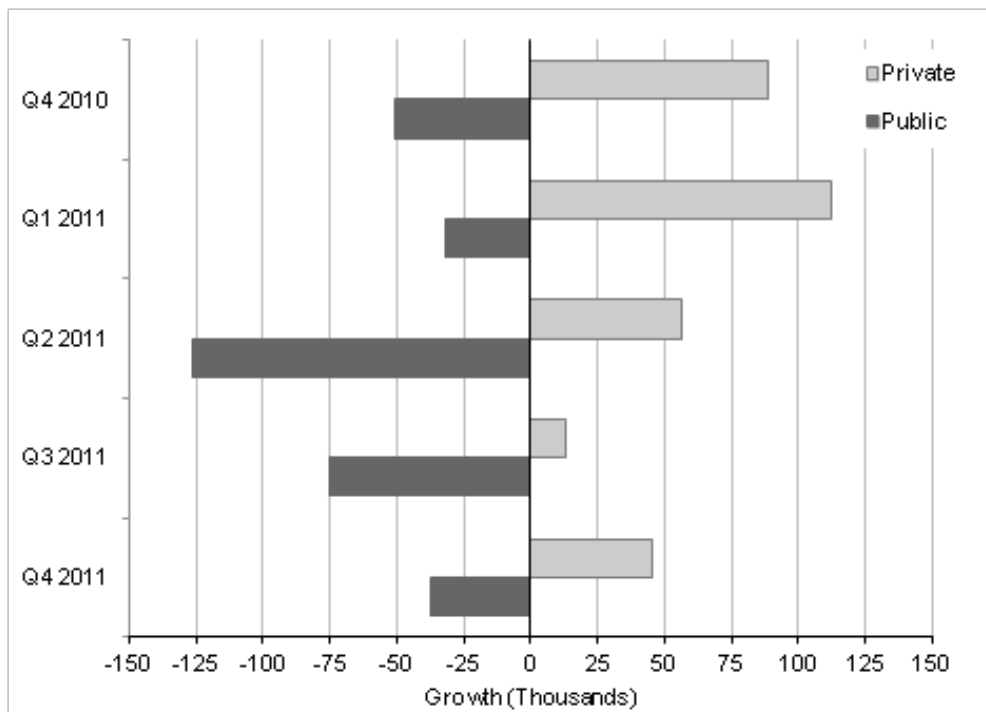
## Public and private sector employment; headcount (Table 5)

Private sector employment totals are derived as the difference between Labour Force Survey employment estimates for the whole economy and the public sector estimates collected from public sector organisations.

Private sector employment increased by 45,000 (0.2 per cent) to 23.173 million in the fourth quarter of 2011. Employment in the public sector decreased by 37,000 (0.6 per cent). In the fourth quarter of 2011, the public sector accounted for 20.4 per cent of total employment in the UK, down from 20.5 per cent at Q3 2011 ([Table 5 \(553 Kb Excel sheet\)](#)).

Compared with Q4 2010, private sector employment has increased by 226,000, while public sector employment has decreased by 270,000.

### Quarter-on-quarter employment growth by main sector - Q4 2011



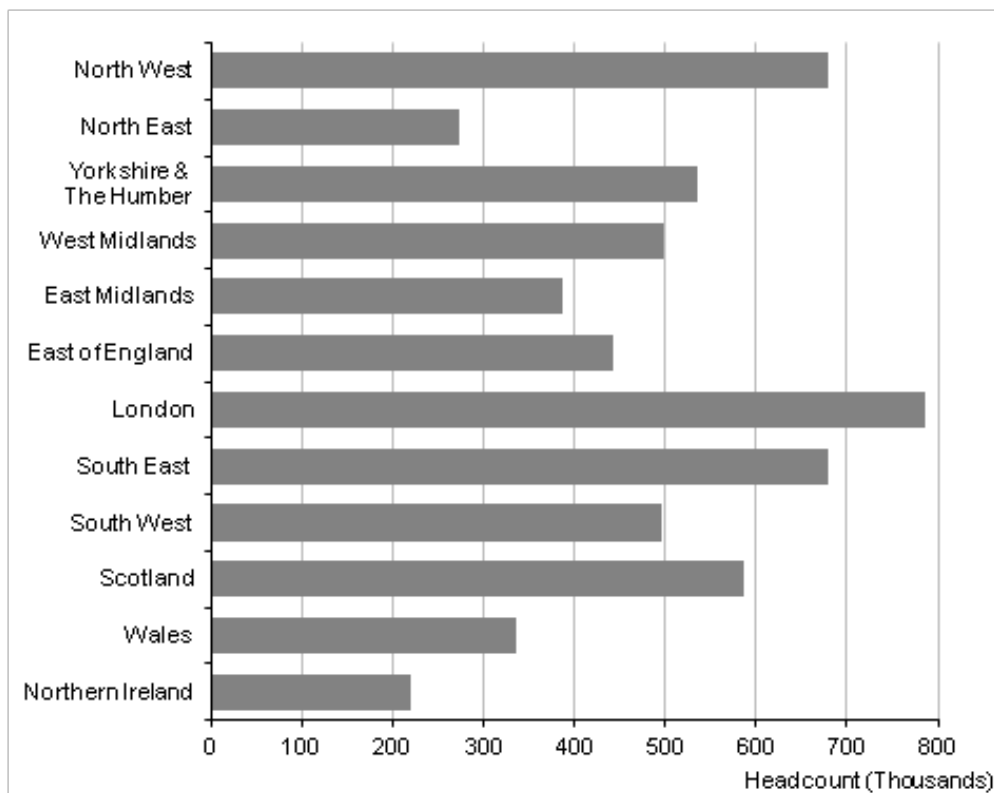
Source: Quarterly Public Sector Employment Survey - Office for National Statistics

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**By region; headcount; not seasonally adjusted (Table 6)**

London is the region with the largest number of public sector employees (785,000) followed by the North West (679,000), the South East (678,000) and Scotland (587,000) ([Table 6 \(553 Kb Excel sheet\)](#)).

**Public sector employment by region - Q4 2011**

Source: Quarterly Public Sector Employment Survey - Office for National Statistics

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(29 Kb)

Compared with the same quarter a year ago, there were decreases in public sector employment for all English regions. The largest decreases were in the South West (36,000; 6.7 per cent), South East (35,000; 4.9 per cent), East of England (32,000; 6.7 per cent) North West (32,000; 4.6 per cent) and London (31,000; 3.8 per cent).

England (234,000; 4.7 per cent), Scotland (24,000; 3.9 per cent), Wales (8,000; 2.2 per cent) and Northern Ireland (5,000; 2.3 per cent) all showed decreases in public sector employment in the year to Q4 2011.

In the year to Q4 2011, public sector employment in Great Britain decreased by 265,000 (4.5 per cent). Public sector employment in the United Kingdom decreased by 270,000 (4.3 per cent; seasonally adjusted).

In the fourth quarter of 2011 Northern Ireland (27.9 per cent), Wales (25.8 per cent), the North East (24.6 per cent) and Scotland (23.8 per cent) had the highest proportion of their workforce employed in the public sector. The areas of the UK with the lowest proportion of their workforce employed in the public sector were the East of England (17.0 per cent); South East (17.2 per cent); London (18.3 per cent); East Midlands (19.2 per cent); South West (19.8 per cent) and West Midlands (20.7 per cent).

## Including and excluding financial corporations (Table 7)

[Table 7 \(553 Kb Excel sheet\)](#) shows estimates of public sector employment both including and excluding publicly owned financial corporations such as Royal Bank of Scotland and Lloyds Banking Group. A non-seasonally adjusted time series for financial corporations can be found at background note 8 of this statistical bulletin.

At Q4 2011, public sector employment (excluding financial corporations) decreased by 41,000 (0.7 per cent) compared with the previous quarter, and by 263,000 (4.4 per cent) compared with the same quarter the previous year. At Q4 2011, publicly owned financial corporations accounted for 3.6 per cent of total public sector employment.

## Civil Service employment by department and agency (Tables 8 and 9)

The number of employees in the Civil Service decreased by 9,170 (1.9 per cent) to 470,610, compared with the previous quarter and on a full-time equivalent (FTE) basis by 8,850 (2.0 per cent) to 435,240 ([Table 8 \(553 Kb Excel sheet\)](#)).

In the fourth quarter of 2011, there were no departments showing a notable increase in employment. The largest decreases in employment (on a FTE basis) were recorded by Ministry of Defence (3,410), Ministry of Justice (2,120) and Department for Work and Pensions (1,250).

[Table 9 \(553 Kb Excel sheet\)](#) provides a more detailed breakdown of Civil Service employment by department and agency.

## Employment in Executive Non-Departmental Public Bodies (Table 10)

At Q4 2011, employment in Executive Non-Departmental Public Bodies (NDPBs) decreased by 1,200 on a headcount basis, and by 1,120 on a FTE basis, when compared with Q3 2011 ([Table 10 \(553 Kb Excel sheet\)](#)).

## Background notes

### 1. Basic Quality Information



In 2005 the Office for National Statistics (ONS), in collaboration with other government departments and the devolved administrations, implemented major improvements to public sector employment (PSE) estimates. Standard definitions for public sector employment across all departmental statistics were agreed and a single definitive set of quarterly PSE estimates introduced. A new Quarterly Public Sector Employment Survey (QPSES) was established. ONS publishes official PSE estimates each quarter, as National Statistics in the form of a Statistical Bulletin, approximately 11 weeks after the period to which they refer.

The [Summary Quality Report for Public Sector Employment \(115.9 Kb Pdf\)](#) is available on the ONS website.

## 2. Relevance to Users

The public sector comprises central government, local government and public corporations as defined for the UK National Accounts. ONS produces the United Kingdom's National Accounts. The National Accounts are an internationally comparable accounting framework that describes the activities in a national economy. The relevant international manuals are the System of National Accounts 1993 (SNA93) and the European System of Accounts 1995 (ESA95). As part of the process of producing the National Accounts, ONS decides on the classification of institutions and transactions within the economy. The [current UK classification process](#) is available on the ONS website.

The Public Sector Classification Guide provides information on the classification of organisations and institutions in the National Accounts.

The public sector employment estimates relate to the number of people employed according to returns from relevant organisations, but they include a number of workers with a second job in the public sector whose main job is in the private sector or in a separate public sector organisation. The private sector estimate, which is obtained by taking the difference between the Labour Force Survey estimate of people employed in the whole economy and the public sector total, will thus tend to be correspondingly understated by a small percentage.

Headcount estimates are based on the number of employees with an employment contract who are being paid by the organisation. Employees can be permanent, on a fixed-term contract or employed on a casual basis. Self-employed, contract workers and agency workers are excluded.

Permanent employees, as defined in Table 8, are employees with a contract with no agreed expiry date or a fixed term contract of more than 12 months. Temporary/casual employees are those with a fixed term contract of 12 months or less or employed on a casual basis.

As well as the headcount estimates, estimates have also been produced for the number of employees in full-time equivalents (FTE) back to 1999. This is based on converting part-time employees' hours into a full-time employees' equivalent and provides a better indication of total labour input than a simple headcount.

## 3. Common Pitfalls in Interpreting Series

Estimates of public sector employment for Q3 2011 to Q4 2011 are based partly on projections for some sources. As part of the development programme to improve the quality of public sector employment estimates, public sector organisations are working towards the production of timely quarterly estimates. Until this development programme is completed, there remains a requirement to include estimates for certain sources:

1. Police (including civilians) workforce estimates for England and Wales are published every six months (for two quarters) by the Home Office.
2. NHS workforce statistics for England are derived from a pay system which covers all but two English NHS organisations. This produces very good estimates of staff numbers. Figures for the two other organisations are estimated based on annual NHS Workforce Census figures. This new source of estimates will reduce the need to revise estimates in the future.

The Home Office has provided estimates for the Police in England and Wales. These estimates are based on projections and may be subject to revision.

All Public Sector Employment series are seasonally adjusted to aid interpretation. As seasonal adjustment does not preserve additivity within aggregation structures, relationships that hold in the unadjusted series do not necessarily hold for the seasonally adjusted series. For example, total public sector employment equals the sum total of all public sector industry estimates before seasonal adjustment, but this is not necessarily true after seasonal adjustment.

Public sector employment statistics have previously been published for periods up to and including Q3 2011. In line with the published [revisions policy for public sector employment statistics \(26.4 Kb Pdf\)](#), the statistics have been revised, to take account of late information from respondents.

[Tables 1R to 5R \(553 Kb Excel sheet\)](#) illustrate the size of the revisions in each category.

#### 4. Concepts and Definitions

**Central government** includes all administrative departments of government and other central agencies and Non-Departmental Public Bodies, as such it is wider than the Civil Service. This sector also includes HM Forces and the National Health Service (NHS). Within education, Academies are classified to central government. From 1 April 2005, central government includes the former Magistrates' Courts Service which has been brought together with the Court Service to form Her Majesty's Courts Service. The Magistrates' Courts Service was previously classified to local government.

