

Consumer Price Indices, March 2012



Coverage: UK

Date: 17 April 2012

Geographical Area: UK

Theme: **Economy**

Consumer Price Indices

- CPI annual inflation stands at 3.5 per cent in March 2012.
- RPI annual inflation stands at 3.6 per cent in March 2012.

Headlines for the March 2012 Consumer Price Indices

- CPI annual inflation stands at 3.5 per cent in March 2012, up from 3.4 per cent in February. The CPI stands at 122.2 in March 2012 based on 2005=100.
- The largest upward pressures to the change in CPI annual inflation between February and March came from food (particularly fruit, bread & cereals and meat), clothing and recreation & culture.
- The largest downward pressures to the change in CPI annual inflation between February and March came from electricity, gas & other fuels and transport.
- RPI annual inflation stands at 3.6 per cent in March, down from 3.7 per cent in February. The annual rate was last lower in December 2009. The largest downward pressures to the change in RPI annual inflation between February and March came from motoring expenditure and fuel & light. Partially offsetting these were upward pressures from food and clothing. The RPI stands at 240.8 in March 2012 based on January 1987=100.

CPI: Percentage change over 12 months

CPI: Percentage change over 12 months



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CPI indices, 1-month change and 12-month change: March 2011 to March 2012**Consumer Prices Index (CPI), March 2012**

United Kingdom

		Index ¹ (UK, 2005 = 100)	% change over 1 month	% change over 12 months	
2011	Mar	118.1	0.3	4.0	
	Apr	119.3	1.0	4.5	
	May	119.5	0.2	4.5	
	Jun	119.4	-0.1	4.2	
	Jul	119.4	0.0	4.4	
	Aug	120.1	0.6	4.5	
	Sep	120.9	0.6	5.2	
	Oct	121.0	0.1	5.0	
	Nov	121.2	0.2	4.8	
	Dec	121.7	0.4	4.2	
	2012	Jan	121.1	-0.5	3.6
		Feb	121.8	0.6	3.4
Mar		122.2	0.3	3.5	

Table notes:

1. All items Consumer Prices Index.

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Briefing on the CPI monthly movement between February and March 2012

1-month change to March 2012

	% change
Food & non-alcoholic beverages	-0.5
Alcohol & tobacco	0.2
Clothing & footwear	2.2
Housing & household services	-0.2
Furniture & household goods	1.3
Health	0.0
Transport	0.8
Communication	0.6
Recreation & culture	-0.1
Education	0.0
Restaurants & hotels	0.2
Miscellaneous goods & service	0.0
CPI All Items	0.3

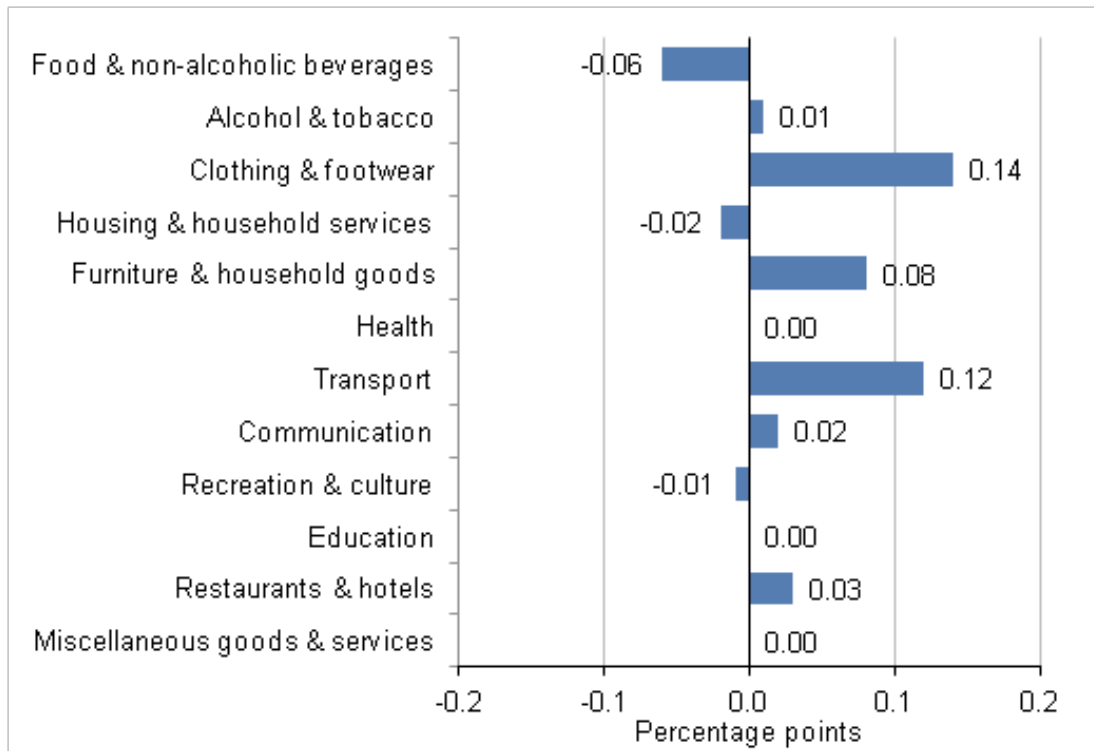
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Contributions to 1-month percentage change

(total CPI 0.3 per cent)



Notes:

- Individual contributions may not sum to the total due to rounding.