**Local government** covers those types of public administration that only cover a locality and any bodies controlled and mainly financed by them. The sub-sector includes all areas of administrative authorities including parish councils, though these units are not covered by the current estimates for local authorities. It includes police forces and their civilian staff. All functions of local authorities are classified to the sub-sector, although trading activities that produce market output (for example, housing and municipally owned markets) are regarded as quasi-corporations and appear under public corporations. Local education authorities are part of

local government, as are voluntary aided schools, county schools and, from September 1999, foundation schools (formerly grant-maintained).

**Public corporations** are companies or quasi-corporations controlled by government. Examples include Royal Mail and London Underground Ltd. These companies receive more than half their income from sales of goods or services into the market place (see background note 8 for details about financial institutions, for example Lloyds Banking Group and Royal Bank of Scotland Group, classified to the public sector).

The estimates of Civil Service employees count all home Civil Service employees (including from 1 April 2005 the employees of the former Magistrates' Courts Service). Civil Service employees can be classified to central government or public corporations. Examples of public corporations include the UK Intellectual Property Office and the Driving Standards Agency. Civil Service estimates exclude the Northern Ireland Civil Service and other Crown servants. Employees in these groups are included in estimates of central government employment.

## 5. Accuracy

**Response rates:** PSE statistics are compiled from a range of sources. The primary source is the Quarterly Public Sector Employment Survey (QPSES). The QPSES comprises three separate data collections; the home Civil Service, Local Authorities in England and Wales and Great Britain public corporations and Non-Departmental Public Bodies (NDPBs). Returned questionnaires go through a series of automated validation tests to check for completeness and consistency and to identify any significant movements compared with the previous period reported (and the same period the previous year). The automated checks are followed up with respondents where errors are detected or further explanation is required. The target is to clear 95 per cent of test failures prior to processing results. ONS targets for response to each of the three surveys ahead of compiling results are 85 per cent (number of respondents) and 90 per cent (of total employment). In addition, each survey has a list of critical respondents (usually those with the largest employment) for which special efforts are made to achieve 100 per cent response and clearance of test failures.

	<b>Response (per cent of questionnaires returned)</b>	<b>Response (per cent of employment)</b>
<b>Local Authorities Survey</b>	95	96
<b>Public Bodies Survey</b>	89	93
<b>Civil Service Survey</b>	100	100
<b>Other Sources (see below)</b>	100	100

Data for non-responders are imputed based on previous returns and known annual changes in seasonality. It is extremely rare for a Local Authority, Public Body or Civil Service department to non-respond for two consecutive quarters. The data collection is statutory for Local Authorities

and Public Bodies (Statistics of Trade Act 1947) and positive action is taken to address non-response issues as and when they occur.

So that estimates of total public sector employment can be made it is necessary for further information to be gathered from external sources.

	<b>Geographic Coverage</b>	<b>Source</b>
<b>Central Government</b>		
HM Forces	UK	MoD: DASA
National Health Service	England	Information Centre for Health and Social Care (IC)
	Wales	Welsh Government
	Scotland	Scottish Government
	Northern Ireland	Department of Finance and Personnel
Other Central Government	Great Britain	Quarterly Public Sector Employment Survey (ONS); Probation Service and Police Strength
	Northern Ireland	Department of Finance and Personnel
<b>Local Government</b>		
Local Authorities	England and Wales	Quarterly Public Sector Employment Survey (ONS)
	Scotland	Joint Staffing Watch (Scottish Government)
	Northern Ireland	Department of Finance and Personnel
Police (including civilians)	England and Wales	Home Office
	Scotland	Joint Staffing Watch (Scottish Government)
	Northern Ireland	Department of Finance and Personnel
<b>Public Corporations</b>		
	Great Britain	Quarterly Public Sector Employment Survey (ONS)

Northern Ireland

Department of Finance  
and Personnel

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ONS is now able to produce regional estimates of PSE based on returns from public sector organisations ([Table 6 \(553 Kb Excel sheet\)](#)). These supersede those produced using the Labour Force Survey (LFS) which previously had been used in conjunction with national PSE estimates to produce estimates by region.

## 6. Future Revisions

Statistics for the NHS for England for Q4 2007 onwards are partly based on projections and informed modelled estimates have been supplied by the Information Centre for health and social care. These estimates may be revised following the publication of the annual NHS workforce statistics.

Statistics for the Police (including civilians) for Q4 2007 onwards for England and Wales are based partly on projections supplied by the Home Office. These estimates may be revised following the publication of the latest Home Office statistics.

Due to ongoing validation of data from the new HM Forces Personnel Administration System, figures for Q2 2007 onwards are provisional and subject to review.

## 7. Coherence

The estimates of public sector employment in education (SIC division 85) differ from the school workforce estimates published by the Department for Education (DfE) (formerly Department for Children, Schools and Families (DCSF)) mainly as a result of differences in coverage and data sources. DfE estimates focus on the number of FTE teachers and support staff for England only. By comparison, the ONS estimates are derived by allocating local authority employees to education using the Inter-Departmental Business Register (IDBR) and the Quarterly Public Sector Employment Survey (QPSES) in England and Wales. Estimates include all employees reported by local authorities as working in primary, secondary and adult education establishments including some groups who are not covered by the DfE statistics, such as adult education staff and certain categories of support staff. Employment estimates for education in Scotland and Northern Ireland are also included to give a wider UK coverage. The different coverage of the ONS and DfE education statistics serve the needs of different users. Those who require information on the workforce in England who are directly involved in pupils' teaching and learning should use DfE published statistics. Users should also refer to DfE published statistics to gauge trends in education employment. Those who seek data on UK public sector employment in education, in its widest sense, should use the ONS data in this release. For further information on the differences between DfE and ONS data on education please see pages 44 to 46 of the [Public Sector Employment Trends 2005 \(463 Kb Pdf\)](#) article published in October 2005.

ONS estimates for the NHS also differ from the headline figure produced by the Information Centre for health and social care (IC). Again, this reflects the wider UK coverage (IC figures are for England only) plus the exclusion by ONS of general practitioners (GPs). ONS, in accordance with National Accounts practice, classifies GPs as part of the private sector. ONS also include

'hospital practitioners and clinical assistants' who work in hospitals on a salaried pay scale but generally work as GPs leading the Information Centre to exclude them from their totals to avoid double counting. When these factors are allowed for, ONS and NHS data can be shown to be identical.

Sector classification and machinery of government changes in the period since 31 December 2010 are listed here:

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Standards and Testing Agency (STA)	The STA is a new executive agency of the Department for Education and commenced operating on 3 October 2011.
Department for Work and Pensions	Jobcentre Plus and the Disability and Carers Service ceased to have legal status with effect from 2 October 2011. This information has been aggregated with that of DWP Corporate and Shared Services to produce one figure for the Department for Work and Pensions. The Child Maintenance Enforcement Commission and the Health and Safety Executive are unaffected by this change and remain Crown Non-Departmental Public Bodies.
Government Office for the Regions (GOR)	The Government Office network closed at the end of March 2011. Almost all staff were made redundant, with the remainder (fewer than 10) transferring to the Department for Communities and Local Government payroll for administrative purposes.
The Postal Services Commission (Postcomm)	Postcomm (at the time approximately 50 staff) was merged into the communications regulator Ofcom on 1 October 2011.
Home Office	There is ongoing movement of staff between HQ Home Office and each of the Department's Executive Agencies (and vice versa) as staff move to meet the demands of the business. Between Q2 2011 and Q3 2011 the headcount within Headquarters increased. The main reasons for this increase were restructuring within the Department and transfers of existing civil servants between government departments, in particular: 99 staff within UKBA's Immigration and Border Policy transferred from UKBA to become part of HQ Home Office; 30 staff within the UKBA Chief Inspectorate Unit, (previously an arms-length organisation and therefore excluded from earlier QPSES returns), joined HQ Home Office;

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	15 staff joined HQ as part of the roll out of Civil Service Learning, a Next Generation HR business, based within the Home Office on behalf of all government Departments, and; a further 31 staff moved out of HQ Home Office to its Executive Agencies or other Government Departments.
HM Land Registry	On 18 July 2011, HM Land Registry (at the time approximately 4,990 staff) moved from the Ministry of Justice to the Department of Business, Innovation and Skills.
The Met Office	On 18 July 2011, the Met Office (at the time approximately 1,820 staff) moved from the Ministry of Defence to the Department of Business, Innovation and Skills.
Ordnance Survey	On 18 July 2011, Ordnance Survey (at the time approximately 1,100 staff) moved from the Department for Communities and Local Government to the Department of Business, Innovation and Skills.
Education Scotland	On 1 July 2011, HM Inspectorate of Education and Learning and Teaching Scotland (LTS) merged to form Education Scotland. Education Scotland is a Scottish Government Agency.
Buying Solutions	In June 2011, Buying Solutions had a change of name and is now known as the Government Procurement Service.
National Fraud Authority	NFA (at the time approximately 50 staff) became an agency of Home Office from Q2 2011. NFA data has been returned manually by NFA.
Scotland Office and Wales Office	Scotland Office and Wales Office ceased to be part of MoJ on 1 April 2011. Figures have been shown separately from Q2 2011 onwards.
National School for Government	On 1 April 2011, NSG reverted back to being part of the Cabinet Office. This increased the Cabinet Office headcount. The new learning organisation 'Civil



UK Space Agency	Service Learning' is expected to be fully operational by April 2012.
Social Care and Social Work Improvement Scotland (SCSWIS)	The UK Space Agency was launched officially on 23 March 2010 and became an executive agency of the Department for Business, Innovation and Skills from 1 April 2011.
Her Majesty's Courts and Tribunals Service (HMCTS)	On 1 April 2011, the Social Work Inspection Agency (SWIA) and the Scottish Commission for the Regulation of Care merged to form the Social Care and Social Work Improvement Scotland (SCSWIS). The new organisation is an NDPB, staff are public servants.
Government Equalities Office	On 1 April 2011, Her Majesty's Courts Service (HMCS) and the Tribunals Service merged to form Her Majesty's Courts and Tribunals Service (HMCTS).
Animal Health and Veterinary Laboratories Agency	On 1 April 2011 the Government Equalities Office (at the time approximately 120 staff) became part of the Home Office.
National Records of Scotland (NRS)	On 1 April 2011, Animal Health merged with the Veterinary Laboratories Agency to form the Animal Health and Veterinary Laboratories Agency.
	From 1 April 2011, the General Register Office for Scotland merged with the National Archives of Scotland to become the National Records of Scotland (NRS).

## 8. Financial Institutions Classified to the Public Sector

On 19 February 2009, ONS announced the classification of Royal Bank of Scotland Group and Lloyds Banking Group as public corporations from 13 October 2008. To facilitate analyses of public sector employment estimates by users, the following non-seasonally adjusted time-series has been created to demonstrate the full impact of recent financial corporations' classifications to the public sector (based on Standard Industrial Classification 2007, industry 64 (Financial Intermediation)).

Period	Headcount	Full-time equivalent
Q1 2008*	9,300	8,700
Q2 2008	9,400	8,800
Q3 2008**	10,700	10,100
Q4 2008***	238,800	217,800
Q1 2009	241,500	219,500
Q2 2009	235,500	214,900
Q3 2009	230,800	209,600
Q4 2009	220,100	200,100
Q1 2010	218,400	198,900
Q2 2010	221,000	202,000
Q3 2010	219,600	201,000
Q4 2010	212,100	194,200
Q1 2011	212,100	194,700
Q2 2011	210,700	193,500
Q3 2011	209,100	192,200
Q4 2011	203,600	187,200

\* Bank of England classified as a public financial corporation on 7 February 2008 from its inception (1946). Northern Rock classified as a public financial corporation from 9 October 2007.

\*\* Bradford and Bingley plc classified as a public financial corporation from 26 September 2008.

\*\*\* Lloyds Banking Group classified as a public financial corporation from 13 October 2008. Royal Bank of Scotland Group classified as a public financial corporation from 13 October 2008.

Northern Rock plc, previously classified as a public sector Other Monetary Financial Intermediary in the Financial Corporations sector, was sold to Virgin Money Holdings (UK) Ltd, on 1 January 2012. Virgin Money Holdings (UK) Ltd is part of the private sector. [More information about the sale](#) can be found on the UK Financial Investments Ltd website.

## 9. Further Education Colleges

On 13 October 2010, ONS announced the re-classification of Further Education colleges to the public sector. ONS, as part of the Q4 2010 publication, took on employment estimates for Further Education colleges back to 1993 or their inception if later.

## 10. The Census

The Census is a count of the population in the UK. It takes place every 10 years and asks everyone the same questions to give a complete picture of the nation. This information is used to estimate the likely number of people and households in each area for the next 10 years. The Office for National Statistics (ONS) designs, manages and runs the census in England and Wales. The General Register Office Scotland (GROS) and the Northern Ireland Statistics and Research Agency (NISRA) are responsible for the census in Scotland and Northern Ireland. All three agreed to conduct their 2011 censuses on the same day (27 March 2011) in order to produce consistent and coherent information that covers the whole of the UK. The Census generated approximately 40,000 temporary public sector jobs across the UK, covering a range of part-time and full-time roles.

The number of people in public sector employment was 6.054 million at Q2 2011, down 126,000 from Q1 2011. The estimate for Q1 2011 includes 15,000 people employed on a temporary basis in connection with the 2011 Census, but there were only 1,000 people employed in these temporary jobs at Q2 2011. Excluding people employed in temporary Census posts, the fall in public sector employment between Q1 and Q2 2011 was 112,000.

## 11. Non-Departmental Public Bodies

Since the release of the Q2 2011 Public Sector Employment statistical bulletin, ONS has published a table detailing employment in Non-Departmental Public Bodies by their sponsoring government department (Table 10). This table does not detail employment at an individual Non-Departmental Public Body level. ONS are working with Non-Departmental Public Bodies to gain consent to publish their individual returns to the Quarterly Public Sector Employment Survey (QPSES) on the ONS website.

## 12. Publication Policy

The complete run of public sector employment data in the tables of this statistical bulletin is also available to view and download in other electronic formats free of charge using the ONS Time Series Data website service. Users can [download the complete release](#) in a choice of zipped formats, or view and download their own selections of individual series.

ONS launched its new website on 27 August 2011. The website improves the way users can access our statistics but many existing bookmarks and links will no longer work and users will need to update them. More information can be found on our [Web Development page](#).

Details of the policy governing the release of new data are available from the [Media Relations Office](#). A list of those given [pre-publication access \(34.8 Kb Pdf\)](#) to the contents of this release is also available.

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# 1 Public sector employment by sector classification; Headcount <sup>1</sup>

United Kingdom (Thousands), seasonally adjusted

	General government					
	Central government <sup>2,3,4,5</sup>	Local government <sup>2,3,4</sup>	Total general government	Total public corporations <sup>6</sup>	Total public sector <sup>2,5,6,7</sup>	Of which: Civil Service <sup>4,5,8</sup>
	G6NQ	G6NT	G6NW	G7AR	G7AU	G7D6
1999	2,346	2,761	5,107	362	5,469	504
2000	2,385	2,797	5,182	368	5,550	516
2001	2,463	2,798	5,261	381	5,642	522
2002	2,555	2,815	5,370	379	5,749	538
2003	2,665	2,858	5,523	389	5,912	560
2004	2,738	2,912	5,650	380	6,030	570
2005	2,799	2,948	5,747	386	6,133	571
2006	2,774	2,958	5,732	364	6,096	558
2007	2,716	2,964	5,680	359	6,039	539
2008	2,713	2,943	5,656	363	6,019	523
2009	2,815	2,931	5,746	567	6,313	527
2010	2,823	2,925	5,748	544	6,292	522
2011	2,762	2,779	5,541	513	6,054	488
2007 Q4	2,705	2,956	5,661	376	6,037	530
2008 Q1	2,705	2,946	5,651	362	6,013	523
Q2	2,713	2,943	5,656	363	6,019	523
Q3	2,743	2,952	5,695	360	6,055	522
Q4	2,784	2,946	5,730	583	6,313	523
2009 Q1	2,793	2,947	5,740	572	6,312	525
Q2	2,815	2,931	5,746	567	6,313	527
Q3	2,859	2,938	5,797	556	6,353	534
Q4	2,874	2,933	5,807	545	6,352	533
2010 Q1	2,862	2,920	5,782	541	6,323	528
Q2	2,823	2,925	5,748	544	6,292	522
Q3	2,809	2,915	5,724	539	6,263	514
Q4	2,798 <sup>†</sup>	2,887	5,685 <sup>†</sup>	527 <sup>†</sup>	6,212 <sup>†</sup>	506
2011 Q1	2,804	2,851	5,655	525	6,180	513
Q2	2,762	2,779	5,541	513	6,054	488
Q3	2,761	2,716 <sup>†</sup>	5,477	502	5,979	480 <sup>†</sup>
Q4	2,764	2,683	5,447	495	5,942	471
Change on quarter to:						
2010 Q4	-11 <sup>†</sup>	-28	-39 <sup>†</sup>	-12 <sup>†</sup>	-51 <sup>†</sup>	-8
2011 Q1	6	-36	-30	-2	-32	7
Q2	-42	-72	-114	-12	-126	-25
Q3	-1	-63 <sup>†</sup>	-64	-11	-75	-8 <sup>†</sup>
Q4	3	-33	-30	-7	-37	-9
% change on quarter to:						
2010 Q4	-0.4 <sup>†</sup>	-1.0	-0.7 <sup>†</sup>	-2.2 <sup>†</sup>	-0.8	-1.6
2011 Q1	0.2	-1.2	-0.5	-0.4	-0.5	1.4
Q2	-1.5	-2.5	-2.0	-2.3	-2.0	-4.9
Q3	0.0	-2.3 <sup>†</sup>	-1.2	-2.1	-1.2 <sup>†</sup>	-1.6 <sup>†</sup>
Q4	0.1	-1.2	-0.5	-1.4	-0.6	-1.9
Change on year to:						
2010 Q4	-76 <sup>†</sup>	-46	-122 <sup>†</sup>	-18 <sup>†</sup>	-140 <sup>†</sup>	-27
2011 Q1	-58	-69	-127	-16	-143	-15
Q2	-61	-146	-207	-31	-238	-34
Q3	-48	-199 <sup>†</sup>	-247	-37	-284	-34 <sup>†</sup>
Q4	-34	-204	-238	-32	-270	-35
% change on year to:						
2010 Q4	-2.6 <sup>†</sup>	-1.6	-2.1 <sup>†</sup>	-3.3 <sup>†</sup>	-2.2	-5.1
2011 Q1	-2.0	-2.4	-2.2	-3.0	-2.3	-2.8
Q2	-2.2	-5.0	-3.6	-5.7	-3.8	-6.5
Q3	-1.7	-6.8 <sup>†</sup>	-4.3	-6.9	-4.5 <sup>†</sup>	-6.6 <sup>†</sup>
Q4	-1.2	-7.1	-4.2	-6.1	-4.3	-6.9

Source: Office for National Statistics

- 1 Annual figures relate to June quarter (Q2).
- 2 Police (England & Wales) are based on projections.
- 3 National Probation Service (England & Wales) re-classified from Local Government to Central Government from April 2001.
- 4 Magistrates' Courts Service transferred from Local Government to Central Government (and Civil Service) from April 2005.
- 5 Estimates for Q1 2011 include 15,000 temporary staff employed in connection with the 2011 Census.
- 6 Northern Rock classified to public sector from 9 October 2007. Bradford & Bingley classified to public sector from 26 September 2008. Royal Bank of Scotland Group and Lloyds Banking Group classified to public sector from 13 October 2008. See background note 8.
- 7 Further Education colleges classified to public sector from 1993. See background note 9.
- 8 Home Civil Service (excludes Northern Ireland Civil Service which is included in Central Government).

<sup>†</sup> Indicates earliest revision

## 2 Public sector employment by industry; Headcount

United Kingdom (Thousands), seasonally adjusted

	Public administration, defence, compulsory social security					Health and social work		Other public sector <sup>7</sup>
	Construction	HM Forces <sup>1 2</sup>	Police (including civilians) <sup>3</sup>	Public administration <sup>4</sup>	Education <sup>5</sup>	National Health Service <sup>6</sup>	Other health and social work	
	G7ER	G7EU	G7EX	G7F2	G7F5	G7FG	G7FJ	
1999	110	218	230	1,181	1,395	1,212	392	729
2000	108	217	229	1,187	1,450	1,239	388	733
2001	98	214	232	1,193	1,475	1,285	375	768
2002	84	214	241	1,221	1,482	1,348	368	791
2003	79	223	251	1,265	1,538	1,417	347	792
2004	80	218	266	1,278	1,575	1,475	361	776
2005	75	210	274	1,297	1,595	1,528	368	786
2006	69	204	275	1,293	1,622	1,522	361	754
2007	62	197	284	1,280	1,633	1,486	358	742
2008	54	193	287	1,236	1,641	1,506	355	750
2009	53	197	294	1,221	1,662	1,572	357	963
2010	49	197	292	1,213	1,689	1,596	360	907
2011	45	193	277	1,133	1,632	1,565	342	874
2007 Q4	58	195	285	1,269	1,644	1,490	352	744
2008 Q1	55	194	287	1,244	1,638	1,495	356	743
Q2	54	193	287	1,236	1,641	1,506	355	750
Q3	54	194	289	1,217	1,654	1,532	357	754
Q4	54	193	290	1,223	1,654	1,554	358	991
2009 Q1	53	196	293	1,220	1,664	1,554	356	974
Q2	53	197	294	1,221	1,662	1,572	357	963
Q3	50	199	295	1,230	1,664	1,598	362	944
Q4	51	198	295	1,226	1,678	1,614	364	928
2010 Q1	50	199	294	1,225	1,675	1,606	359	916
Q2	49	197	292	1,213	1,689	1,596	360	907
Q3	49	196	289	1,191	1,684	1,591	353	903
Q4	47	195	285	1,187	1,666 †	1,592 †	349 †	892
2011 Q1	46	194	282	1,176	1,652	1,591	349	889
Q2	45	193	277	1,133	1,632	1,565	342	874
Q3	44	191	271 †	1,117	1,603	1,557	330	859 †
Q4	42	189	267	1,102	1,595	1,561	333	852
Change on quarter to:								
2010 Q4	-2	-1	-4	-4	-18 †	1 †	-4 †	-11
2011 Q1	-1	-1	-3	-11	-14	-1	0	-3
Q2	-1	-1	-5	-43	-20	-26	-7	-15
Q3	-1	-2	-6 †	-16	-29	-8	-12	-15 †
Q4	-2	-2	-4	-15	-8	4	3	-7
% change on quarter to:								
2010 Q4	-4.1	-0.5	-1.4	-0.3	-1.1 †	0.1 †	-1.1 †	-1.2
2011 Q1	-2.1	-0.5	-1.1	-0.9	-0.8	-0.1	0.0	-0.3
Q2	-2.2	-0.5	-1.8	-3.7	-1.2	-1.6	-2.0	-1.7
Q3	-2.2	-1.0	-2.2 †	-1.4	-1.8	-0.5	-3.5	-1.7 †
Q4	-4.5	-1.0	-1.5	-1.3	-0.5	0.3	0.9	-0.8
Change on year to:								
2010 Q4	-4	-3	-10	-39	-12 †	-22 †	-15 †	-36
2011 Q1	-4	-5	-12	-49	-23	-15	-10	-27
Q2	-4	-4	-15	-80	-57	-31	-18	-33
Q3	-5	-5	-18 †	-74	-81	-34	-23	-44 †
Q4	-5	-6	-18	-85	-71	-31	-16	-40
% change on year to:								
2010 Q4	-7.8	-1.5	-3.4	-3.2	-0.7 †	-1.4 †	-4.1 †	-3.9
2011 Q1	-8.0	-2.5	-4.1	-4.0	-1.4	-0.9	-2.8	-2.9
Q2	-8.2	-2.0	-5.1	-6.6	-3.4	-1.9	-5.0	-3.6
Q3	-10.2	-2.6	-6.2 †	-6.2	-4.8	-2.1	-6.5	-4.9 †
Q4	-10.6	-3.1	-6.3	-7.2	-4.3	-1.9	-4.6	-4.5

Source: Office for National Statistics

- 1 HM Forces series exclude locally engaged staff. The series also excludes mobilised reservists prior to 1996 as statistics are not available. Prior to Q2 2008 Q1 = 1 March, Q2 = 1 June, Q3 = 1 September, Q4 = 1 December. From Q2 2008 onwards Q1 = 1 April, Q2 = 1 July, Q3 = 1 October, Q4 = 1 January.
- 2 Due to ongoing validation of data from the new HM Forces Personnel Administration System, figures for 2007 Q2 onwards are provisional and subject to review.
- 3 Police (England and Wales) are based on projections and subject to revision.
- 4 Estimates for Q1 2011 include 15,000 temporary staff employed in connection with the 2011 Census.
- 5 Further Education colleges classified to public sector from 1993. See background note 9.
- 6 Data for the NHS are subject to revisions.
- 7 Northern Rock classified to public sector from 9 October 2007. Bradford & Bingley classified to public sector from 26 September 2008. Royal Bank of Scotland Group and Lloyds Banking Group classified to public sector from 13 October 2008. See background note 8.

† Indicates earliest revision



### 3 Public sector employment by sector classification; Full-time equivalent<sup>1</sup>

United Kingdom (Thousands), seasonally adjusted

	General government					
	Central government <sup>2,3,4,5</sup>	Local government <sup>2,3,4</sup>	Total general government	Total public corporations <sup>6</sup>	Total public sector <sup>2,5,6,7</sup>	Of which: Civil Service <sup>4,5,8</sup>
	G7FP	G7FS	G7FV	G7FY	G7G3	G7G6
1999	1,983	2,010	3,993	342	4,335	482
2000	2,015	2,024	4,039	347	4,386	492
2001	2,077	2,019	4,096	359	4,455	497
2002	2,151	2,039	4,190	359	4,549	511
2003	2,239	2,075	4,314	367	4,681	529
2004	2,308	2,118	4,426	358	4,784	538
2005	2,355	2,154	4,509	363	4,872	537
2006	2,338	2,183	4,521	341	4,862	524
2007	2,309	2,193	4,502	334	4,836	505
2008	2,315	2,178	4,493	338	4,831	489
2009	2,407	2,181	4,588	522	5,110	493
2010	2,426	2,184	4,610	502	5,112	487
2011	2,366	2,075	4,441	472	4,913	452
2007 Q4	2,303	2,187	4,490	353	4,843	496
2008 Q1	2,301	2,183	4,484	337	4,821	490
Q2	2,315	2,178	4,493	338	4,831	489
Q3	2,339	2,193	4,532	336	4,868	488
Q4	2,375	2,190	4,565	537	5,102	489
2009 Q1	2,394	2,195	4,589	526	5,115	490
Q2	2,407	2,181	4,588	522	5,110	493
Q3	2,438	2,189	4,627	511	5,138	498
Q4	2,456	2,192	4,648	502	5,150	498
2010 Q1	2,456	2,176	4,632	497	5,129	492
Q2	2,426	2,184	4,610	502	5,112	487
Q3	2,407	2,176	4,583	496	5,079	478
Q4	2,401	2,152 <sup>†</sup>	4,553 <sup>†</sup>	486 <sup>†</sup>	5,039 <sup>†</sup>	470
2011 Q1	2,393	2,128	4,521	488	5,009	471
Q2	2,366	2,075	4,441	472	4,913	452
Q3	2,364 <sup>†</sup>	2,030	4,394	464	4,858	444
Q4	2,364	2,007	4,371	457	4,828	435
Change on quarter to:						
2010 Q4	-6	-24 <sup>†</sup>	-30 <sup>†</sup>	-10 <sup>†</sup>	-40 <sup>†</sup>	-8
2011 Q1	-8	-24	-32	2	-30	1
Q2	-27	-53	-80	-16	-96	-19
Q3	-2 <sup>†</sup>	-45	-47	-8	-55	-8
Q4	0	-23	-23	-7	-30	-9
% change on quarter to:						
2010 Q4	-0.2	-1.1	-0.7	-2.0 <sup>†</sup>	-0.8	-1.7
2011 Q1	-0.3	-1.1	-0.7	0.4	-0.6	0.2
Q2	-1.1	-2.5	-1.8	-3.3	-1.9	-4.0
Q3	-0.1 <sup>†</sup>	-2.2	-1.1 <sup>†</sup>	-1.7	-1.1	-1.8
Q4	0.0	-1.1	-0.5	-1.5	-0.6	-2.0
Change on year to:						
2010 Q4	-55	-40 <sup>†</sup>	-95 <sup>†</sup>	-16 <sup>†</sup>	-111 <sup>†</sup>	-28
2011 Q1	-63	-48	-111	-9	-120	-21
Q2	-60	-109	-169	-30	-199	-35
Q3	-43 <sup>†</sup>	-146	-189	-32	-221	-34
Q4	-37	-145	-182	-29	-211	-35
% change on year to:						
2010 Q4	-2.2	-1.8	-2.0	-3.2 <sup>†</sup>	-2.2	-5.6
2011 Q1	-2.6	-2.2	-2.4	-1.8	-2.3	-4.3
Q2	-2.5	-5.0	-3.7	-6.0	-3.9	-7.2
Q3	-1.8 <sup>†</sup>	-6.7	-4.1 <sup>†</sup>	-6.5	-4.4	-7.1
Q4	-1.5	-6.7	-4.0	-6.0	-4.2	-7.4

Source: Office for National Statistics

1 Annual figures relate to June quarter (Q2).

2 Police (England & Wales) are based on projections.

3 National Probation Service (England & Wales) re-classified from Local Government to Central Government from April 2001.

4 Magistrates' Courts Service transferred from Local Government to Central Government (and Civil Service) from April 2005.

5 Estimates for Q1 2011 include 8,000 FTE temporary staff employed in connection with the 2011 Census.

6 Northern Rock classified to public sector from 9 October 2007. Bradford & Bingley classified to public sector from 26 September 2008. Royal Bank of Scotland Group and Lloyds Banking Group classified to public sector from 13 October 2008. See background note 8.

7 Further Education colleges classified to public sector from 1993. See background note 9.

8 Home Civil Service (excludes Northern Ireland Civil Service which is included in Central Government).

† Indicates earliest revision

## 4 Public sector employment by industry; Full-time equivalent

United Kingdom (Thousands), seasonally adjusted

	Public administration, defence, compulsory social security					Health and social work		Other public sector <sup>8</sup>
	Construction <sup>1</sup>	HM Forces <sup>2,3</sup>	Police (including civilians) <sup>4</sup>	Public administration <sup>5</sup>	Education <sup>6</sup>	National Health Service <sup>7</sup>	Other health and social work	
	G9BC	G7G9	G7GC	G7GF	G7GI	G7GL	G7GR	G7K2
1999	..	218	219	995	953	982	278	609
2000	..	217	218	1,001	986	1,001	274	611
2001	..	214	221	1,005	1,002	1,037	264	639
2002	..	214	229	1,027	1,012	1,088	260	656
2003	..	223	239	1,063	1,053	1,139	247	658
2004	..	218	253	1,076	1,080	1,192	257	648
2005	..	210	260	1,089	1,098	1,236	263	660
2006	..	204	261	1,086	1,129	1,238	263	631
2007	..	197	270	1,071	1,139	1,233	260	621
2008	..	193	273	1,034	1,146	1,259	257	631
2009	..	197	280	1,025	1,167	1,317	262	826
2010	..	197	277	1,021	1,192	1,349	263	780
2011	..	193	263	950	1,155	1,321	251	751
2007 Q4	..	195	271	1,060	1,147	1,240	255	630
2008 Q1	..	194	273	1,042	1,144	1,242	258	627
Q2	..	193	273	1,034	1,146	1,259	257	631
Q3	..	194	274	1,023	1,159	1,277	261	635
Q4	..	193	275	1,026	1,161	1,295	261	851
2009 Q1	..	196	279	1,025	1,169	1,308	261	836
Q2	..	197	280	1,025	1,167	1,317	262	826
Q3	..	199	280	1,038	1,170	1,332	265	808
Q4	..	198	280	1,034	1,186	1,352	266	795
2010 Q1	..	199	279	1,029	1,178	1,356	263	786
Q2	..	197	277	1,021	1,192	1,349	263	780
Q3	..	196	274	1,002	1,188	1,340	259	776
Q4	..	195	271	994	1,176	1,344	255	766
2011 Q1	..	194	267	982	1,168	1,337	256	769
Q2	..	193	263	950	1,155	1,321	251	751
Q3	..	191	258 <sup>†</sup>	938 <sup>†</sup>	1,136 <sup>†</sup>	1,315	242	741 <sup>†</sup>
Q4	..	189	253	922	1,130	1,320	244	735
Change on quarter to:								
2010 Q4		-1	-3	-8	-12	4	-4	-10
2011 Q1		-1	-4	-12	-8	-7	1	3
Q2		-1	-4	-32	-13	-16	-5	-18
Q3		-2	-5 <sup>†</sup>	-12 <sup>†</sup>	-19 <sup>†</sup>	-6	-9	-10 <sup>†</sup>
Q4		-2	-5	-16	-6	5	2	-6
% change on quarter to:								
2010 Q4		-0.5	-1.1	-0.8	-1.0	0.3	-1.5	-1.3
2011 Q1		-0.5	-1.5	-1.2	-0.7	-0.5	0.4	0.4
Q2		-0.5	-1.5	-3.3	-1.1	-1.2	-2.0	-2.3
Q3		-1.0	-1.9 <sup>†</sup>	-1.3 <sup>†</sup>	-1.6 <sup>†</sup>	-0.5	-3.6	-1.3 <sup>†</sup>
Q4		-1.0	-1.9	-1.7	-0.5	0.4	0.8	-0.8
Change on year to:								
2010 Q4		-3	-9	-40	-10	-8	-11	-29
2011 Q1		-5	-12	-47	-10	-19	-7	-17
Q2		-4	-14	-71	-37	-28	-12	-29
Q3		-5	-16 <sup>†</sup>	-64 <sup>†</sup>	-52 <sup>†</sup>	-25	-17	-35 <sup>†</sup>
Q4		-6	-18	-72	-46	-24	-11	-31
% change on year to:								
2010 Q4		-1.5	-3.2	-3.9	-0.8	-0.6	-4.1	-3.6
2011 Q1		-2.5	-4.3	-4.6	-0.8	-1.4	-2.7	-2.2
Q2		-2.0	-5.1	-7.0	-3.1	-2.1	-4.6	-3.7
Q3		-2.6	-5.8 <sup>†</sup>	-6.4 <sup>†</sup>	-4.4 <sup>†</sup>	-1.9	-6.6	-4.5 <sup>†</sup>
Q4		-3.1	-6.6	-7.2	-3.9	-1.8	-4.3	-4.0

Source: Office for National Statistics

- 1 Construction estimates for full-time equivalents have not been published as they are of insufficient quality.
- 2 HM Forces series exclude locally engaged staff. The series also excludes mobilised reservists prior to 1996 as statistics are not available. Prior to Q2 2008 Q1 = 1 March, Q2 = 1 June, Q3 = 1 September, Q4 = 1 December. From Q2 2008 Q1 = 1 April, Q2 = 1 July, Q3 = 1 October, Q4 = 1 January.
- 3 Due to ongoing validation of data from the new HM Forces Personnel Administration System, figures for 2007 Q2 onwards are provisional and subject to review.
- 4 Data for the Police (including civilians) for England and Wales are based on projections and are therefore subject to revision.
- 5 Estimates for Q1 2011 include 8,000 temporary staff employed in connection with the 2011 Census.
- 6 Further Education colleges classified to public sector from 1993. See background note 9.
- 7 Data for the NHS are subject to revisions.
- 8 Northern Rock classified to public sector from 9 October 2007. Bradford & Bingley classified to public sector from 26 September 2008. Royal Bank of Scotland Group and Lloyds Banking Group classified to public sector from 13 October 2008. See background note 8.

† Indicates earliest revision

# 5 Public and private sector employment; Headcount <sup>1</sup>

United Kingdom, seasonally adjusted

	Public Sector		Private Sector		Total employment (thousands) <sup>5</sup>
	Headcount (thousands) <sup>2,3,4,5</sup>	Percentage <sup>6</sup>	Headcount (thousands) <sup>7,8</sup>	Percentage <sup>9</sup>	
	G7AU	G9BZ	G7K5	G9C2	G7GO
1999	5,469	20.2	21,646	79.8	27,115
2000	5,550	20.2	21,978	79.8	27,528
2001	5,642	20.4	22,057	79.6	27,699
2002	5,749	20.6	22,132	79.4	27,881
2003	5,912	21.0	22,282	79.0	28,194
2004	6,030	21.2	22,389	78.8	28,419
2005	6,133	21.3	22,643	78.7	28,776
2006	6,096	21.0	22,934	79.0	29,030
2007	6,039	20.7	23,166	79.3	29,205
2008	6,019	20.4	23,489	79.6	29,508
2009	6,313	21.9	22,518	78.1	28,831
2010	6,292	21.6	22,853	78.4	29,145
2011	6,054	20.8	23,115	79.2	29,169
2007 Q4	6,037	20.5	23,400	79.5	29,437
2008 Q1	6,013	20.4	23,515	79.6	29,528
Q2	6,019	20.4	23,489	79.6	29,508
Q3	6,055	20.6	23,291	79.4	29,346
Q4	6,313	21.5	23,015	78.5	29,328
2009 Q1	6,312	21.7	22,766	78.3	29,078
Q2	6,313	21.9	22,518	78.1	28,831
Q3	6,353	22.0	22,539	78.0	28,892
Q4	6,352	22.0	22,490	78.0	28,842
2010 Q1	6,323	21.9	22,539	78.1	28,862
Q2	6,292	21.6	22,853	78.4	29,145
Q3	6,263	21.5	22,858	78.5	29,121
Q4	6,212 <sup>†</sup>	21.3	22,947 <sup>†</sup>	78.7	29,159
2011 Q1	6,180	21.1	23,059	78.9	29,239
Q2	6,054	20.8	23,115	79.2	29,169
Q3	5,979	20.5 <sup>†</sup>	23,128	79.5 <sup>†</sup>	29,107
Q4	5,942	20.4	23,173	79.6	29,115
Change on quarter to:					
2010 Q4	-51 <sup>†</sup>	-0.2	89 <sup>†</sup>	0.2	38
2011 Q1	-32	-0.2	112	0.2	80
Q2	-126	-0.3	56	0.3	-70
Q3	-75	-0.3 <sup>†</sup>	13	0.3 <sup>†</sup>	-62
Q4	-37	-0.1	45	0.1	8
% change on quarter to:					
2010 Q4	-0.8		0.4		0.1
2011 Q1	-0.5		0.5		0.3
Q2	-2.0		0.2		-0.2
Q3	-1.2 <sup>†</sup>		0.1		-0.2
Q4	-0.6		0.2		0.0
Change on year to:					
2010 Q4	-140 <sup>†</sup>	-0.7	457 <sup>†</sup>	0.7	317
2011 Q1	-143	-0.8	520	0.8	377
Q2	-238	-0.8	262	0.8	24
Q3	-284	-1.0 <sup>†</sup>	270	1.0 <sup>†</sup>	-14
Q4	-270	-0.9	226	0.9	-44
% change on year to:					
2010 Q4	-2.2		2.0		1.1
2011 Q1	-2.3		2.3		1.3
Q2	-3.8		1.1		0.1
Q3	-4.5 <sup>†</sup>		1.2		0.0
Q4	-4.3		1.0		-0.2

Sources: Labour Force Survey and estimates from public sector organisations;  
Office for National Statistics

- 1 Annual figures relate to June quarter (Q2)
- 2 Estimates for Q4 2007 onwards are based partly on projections.
- 3 Northern Rock classified to public sector from 9 October 2007. Bradford & Bingley classified to public sector from 26 September 2008. Royal Bank of Scotland Group and Lloyds Banking Group classified to public sector from 13 October 2008. See background note 8.
- 4 Further Education colleges classified to public sector from 1993. See background note 9.
- 5 Estimates for Q1 2011 include 15,000 temporary staff employed in connection with the 2011 Census.
- 6 Represents G7AU/G7GO\*100
- 7 Estimated as the difference between LFS total employment and the data from public sector organisations.
- 8 Labour Force Survey - All in Employment aged 16 and over. Data refers to May-July for annual data from 1992 - 2004, for Q1 to Feb - Apr, Q2 to May - July, Q3 to Aug - Oct and Q4 to Nov - Jan. Quarterly and annual changes may differ slightly from those published elsewhere due to rounding conventions.
- 9 Represents G7K5/G7GO\*100

<sup>†</sup> Indicates earliest revision

# 6 Regional public sector employment <sup>1 2 3 4 5</sup>

Headcount (thousands), not seasonally adjusted

All employees	Region								
	North West	North East	Yorkshire and The Humber	West Midlands	East Midlands	East of England	London	South East	South West
2008	700	294	526	510	384	458	756	681	515
2009	727	299	562	528	400	476	809	717	544
2010	720	295	560	525	399	476	831	712	543
2011	689	278	544	506	391	458	795	692	511
2008 Q1	698	294	527	510	384	459	757	678	515
2008 Q2	700	294	526	510	384	458	756	681	515
2008 Q3	694	293	533	509	384	455	758	693	515
2008 Q4	731	299	567	530	400	463	807	735	546
2009 Q1	726	297	566	529	400	456	805	732	546
2009 Q2	727	299	562	528	400	476	809	717	544
2009 Q3	726	300	561	529	398	473	817	720	546
2009 Q4	732	297	570	530	399	477	836	722	555
2010 Q1	724	297	562	526	402	475	831	719	549
2010 Q2	720	295	560	525	399	476	831	712	543
2010 Q3	715	289	556	523	398	469	818	708	532
2010 Q4	712	287	547	527	400	475	816	713	531
2011 Q1	707	285	553	520	398	471	807	709	527
2011 Q2	689	278	544	506	391	458	795	692	511
2011 Q3	680	274	533	496	385	443	786	677	497
2011 Q4	679	273	535	499	386	443	785	678	496
Change on quarter to:									
2011 Q4	-1	-1	2	3	1	0	-1	2	-1
% change	-0.1	-0.5	0.4	0.6	0.2	0.0	-0.1	0.2	-0.3
Change on year to:									
2011 Q4	-32	-14	-12	-27	-15	-32	-31	-35	-36
% change	-4.6	-4.9	-2.1	-5.2	-3.7	-6.7	-3.8	-4.9	-6.7
PSE % of total employment									
2010 Q4	22.6	26.1	22.8	22.1	20.1	18.1	19.0	18.0	21.0
2011 Q3	21.5	25.1	22.4	20.7	19.1	17.0	18.4	17.1	19.7
2011 Q4	21.8	24.6	22.4	20.7	19.2	17.0	18.3	17.2	19.8

Headcount (thousands), not seasonally adjusted

All employees	United Kingdom (seasonally adjusted) <sup>9 10</sup>						
	England	Wales	Scotland <sup>6</sup>	Great Britain <sup>7</sup>	Northern Ireland <sup>8</sup>	United Kingdom <sup>9 10</sup>	United Kingdom (seasonally adjusted) <sup>9 10</sup>
2008	4,826	340	595	5,761	223	6,024	6,019
2009	5,061	350	631	6,042	230	6,315	6,313
2010	5,060	346	622	6,029	227	6,298	6,292
2011	4,863	336	597	5,796	223	6,058	6,054
2008 Q1	4,823	340	595	5,758	225	6,022	6,013
2008 Q2	4,826	340	595	5,761	223	6,024	6,019
2008 Q3	4,835	339	595	5,770	219	6,027	6,055
2008 Q4	5,077	352	642	6,071	228	6,334	6,313
2009 Q1	5,057	351	641	6,050	230	6,321	6,312
2009 Q2	5,061	350	631	6,042	230	6,315	6,313
2009 Q3	5,071	350	628	6,048	228	6,322	6,353
2009 Q4	5,118	352	629	6,098	229	6,371	6,352
2010 Q1	5,084	347	625	6,057	229	6,333	6,323
2010 Q2	5,060	346	622	6,029	227	6,298	6,292
2010 Q3	5,008	342	612	5,963	222	6,232	6,263
2010 Q4	5,008	343	610	5,962	225	6,229	6,212
2011 Q1	4,978	341	612	5,930	224	6,187	6,180
2011 Q2	4,863	336	597	5,796	223	6,058	6,054
2011 Q3	4,771	333	588	5,692	218	5,952	5,979
2011 Q4	4,774	335	587	5,696	219	5,957	5,942
Change on quarter to:							
2011 Q4	3	2	-2	4	1	5	-37
% change	0.1	0.7	-0.3	0.1	0.5	0.1	-0.6
Change on year to:							
2011 Q4	-234	-8	-24	-265	-5	-272	-270
% change	-4.7	-2.2	-3.9	-4.5	-2.3	-4.4	-4.3
PSE % of total employment							
2010 Q4	20.5	26.5	24.6	21.1	29.9	21.5	21.3
2011 Q3	19.6	25.6	23.7	20.2	27.8	20.5	20.5
2011 Q4	19.6	25.8	23.8	20.2	27.9	20.6	20.4

Source: Office for National Statistics

- Annual figures relate to June quarter (Q2).
- Estimates are based on where people are employed.
- Northern Rock classified to the public sector from 9 October 2007. Bradford and Bingley classified to public sector from 26 September 2008. Royal Bank of Scotland Group and Lloyds Banking Group classified to public sector from 13 October 2008.
- UK rates based on total employment that includes overseas employees, those who did not state their region of workplace when surveyed as part of the Labour Force Survey and approximately 40,000 public sector employees that could not be assigned to a region.
- Quarterly changes in employment may be due to seasonal effects.
- Public sector employment estimates for Scotland have been revised in-line with the Q4 2011 Public Sector in Scotland publication. Further details can be found at <http://www.scotland.gov.uk/Topics/Statistics/Browse/Labour-Market/PublicSectorEmployment>.
- The estimate for Great Britain is the sum total of England, Wales and Scotland.
- Estimates of PSE for Northern Ireland will differ to those published by DETINI. The ONS figures include HM Forces personnel.
- Includes approximately 40,000 public sector employees that could not be assigned to a region.
- Estimates of employment for Q1 2011 include 15,000 temporary staff employed to undertake the 2011 Census.

## 7 Public sector employment including and excluding financial corporations <sup>1</sup>

United Kingdom (Thousands), seasonally adjusted

	Headcount			Full-time equivalent		
	Public sector excluding financial corporations	Publicly owned financial corporations <sup>2 3</sup>	Total public sector employment	Public sector excluding financial corporations	Publicly owned financial corporations <sup>4</sup>	Total public sector employment
	K8PE	K8PD	G7AU	K8PJ	K8PI	G7G3
2009	6,075	238	6,313	4,891	219	5,110
2010	6,071	221	6,292	4,905	207	5,112
2011	5,840	214	6,054	4,714	199	4,913
2009 Q4	6,134	218	6,352	4,953	197	5,150
2010 Q1	6,105	218	6,323	4,930	199	5,129
Q2	6,071	221	6,292	4,905	207	5,112
Q3	6,047	216	6,263	4,880	199	5,079
Q4	5,994	218	6,212	4,838	201	5,039
2011 Q1 <sup>5</sup>	5,965	215	6,180	4,813	196	5,009
Q2	5,840	214	6,054	4,714	199	4,913
Q3	5,772	207	5,979	4,669	189	4,858
Q4	5,731	211	5,942	4,634	194	4,828
Change on quarter to:						
2010 Q4	-53	2	-51	-42	2	-40
2011 Q1 <sup>5</sup>	-29	-3	-32	-25	-5	-30
Q2	-125	-1	-126	-99	3	-96
Q3	-68	-7	-75	-45	-10	-55
Q4	-41	4	-37	-35	5	-30
% change on quarter to:						
2010 Q4	-0.9	0.9	-0.8	-0.9	1.0	-0.8
2011 Q1 <sup>5</sup>	-0.5	-1.4	-0.5	-0.5	-2.5	-0.6
Q2	-2.1	-0.5	-2.0	-2.1	1.5	-1.9
Q3	-1.2	-3.3	-1.2	-1.0	-5.0	-1.1
Q4	-0.7	1.9	-0.6	-0.7	2.6	-0.6
Change on year to:						
2010 Q4	-140	0	-140	-115	4	-111
2011 Q1 <sup>5</sup>	-140	-3	-143	-117	-3	-120
Q2	-231	-7	-238	-191	-8	-199
Q3	-275	-9	-284	-211	-10	-221
Q4	-263	-7	-270	-204	-7	-211
% change on year to:						
2010 Q4	-2.3	0.0	-2.2	-2.3	2.0	-2.2
2011 Q1 <sup>5</sup>	-2.3	-1.4	-2.3	-2.4	-1.5	-2.3
Q2	-3.8	-3.2	-3.8	-3.9	-3.9	-3.9
Q3	-4.5	-4.2	-4.5	-4.3	-5.0	-4.4
Q4	-4.4	-3.2	-4.3	-4.2	-3.5	-4.2

Source: Office for National Statistics

1 Publicly owned financial corporations, excluding insurance and pension funding, as defined by Section 64 of Standard Industrial Classification 2007. Royal Bank of Scotland Group plc and Lloyds Banking Group plc are classified to the public sector from 13 October 2008. They are therefore included in the public sector estimates from 2008 Q4 onwards but not earlier periods.

2 Based on data collected for England, Wales and Scotland via the Quarterly Public Sector Employment Survey (QPSES).

3 Derived from two seasonally adjusted series: G7AU-K8PE

4 Derived from two seasonally adjusted series: G7G3-K8PJ

5 Estimates of employment for Q1 2011 include 15,000 (8,000 FTE) temporary staff employed to undertake the 2011 Census.

Further information, including NSA data, available in background note 8 of the Q4 2011 PSE Statistical Bulletin

## 8 Civil Service employment by department <sup>1 2</sup>

Headcount, Great Britain, not seasonally adjusted

	Q4 2011						Q3 2011		Change on
	Male			Female			Total	Total	Total
	Full-time	Part-time	Total	Full-time	Part-time	Total			
<b>Permanent employees</b>									
Attorney General's departments	2,940	190	3,130	3,910	1,920	5,830	8,960	9,130	-170
Business, Innovation and Skills	8,380	590	8,960	6,140	3,010	9,160	18,120	18,420	-300
Cabinet Office	750	20	770	740	140	880	1,640	1,650	-10
Other Cabinet Office agencies	400	10	400	370	80	450	850	870	-20
Charity Commission	160	10	170	140	60	200	370	380	-20
Department for Education	1,070	40	1,110	1,300	370	1,670	2,780	2,600	180
Communities and Local Government	1,350	130	1,490	1,020	330	1,350	2,830	3,070	-230
Culture, Media and Sport	330	10	340	220	40	260	590	580	20
Defence	41,710	1,370	43,080	18,210	4,990	23,200	66,270	70,020	-3,750
Energy and Climate Change	670	10	680	480	60	540	1,220	1,190	40
Environment, Food and Rural Affairs	3,950	260	4,210	3,360	1,420	4,780	8,990	9,150	-170
ESTYN	40	..	40	50	10	60	100	90	..
Export Credits Guarantee Department	120	..	120	60	20	70	190	200	..
Foreign and Commonwealth Office	3,460	20	3,470	2,270	160	2,420	5,900	5,940	-40
Health	1,360	60	1,430	1,530	290	1,820	3,250	3,350	-110
Food Standards Agency	920	30	940	350	70	430	1,370	1,370	..
HM Revenue and Customs	27,180	4,060	31,240	23,770	20,160	43,930	75,170	75,820	-650
HM Treasury	600	20	620	460	80	540	1,160	1,170	-20
Chancellor's other departments	220	10	220	130	30	160	380	380	0
Home Office	11,750	800	12,540	9,550	4,210	13,760	26,310	27,120	-810
International Development	780	20	790	740	120	850	1,640	1,600	50
Justice	35,400	2,830	38,230	25,560	8,680	34,240	72,470	74,700	-2,230
Northern Ireland Office	20	0	20	20	10	20	50	50	..
Ofsted	540	30	570	730	130	870	1,440	1,440	-10
Office of Qualifications and Examinations Regulation	60	0	60	100	10	100	170	170	..
Scotland Office	50	..	50	40	10	50	100	90	10
Security and Intelligence Services	3,420	130	3,550	1,260	640	1,900	5,450	5,470	-20
Transport	9,720	640	10,360	5,180	2,260	7,450	17,810	17,960	-160
United Kingdom Statistics Authority	1,030	600	1,640	1,010	1,030	2,040	3,680	3,720	-40
Wales Office	20	..	20	30	..	30	50	50	..
Work and Pensions	31,720	4,840	36,560	38,310	38,230	76,530	113,100	114,600	-1,500
<b>Central Government Departments Total</b>	<b>190,110</b>	<b>16,710</b>	<b>206,820</b>	<b>147,010</b>	<b>88,560</b>	<b>235,570</b>	<b>442,390</b>	<b>452,340</b>	<b>-9,950</b>
Scottish Government	8,270	440	8,710	5,610	1,940	7,550	16,260	16,480	-220
Welsh Government	2,050	100	2,150	2,230	710	2,950	5,100	5,100	10
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>200,420</b>	<b>17,260</b>	<b>217,680</b>	<b>154,850</b>	<b>91,220</b>	<b>246,070</b>	<b>463,750</b>	<b>473,910</b>	<b>-10,160</b>

	Q4 2011						Q3 2011		Change on
	Male			Female			Total	Total	Total
	Full-time	Part-time	Total	Full-time	Part-time	Total			
<b>Temporary/Casual Employees</b>									
Attorney General's departments	50	..	50	30	..	30	80	40	40
Business, Innovation and Skills	80	10	90	100	10	110	200	220	-20
Cabinet Office	20	0	20	30	..	30	50	30	20
Other Cabinet Office agencies	10	0	10	10	0	10	20	20	..
Charity Commission	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Department for Education	..	0	..	..	0	..	..	10	..
Communities and Local Government	10	0	10	10	..	10	20	30	-20
Culture, Media and Sport	..	0	..	..	..	10	10	10	-10
Defence	90	0	90	60	0	60	150	140	10
Energy and Climate Change	10	..	20	10	0	10	30	30	..
Environment, Food and Rural Affairs	20	0	20	30	..	30	50	50	..
ESTYN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	..	..
Export Credits Guarantee Department	..	0	..	0	0	0	..	..	0
Foreign and Commonwealth Office	..	0	..	..	0	..	10	10	..
Health	20	0	20	30	..	30	60	50	10
Food Standards Agency	..	0	..	10	0	10	10	..	10
HM Revenue and Customs	780	1,150	1,940	750	1,260	2,010	3,950	3,200	740
HM Treasury	30	..	30	20	0	20	50	40	..
Chancellor's other departments	10	0	10	10	0	10	20	..	10
Home Office	50	10	60	50	20	70	130	140	-10
International Development	..	..	10	10	0	10	10	..	10
Justice	190	30	220	230	50	280	500	530	-30
Northern Ireland Office	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ofsted	10	..	10	10	0	10	20	30	-10
Office of Qualifications and Examinations Regulation	10	0	10	10	0	10	10	10	10
Scotland Office	..	0	..	0	0	0	..	..	..
Security and Intelligence Services	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Transport	100	30	130	90	30	120	250	220	30
United Kingdom Statistics Authority	10	0	10	20	..	20	30	50	-20
Wales Office	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Work and Pensions	310	10	320	330	40	370	690	380	310
<b>Central Government Departments Total</b>	<b>1,830</b>	<b>1,250</b>	<b>3,080</b>	<b>1,830</b>	<b>1,420</b>	<b>3,250</b>	<b>6,330</b>	<b>5,240</b>	<b>1,090</b>
Scottish Government	150	30	180	150	40	180	360	440	-80
Welsh Government	60	10	70	90	20	110	170	180	-10
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>2,040</b>	<b>1,290</b>	<b>3,320</b>	<b>2,060</b>	<b>1,480</b>	<b>3,540</b>	<b>6,860</b>	<b>5,870</b>	<b>990</b>

	Q4 2011						Q3 2011		Change on
	Male			Female			Total	Total	Total
	Full-time	Part-time	Total	Full-time	Part-time	Total			
<b>All employees</b>	<b>202,460</b>	<b>18,540</b>	<b>221,000</b>	<b>156,910</b>	<b>92,690</b>	<b>249,600</b>	<b>470,610</b>	<b>479,770</b>	<b>-9,170</b>

Source: Office for National Statistics

1 Numbers are rounded to the nearest ten, and numbers less than five are represented by "...". Data not available are represented by "-".  
 2 Department totals include Executive Agencies, Ministerial and Non-Ministerial Departments.

## 8 ..continued Civil Service employment by department <sup>1 2</sup>

Full-time equivalents, Great Britain, not seasonally adjusted

	Q4 2011			Q3 2011	Change on Quarter
	Male	Female	Total	Total	Total
<b>Permanent employees</b>					
Attorney General's departments	3,080	5,220	8,300	8,470	-160
Business, Innovation and Skills	8,790	8,260	17,050	17,330	-280
Cabinet Office	760	830	1,590	1,600	-10
Other Cabinet Office agencies	400	430	830	840	-10
Charity Commission	170	180	340	360	-20
Department for Education	1,100	1,560	2,660	2,480	180
Communities and Local Government	1,440	1,250	2,690	2,920	-230
Culture, Media and Sport	330	240	560	560	..
Defence	42,760	21,690	64,440	67,860	-3,420
Energy and Climate Change	680	520	1,200	1,170	40
Environment, Food and Rural Affairs	4,130	4,330	8,450	8,600	-150
ESTYN	40	50	90	90	..
Export Credits Guarantee Department	120	70	190	190	..
Foreign and Commonwealth Office	3,470	2,370	5,830	5,880	-40
Health	1,400	1,730	3,130	3,230	-100
Food Standards Agency	940	410	1,340	1,340	..
HM Revenue and Customs	29,890	37,460	67,350	68,010	-660
HM Treasury	610	510	1,120	1,140	-20
Chancellor's other departments	220	150	370	370	0
Home Office	12,300	12,430	24,730	25,450	-730
International Development	790	820	1,610	1,560	50
Justice	37,000	30,990	67,990	70,080	-2,090
Northern Ireland Office	20	20	50	50	..
Ofsted	560	820	1,380	1,390	-10
Office of Qualifications and Examinations Regulation	60	100	170	170	..
Scotland Office	50	50	100	90	10
Security and Intelligence Services	3,510	1,710	5,220	5,240	-20
Transport	10,130	6,680	16,820	16,980	-170
United Kingdom Statistics Authority	1,360	1,640	3,000	3,040	-40
Wales Office	20	30	50	50	..
Work and Pensions	35,260	65,170	100,430	101,990	-1,560
<b>Central Government Departments Total</b>	<b>201,370</b>	<b>207,690</b>	<b>409,070</b>	<b>418,510</b>	<b>-9,440</b>
Scottish Government	8,540	6,910	15,460	15,670	-210
Welsh Government	2,120	2,740	4,850	4,850	0
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>212,030</b>	<b>217,340</b>	<b>429,380</b>	<b>439,030</b>	<b>-9,660</b>

	Q4 2011			Q3 2011	Change on Quarter
	Male	Female	Total	Total	Total
<b>Temporary/Casual employees</b>					
Attorney General's departments	50	30	80	40	40
Business, Innovation and Skills	90	110	200	210	-10
Cabinet Office	20	30	50	30	20
Other Cabinet Office agencies	10	10	20	20	..
Charity Commission	0	0	0	0	0
Department for Education	..	..	..	10	..
Communities and Local Government	10	10	20	30	-20
Culture, Media and Sport	..	10	10	10	-10
Defence	90	60	150	140	10
Energy and Climate Change	20	10	30	30	..
Environment, Food and Rural Affairs	20	30	50	50	..
ESTYN	0	0	0	..	..
Export Credits Guarantee Department	..	0	..	..	0
Foreign and Commonwealth Office	..	..	10	10	..
Health	20	30	50	50	10
Food Standards Agency	..	10	10	..	10
HM Revenue and Customs	1,530	1,560	3,090	2,560	540
HM Treasury	30	20	50	40	..
Chancellor's other departments	10	10	20	..	10
Home Office	60	60	120	120	-10
International Development	..	10	10	..	10
Justice	210	260	470	500	-30
Northern Ireland Office	0	0	0	0	0
Ofsted	10	10	20	30	-10
Office of Qualifications and Examinations Regulation	10	10	10	10	10
Scotland Office	..	0	..	..	..
Security and Intelligence Services	0	0	0	0	0
Transport	120	100	220	190	30
United Kingdom Statistics Authority	10	20	30	50	-20
Wales Office	0	0	0	0	0
Work and Pensions	320	360	680	370	310
<b>Central Government Departments Total</b>	<b>2,630</b>	<b>2,740</b>	<b>5,380</b>	<b>4,490</b>	<b>890</b>
Scottish Government	160	170	330	400	-70
Welsh Government	60	90	160	170	-10
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>2,860</b>	<b>3,010</b>	<b>5,860</b>	<b>5,060</b>	<b>800</b>

	Q4 2011			Q3 2011	Change on Quarter
	Male	Female	Total	Total	Total
<b>All employees</b>	<b>214,890</b>	<b>220,350</b>	<b>435,240</b>	<b>444,090</b>	<b>-8,850</b>

Source: Office for National Statistics

1 Numbers are rounded to the nearest ten, and numbers less than five are represented by "..". Data not available are represented by "-".

2 Department totals include Executive Agencies, Ministerial and Non-Ministerial Departments.

## 9 Civil Service employment by department <sup>1</sup>

	Q4 2011		Q3 2011		Change on Quarter	
	Headcount	Full Time Equivalent	Headcount	Full Time Equivalent	Headcount	Full Time Equivalent
<b>Attorney General's departments</b>						
Crown Prosecution Service	7,670	7,080	7,770	7,170	-100	-90
Crown Prosecution Service Inspectorate	40	40	40	40	..	..
Attorney General's Office	40	40	40	40	..	..
Serious Fraud Office	310	300	310	300	0	..
Treasury Solicitor	980	920	1,010	950	-30	-30
<b>Business, Innovation and Skills</b>						
Business, Innovation and Skills <sup>2</sup>	3,000	2,910	2,960	2,880	40	30
Advisory Conciliation and Arbitration Service	880	820	890	830	-10	-10
Companies House	1,000	920	1,070	970	-60	-60
Insolvency Service	2,110	2,000	2,120	2,020	-10	-10
Office of Fair Trading	570	550	570	550	0	..
Office of Gas and Electricity Market	540	530	530	520	10	10
Postal Services Commission <sup>3</sup>	0	0	50	50	-50	-50
National Measurement Office	70	70	70	70	..	0
UK Intellectual Property Office	910	850	900	840	10	10
Skills Funding Agency	1,540	1,500	1,550	1,500	-10	-10
UK Space Agency	40	40	30	30	..	..
HM Land Registry	4,720	4,240	4,990	4,470	-260	-230
Met Office	1,870	1,800	1,820	1,760	40	40
Ordnance Survey	1,090	1,060	1,100	1,060	-10	-10
<b>Cabinet Office</b>						
Cabinet Office excl agencies	1,690	1,640	1,680	1,630	10	10
<b>Other Cabinet Office agencies</b>						
Central Office of Information	470	450	490	470	-20	-20
Office of the Parliamentary Counsel	110	110	110	110	0	0
Government Procurement Service	300	300	290	290	10	10
<b>Charity Commission</b>						
Charity Commission	370	340	380	360	-20	-20
<b>Department for Education</b>						
Department for Education <sup>2</sup>	2,690	2,580	2,600	2,490	90	90
Standards and Testing Agency <sup>4</sup>	90	90	0	0	90	90
<b>Communities and Local Government</b>						
Department for Communities and Local Government <sup>2</sup>	1,920	1,860	2,180	2,110	-260	-250
Fire Service College	200	190	190	190	10	..
Planning Inspectorate	690	610	690	610	10	..
Queen Elizabeth II Conference Centre	40	40	40	40	0	0
<b>Culture, Media and Sport</b>						
Department for Culture Media and Sport	490	460	480	460	10	..
Royal Parks	110	110	110	110	0	..
<b>Defence</b>						
Ministry of Defence	58,830	57,210	62,380	60,430	-3,550	-3,220
Defence Support Group	2,780	2,740	2,980	2,940	-200	-200
Defence Science and Technology Laboratory	3,790	3,670	3,780	3,660	10	10
UK Hydrographic Office	1,020	970	1,020	970	0	0
<b>Energy and Climate Change</b>						
Department for Energy and Climate Change	1,250	1,230	1,210	1,190	30	30
<b>Environment, Food and Rural Affairs</b>						
Department for Environment Food and Rural Affairs <sup>2</sup>	2,160	2,080	2,170	2,100	-20	-20
Centre for Environment Fisheries and Aquaculture Science	560	530	530	510	30	20
Food & Environment Research Agency	870	820	900	840	-30	-20
OFWAT	200	190	220	210	-30	-30
Rural Payments Agency	2,560	2,370	2,580	2,390	-20	-20
Animal Health and Veterinary Laboratories Agency	2,550	2,380	2,640	2,460	-100	-90
Veterinary Medicines Directorate	150	150	150	150	..	..
<b>ESTYN</b>						
ESTYN	100	90	100	90	..	..
<b>Export Credits Guarantee Department</b>						
Export Credit Guarantee Department	190	190	200	190	..	..
<b>Food Standards Agency</b>						
Food Standards Agency	1,380	1,350	1,370	1,340	10	10
<b>Foreign and Commonwealth Office</b>						
Foreign and Commonwealth Office (excl agencies)	5,830	5,770	5,870	5,810	-40	-40
Wilton Park Executive Agency	70	70	80	70	..	..
<b>Health</b>						
Department of Health (excl agencies)	2,410	2,330	2,450	2,370	-50	-40
Medicines and Healthcare Products Regulatory Agency	900	860	950	900	-50	-50
<b>HM Revenue and Customs</b>						
HM Revenue and Customs	75,340	66,950	75,230	67,080	100	-130
Valuation Office	3,780	3,490	3,790	3,490	-10	..
<b>HM Treasury</b>						
HM Treasury	1,150	1,110	1,160	1,130	-10	-10
Office for Budget Responsibility	20	20	20	20	..	..
Asset Protection Agency	30	30	40	40	-10	-10
<b>Chancellor's other departments</b>						



Debt Management Office	110	100	100	100	..	..
Government Actuary's Department	140	130	140	130	..	..
National Savings and Investments	160	150	150	140	10	10
<b>Home Office</b>						
Home Office (excl agencies) <sup>2</sup>	2,840	2,760	2,810	2,730	30	30
Criminal Records Bureau	530	490	580	540	-50	-50
Identity and Passport Service	3,470	3,130	3,620	3,220	-150	-90
UK Border Agency	19,560	18,430	20,210	19,050	-650	-630
National Fraud Authority <sup>5</sup>	40	40	40	40	0	..
<b>International Development</b>						
Department for International Development	1,660	1,620	1,600	1,560	50	50
<b>Justice</b>						
Ministry of Justice (excl agencies)	4,350	4,160	4,430	4,250	-80	-90
Her Majesty's Courts and Tribunals Service	21,200	18,980	22,010	19,680	-810	-700
National Archives	620	590	620	590	..	..
The Office of the Public Guardian	510	490	470	440	40	40
National Offender Management Service	46,250	44,190	47,650	45,570	-1,410	-1,380
UK Supreme Court	50	50	50	50	..	..
<b>Northern Ireland Office</b>						
Northern Ireland Office	50	50	50	50	..	..
<b>Ofsted</b>						
Ofsted	1,460	1,400	1,480	1,420	-20	-20
<b>Office of Qualifications and Examinations Regulation</b>						
Office of Qualifications and Examinations Regulation	180	180	180	170	10	10
<b>Scotland Office</b>						
Scotland Office	100	100	100	90	10	10
<b>Security and Intelligence Services</b>						
Security and Intelligence Services	5,450	5,220	5,470	5,240	-20	-20
<b>Transport</b>						
Department for Transport <sup>2</sup>	1,700	1,660	1,750	1,710	-50	-50
Driver and Vehicle Licensing Agency	6,310	5,760	6,310	5,760	..	..
Driving Standards Agency	2,570	2,390	2,570	2,390	..	10
Government Car and Despatch Agency	180	170	200	190	-20	-20
Highways Agency	3,520	3,420	3,560	3,460	-40	-40
Maritime and Coastguard Agency	1,120	1,070	1,130	1,080	-10	-10
Office of Rail Regulation	280	270	280	270	..	..
Vehicle Certification Agency	150	140	150	150	..	..
Vehicle and Operator Services Agency	2,230	2,150	2,240	2,160	-20	-20
<b>UK Statistics Authority</b>						
UK Statistics Authority	3,710	3,020	3,770	3,080	-60	-60
<b>Wales Office</b>						
Wales Office	50	50	50	50	..	..
<b>Work and Pensions</b>						
Department for Work and Pensions <sup>6</sup>	101,330	90,010	0	0	101,330	90,010
DWP Corporate and Shared Services <sup>2,6</sup>	0	0	12,010	11,070	-12,010	-11,070
Jobcentre Plus <sup>6</sup>	0	0	76,320	67,540	-76,320	-67,540
Pensions & Disability Carers Service <sup>6</sup>	0	0	14,080	12,540	-14,080	-12,540
Child Maintenance Enforcement Commission	8,910	7,780	9,010	7,910	-100	-120
The Health and Safety Executive	3,540	3,310	3,550	3,320	..	-10
<b>Scottish Government</b>						
Scottish Government (excl agencies)	5,260	5,020	5,230	4,990	30	20
Scottish Housing Regulator	50	50	50	50	..	0
Crown Office and Procurator Fiscal Service	1,700	1,580	1,720	1,610	-20	-20
Historic Scotland	970	920	1,130	1,050	-150	-130
National Records of Scotland	400	370	400	370	..	..
Office of Accountant in Bankruptcy	160	150	150	150	..	..
Registers of Scotland	1,200	1,120	1,210	1,130	-10	-10
Scottish Court Service	1,480	1,350	1,460	1,350	10	10
Scottish Prison Service Headquarters	4,050	3,940	4,220	4,100	-170	-160
Scottish Public Pensions Agency	260	240	250	230	10	10
Student Awards Agency	170	160	170	160	..	..
Transport Scotland	390	380	390	380	..	0
Office for the Scottish Charity Regulator	50	50	50	50	0	0
Disclosure Scotland	180	170	180	170	..	..
Education Scotland	310	300	310	290	10	..
<b>Welsh Government</b>						
Welsh Government	5,270	5,010	5,280	5,020	-10	-10
<b>Total employment</b>	<b>470,610</b>	<b>435,240</b>	<b>479,770</b>	<b>444,090</b>	<b>-9,170</b>	<b>-8,850</b>

Source: Office for National Statistics

- 1 Numbers are rounded to the nearest ten, and numbers less than five are represented by "..".
- 2 Includes Government Office for the Regions employees for Q3 2011 only.
- 3 The Postal Services Commission was abolished on 1 October 2011.
- 4 The Standards and Testing Agency is a new executive agency of the Department for Education and commenced operating on 3 October 2011.
- 5 National Fraud Authority are reported as an agency of Home Office from Q2 2011. The return is a manual one as the data will have not migrated full until the end of March 2012.
- 6 Jobcentre Plus and Disability and Carers Service ceased to have legal status from 2 October 2011. This information has been aggregated with that of DWP Corporate and Shared Services to produce one figure for the Department for Work and Pensions. The Child Maintenance Enforcement Commission and the Health and Safety Executive are unaffected by this change and remain Crown Non Departmental Public Bodies.

# 10 Employment in Executive NDPBs <sup>1 2 3</sup>

	Q4 2011		Q3 2011		Change on Quarter	
	Headcount	Full Time Equivalent	Headcount	Full Time Equivalent	Headcount	Full Time Equivalent
<b>Permanent Employees</b>						
Business, Innovation and Skills	12,830	12,220	13,130	12,540	-300	-330
Communities and Local Government	1,250	1,200	1,270	1,220	-20	-20
Culture, Media and Sport	13,020	11,690	13,150	11,810	-120	-120
Defence	290	270	290	280	0	0
Education	3,340	3,100	3,650	3,380	-310	-280
Energy and Climate Change	1,630	1,580	1,600	1,580	30	0
Environment, Food and Rural Affairs <sup>4</sup>	14,900	14,220	14,870	14,160	30	60
Foreign and Commonwealth Office <sup>5</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	-
Health <sup>6</sup>	2,330	2,190	2,300	2,200	40	-10
Home Office	6,240	6,080	6,250	6,110	-10	-30
Justice <sup>7</sup>	2,050	1,940	2,080	1,970	-30	-30
Transport	590	560	600	560	-10	-10
Work and Pensions	4,430	4,310	4,580	4,450	-150	-150
<b>Central Government Departments Total <sup>5</sup></b>	<b>62,890</b>	<b>59,350</b>	<b>63,760</b>	<b>60,260</b>	<b>-870</b>	<b>-910</b>
Scottish Government	10,780	9,950	10,750	9,950	30	0
Welsh Assembly	1,810	1,660	1,820	1,670	-10	-10
<b>TOTAL <sup>5</sup></b>	<b>75,480</b>	<b>70,960</b>	<b>76,330</b>	<b>71,880</b>	<b>-850</b>	<b>-910</b>
<b>Temporary Employees</b>						
Business, Innovation and Skills	460	430	560	520	-90	-90
Communities and Local Government	20	20	30	30	-10	-10
Culture, Media and Sport	1,280	690	1,500	820	-220	-130
Defence	20	10	20	10	0	0
Education	200	110	230	140	-30	-30
Energy and Climate Change	50	50	10	10	40	40
Environment, Food and Rural Affairs <sup>4</sup>	950	920	760	730	190	190
Foreign and Commonwealth Office <sup>5</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	-
Health <sup>6</sup>	70	60	70	60	0	0
Home Office	50	50	100	100	-50	-50
Justice <sup>7</sup>	320	310	260	260	60	60
Transport	40	40	40	40	0	0
Work and Pensions	150	130	280	270	-130	-150
<b>Central Government Departments Total <sup>5</sup></b>	<b>3,620</b>	<b>2,830</b>	<b>3,860</b>	<b>2,990</b>	<b>-240</b>	<b>-170</b>
Scottish Government	690	590	800	640	-110	-40
Welsh Assembly	60	50	60	50	0	0
<b>TOTAL <sup>5</sup></b>	<b>4,370</b>	<b>3,470</b>	<b>4,730</b>	<b>3,680</b>	<b>-360</b>	<b>-210</b>
<b>All NDPB Employees <sup>5</sup></b>	<b>79,860</b>	<b>74,430</b>	<b>81,060</b>	<b>75,560</b>	<b>-1,200</b>	<b>-1,120</b>

Source: Office for National Statistics

1 Includes Executive NDPB's with an employment of greater than 20.

2 Numbers are rounded to the nearest ten.

3 These figures do not include employees of ACAS, Health and Safety Executive, Criminal Injuries Compensation Authority, Child Maintenance Enforcement Commission, Office for Budget Responsibility and Civil Service Commission. These are Crown NDPB's the employees of which are included as part of Civil Service headcounts.

4 Environment Agency includes all regional divisions.

5 Figures have been suppressed as the proposed estimate is potentially disclosive. The Central Governments Department total has been amended accordingly.

6 These figures do not include employees of the Health Protection Agency. These are included within the NHS figures.

7 Figures for Justice exclude individuals employed by Probation Trusts.

# 1R Public sector employment by sector classification; Headcount - Revisions <sup>1</sup>

United Kingdom (Thousands), seasonally adjusted

	General government			Total public corporations <sup>6</sup>	Total public sector <sup>2 5 6 7</sup>	Of which: Civil Service <sup>4 5 8</sup>
	Central government <sup>2 3 4 5</sup>	Local government <sup>2 3 4</sup>	Total general government			
	G6NQ	G6NT	G6NW	G7AR	G7AU	G7D6
1999	-	-	-	-	-	-
2000	-	-	-	-	-	-
2001	-	-	-	-	-	-
2002	-	-	-	-	-	-
2003	-	-	-	-	-	-
2004	-	-	-	-	-	-
2005	-	-	-	-	-	-
2006	-	-	-	-	-	-
2007	-	-	-	-	-	-
2008	-	-	-	-	-	-
2009	-	-	-	-	-	-
2010	-	-	-	-	-	-
2011	-	-	-	-	-	-
2007 Q4	-	-	-	-	-	-
2008 Q1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q4	-	-	-	-	-	-
2009 Q1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q4	-	-	-	-	-	-
2010 Q1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q4	-3	-	-3	1	-2	-
2011 Q1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q3	1	-4	-3	-5	-8	1
Q4	..	..	..	..	..	..
Change on quarter to:						
2010 Q4	-3	-	-3	1	-2	-
2011 Q1	3	-	3	-1	2	-
Q2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q3	1	-4	-3	-5	-8	1
Q4	..	..	..	..	..	..
% change on quarter to:						
2010 Q4	-0.1	0.0	-0.1	0.2	0.0	0.0
2011 Q1	0.1	0.0	0.1	-0.2	0.0	0.0
Q2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Q3	0.0	-0.1	-0.1	-1.0	-0.1	0.2
Q4	..	..	..	..	..	..
Change on year to:						
2010 Q4	-3	-	-3	1	-2	-
2011 Q1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q3	1	-4	-3	-5	-8	1
Q4	..	..	..	..	..	..
% change on year to:						
2010 Q4	-0.1	0.0	-0.1	0.2	0.0	0.0
2011 Q1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Q2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Q3	0.0	-0.1	-0.1	-0.9	-0.1	0.2
Q4	..	..	..	..	..	..

Source: Office for National Statistics

1 Annual figures relate to June quarter (Q2).

2 Police (England & Wales) are based on projections.

3 National Probation Service (England & Wales) re-classified from Local Government to Central Government from April 2001.

4 Magistrates' Courts Service transferred from Local Government to Central Government (and Civil Service) from April 2005.

5 Estimates for Q1 2011 include 15,000 temporary staff employed in connection with the 2011 Census.

6 Northern Rock classified to public sector from 9 October 2007. Bradford & Bingley classified to public sector from 26 September 2008. Royal Bank of Scotland Group and Lloyds Banking Group classified to public sector from 13 October 2008. See background note 8.

7 Further Education colleges classified to public sector from 1993. See background note 9.

8 Home Civil Service (excludes Northern Ireland Civil Service which is included in Central Government).

† Indicates earliest revision

## 2R Public sector employment by industry; Headcount - Revisions

United Kingdom (Thousands), seasonally adjusted

	Public administration, defence, compulsory social security					Health and social work		Other public sector <sup>7</sup>
	Construction	HM Forces <sup>1 2</sup>	Police (including civilians) <sup>3</sup>	Public administration <sup>4</sup>	Education <sup>5</sup>	National Health Service <sup>6</sup>	Other health and social work	
	G7ER	G7EU	G7EX	G7F2	G7F5	G7FG	G7FJ	G7FM
1999	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2001	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2002	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2003	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2004	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2005	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2006	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2007	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2008	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2009	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2010	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2011	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2007 Q4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2008 Q1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2009 Q1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2010 Q1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q4	-	-	-	-	1	-3	-1	-
2011 Q1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q3	-	-	-2	-	1	-	-	-6
Q4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Change on quarter to:								
2010 Q4	-	-	-	-	1	-3	-1	-
2011 Q1	-	-	-	-	-1	3	1	-
Q2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q3	-	-	-2	-	1	-	-	-6
Q4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
% change on quarter to:								
2010 Q4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	-0.2	-0.3	0.0
2011 Q1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-0.1	0.2	0.3	0.0
Q2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Q3	0.0	0.0	-0.7	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	-0.7
Q4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Change on year to:								
2010 Q4	-	-	-	-	1	-3	-1	-
2011 Q1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q3	-	-	-2	-	1	-	-	-6
Q4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
% change on year to:								
2010 Q4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	-0.2	-0.3	0.0
2011 Q1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Q2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Q3	0.0	0.0	-0.7	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	-0.7
Q4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

Source: Office for National Statistics

- 1 HM Forces series exclude locally engaged staff. The series also excludes mobilised reservists prior to 1996 as statistics are not available. Prior to Q2 2008 Q1 = 1 March, Q2 = 1 June, Q3 = 1 September, Q4 = 1 December. From Q2 2008 onwards Q1 = 1 April, Q2 = 1 July, Q3 = 1 October, Q4 = 1 January.
- 2 Due to ongoing validation of data from the new HM Forces Personnel Administration System, figures for 2007 Q2 onwards are provisional and subject to review.
- 3 Police (England and Wales) are based on projections and subject to revision.
- 4 Estimates for Q1 2011 include 15,000 temporary staff employed in connection with the 2011 Census.
- 5 Further Education colleges classified to public sector from 1993. See background note 9.
- 6 Data for the NHS are subject to revisions.
- 7 Northern Rock classified to public sector from 9 October 2007. Bradford & Bingley classified to public sector from 26 September 2008. Royal Bank of Scotland Group and Lloyds Banking Group classified to public sector from 13 October 2008. See background note 8.

† Indicates earliest revision

### 3R Public sector employment by sector classification; Full-time equivalent - Revisions <sup>1</sup>

United Kingdom (Thousands), seasonally adjusted

	General government			Total public corporations <sup>6</sup>	Total public sector <sup>2 5 6 7</sup>	Of which: Civil Service <sup>4 5 8</sup>
	Central government <sup>2 3 4 5</sup>	Local government <sup>2 3 4</sup>	Total general government			
	G7FP	G7FS	G7FV	G7FY	G7G3	G7G6
1999	-	-	-	-	-	-
2000	-	-	-	-	-	-
2001	-	-	-	-	-	-
2002	-	-	-	-	-	-
2003	-	-	-	-	-	-
2004	-	-	-	-	-	-
2005	-	-	-	-	-	-
2006	-	-	-	-	-	-
2007	-	-	-	-	-	-
2008	-	-	-	-	-	-
2009	-	-	-	-	-	-
2010	-	-	-	-	-	-
2011	-	-	-	-	-	-
2007 Q4	-	-	-	-	-	-
2008 Q1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q4	-	-	-	-	-	-
2009 Q1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q4	-	-	-	-	-	-
2010 Q1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q4	-	1	1	1	2	-
2011 Q1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q3	3	-	3	-4	-1	-
Q4	..	..	..	..	..	..
Change on quarter to:						
2010 Q4	-	1	1	1	2	-
2011 Q1	-	-1	-1	-1	-2	-
Q2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q3	3	-	3	-4	-1	-
Q4	..	..	..	..	..	..
% change on quarter to:						
2010 Q4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0
2011 Q1	0.0	0.0	0.0	-0.2	0.0	0.0
Q2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Q3	0.1	0.0	0.1	-0.8	0.0	0.0
Q4	..	..	..	..	..	..
Change on year to:						
2010 Q4	-	1	1	1	2	-
2011 Q1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q3	3	-	3	-4	-1	-
Q4	..	..	..	..	..	..
% change on year to:						
2010 Q4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0
2011 Q1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Q2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Q3	0.1	0.0	0.1	-0.8	0.0	0.0
Q4	..	..	..	..	..	..

Source: Office for National Statistics

1 Annual figures relate to June quarter (Q2).

2 Police (England & Wales) are based on projections.

3 National Probation Service (England & Wales) re-classified from Local Government to Central Government from April 2001.

4 Magistrates' Courts Service transferred from Local Government to Central Government (and Civil Service) from April 2005.

5 Estimates for Q1 2011 include 8,000 FTE temporary staff employed in connection with the 2011 Census.

6 Northern Rock classified to public sector from 9 October 2007. Bradford & Bingley classified to public sector from 26 September 2008. Royal Bank of Scotland Group and Lloyds Banking Group classified to public sector from 13 October 2008. See background note 8.

7 Further Education colleges classified to public sector from 1993. See background notes 9.

8 Home Civil Service (excludes Northern Ireland Civil Service which is included in Central Government).

† Indicates earliest revision

# 4R Public sector employment by industry; Full-time equivalent - Revisions

United Kingdom (Thousands), seasonally adjusted

	Public administration, defence, compulsory social security					Health and social work		Other public sector <sup>8</sup>
	Construction <sup>1</sup>	HM Forces <sup>2,3</sup>	Police (including civilians) <sup>4</sup>	Public administration <sup>5</sup>	Education <sup>6</sup>	National Health Service <sup>7</sup>	Other health and social work	
	G9BC	G7G9	G7GC	G7GF	G7GI	G7GL	G7GR	G7K2
1999	..	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2000	..	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2001	..	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2002	..	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2003	..	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2004	..	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2005	..	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2006	..	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2007	..	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2008	..	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2009	..	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2010	..	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2011	..	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2007 Q4	..	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2008 Q1	..	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q2	..	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q3	..	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q4	..	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2009 Q1	..	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q2	..	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q3	..	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q4	..	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2010 Q1	..	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q2	..	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q3	..	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q4	..	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2011 Q1	..	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q2	..	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q3	..	-	-1	1	5	-	-	-3
Q4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Change on quarter to:								
2010 Q4		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2011 Q1		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q2		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q3		-	-1	1	5	-	-	-3
Q4		..	..	..	..	..	..	..
% change on quarter to:								
2010 Q4		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2011 Q1		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Q2		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Q3		0.0	-0.4	0.1	0.4	0.0	0.0	-0.4
Q4		..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Change on year to:								
2010 Q4		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2011 Q1		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q2		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q3		-	-1	1	5	-	-	-3
Q4		..	..	..	..	..	..	..
% change on year to:								
2010 Q4		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2011 Q1		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Q2		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Q3		0.0	-0.4	0.1	0.4	0.0	0.0	-0.4
Q4		..	..	..	..	..	..	..

Source: Office for National Statistics

- 1 Construction estimates for full-time equivalents have not been published as they are of insufficient quality.
- 2 HM Forces series exclude locally engaged staff. The series also excludes mobilised reservists prior to 1996 as statistics are not available. Prior to Q2 2008 Q1 = 1 March, Q2 = 1 June, Q3 = 1 September, Q4 = 1 December. From Q2 2008 Q1 = 1 April, Q2 = 1 July, Q3 = 1 October, Q4 = 1 January.
- 3 Due to ongoing validation of data from the new HM Forces Personnel Administration System, figures for 2007 Q2 onwards are provisional and subject to review.
- 4 Data for the Police (including civilians) for England and Wales are based on projections and are therefore subject to revision.
- 5 Estimates for Q1 2011 include 8,000 temporary staff employed in connection with the 2011 Census.
- 6 Further Education colleges classified to public sector from 1993. See background note 9.
- 7 Data for the NHS are subject to revisions.
- 8 Northern Rock classified to public sector from 9 October 2007. Bradford & Bingley classified to public sector from 26 September 2008. Royal Bank of Scotland Group and Lloyds Banking Group classified to public sector from 13 October 2008. See background note 8.

† Indicates earliest revision

# 5R Public and private sector employment; Headcount - Revisions <sup>1</sup>

United Kingdom (Thousands), seasonally adjusted

	Public Sector		Private Sector		Total employment (thousands) <sup>8</sup>
	Headcount (thousands) <sup>2,3,4,5</sup>	Percentage <sup>6</sup>	Headcount (thousands) <sup>7,8</sup>	Percentage <sup>9</sup>	
	G7AU	G9BZ	G7K5	G9C2	G7GO
1999	-	-	-	-	-
2000	-	-	-	-	-
2001	-	-	-	-	-
2002	-	-	-	-	-
2003	-	-	-	-	-
2004	-	-	-	-	-
2005	-	-	-	-	-
2006	-	-	-	-	-
2007	-	-	-	-	-
2008	-	-	-	-	-
2009	-	-	-	-	-
2010	-	-	-	-	-
2011	-	-	-	-	-
2007 Q4	-	-	-	-	-
2008 Q1	-	-	-	-	-
Q2	-	-	-	-	-
Q3	-	-	-	-	-
Q4	-	-	-	-	-
2009 Q1	-	-	-	-	-
Q2	-	-	-	-	-
Q3	-	-	-	-	-
Q4	-	-	-	-	-
2010 Q1	-	-	-	-	-
Q2	-	-	-	-	-
Q3	-	-	-	-	-
Q4	-2	-	2	-	-
2011 Q1	-	-	-	-	-
Q2	-	-	-	-	-
Q3	-8	-0.1	8	0.1	-
Q4	..	..	..	..	..
Change on quarter to:					
2010 Q4	-2	-	2	-	-
2011 Q1	2	-	-2	-	-
Q2	-	-	-	-	-
Q3	-8	-0.1	8	0.1	-
Q4	..	..	..	..	..
% change on quarter to:					
2010 Q4	0.0		0.0		0.0
2011 Q1	0.0		0.0		0.0
Q2	0.0		0.0		0.0
Q3	-0.1		0.0		0.0
Q4	..		..		..
Change on year to:					
2010 Q4	-2	-	2	-	-
2011 Q1	-	-	-	-	-
Q2	-	-	-	-	-
Q3	-8	-0.1	8	0.1	-
Q4	..	..	..	..	..
% change on year to:					
2010 Q4	0.0		0.0		0.0
2011 Q1	0.0		0.0		0.0
Q2	0.0		0.0		0.0
Q3	-0.1		0.0		0.0
Q4	..		..		..

Sources: Labour Force Survey and estimates from public sector organisations;  
Office for National Statistics

1 Annual figures relate to June quarter (Q2)

2 Estimates for Q4 2007 onwards are based partly on projections.

3 Northern Rock classified to public sector from 9 October 2007. Bradford & Bingley classified to public sector from 26 September 2008. Royal Bank of Scotland Group and Lloyds Banking Group classified to public sector from 13 October 2008. See background note 8.

4 Further Education colleges classified to public sector from 1993. See background note 9.

5 Estimates for Q1 2011 include 15,000 temporary staff employed in connection with the 2011 Census.

6 Represents G7AU/G7GO\*100

7 Estimated as the difference between LFS total employment and the data from public sector organisations.

8 Labour Force Survey - All in Employment aged 16 and over. Data refers to May-July for annual data from 1992 - 2004, for Q1 to Feb - Apr, Q2 to May - July, Q3 to Aug - Oct and Q4 to Nov - Jan. Quarterly and annual changes may differ slightly from those published elsewhere due to rounding conventions.

9 Represents G7K5/G7GO\*100

† Indicates earliest revision