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The CPI rose by 0.3 per cent between February and March in both 2012 and 2011. These 1-month increases are within the normal range for a February to March movement. Between 1996 and 2010, the 1-month change between February and March has varied between increases of 0.2 per cent and 0.6 per cent.

The most significant upward contributions to the 1-month change in the CPI between February and March 2012 came from:

- clothing & footwear:** as usual, prices rose between February and March but, this year, the rise was 2.2 per cent, which is a record monthly movement for a February to March period. The upward effects came from a wide range of garments, particularly women's outerwear,
- transport:** prices, overall, rose by 0.8 per cent. By far the largest upward effect came from a 2.2 per cent increase in the price of fuels & lubricants. Petrol prices rose by 3.3 pence per litre on the month to reach a record £1.38 per litre. Diesel prices rose by 2.6 pence per litre to also reach a record level of around £1.46 per litre,

- **furniture, household equipment & maintenance:** where prices rose, as usual, between February and March. This year the rise was 1.3 per cent with the largest upward effect coming from furniture & furnishings.

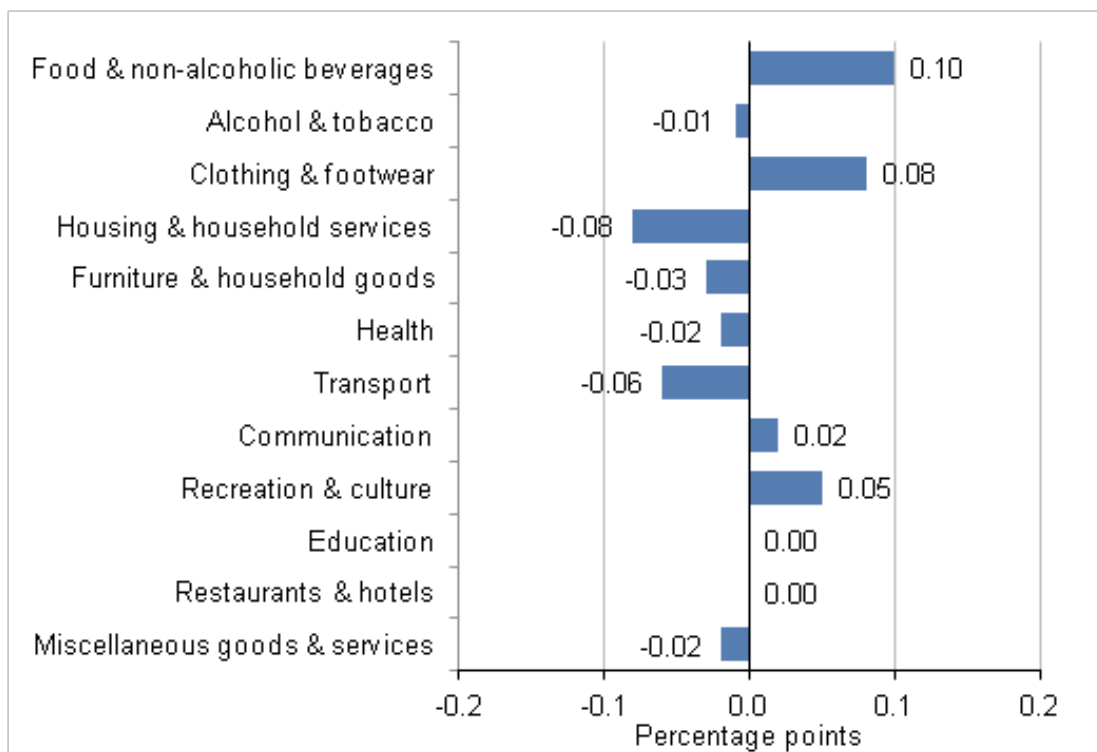
The most significant downward contribution to the 1-month change in the CPI between February and March 2012 came from:

- **food & non-alcoholic beverages:** prices, overall, fell by 0.5 per cent. The largest downward effects came from sugar, jam, syrups, chocolate & confectionery, where prices fell by 2.4 per cent, and mineral waters, soft drinks & juices, where they fell by 1.6 per cent. Both of these movements were record falls for a February to March period and both follow record rises between January and February.

Briefing on the change to the CPI 12-month rate between February and March 2012

Contributions to the change in the 12-month rate

(total CPI 0.1 percentage points)



Notes:

1. Individual contributions may not sum to the total due to rounding.

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The change in the CPI 12-month rate is calculated by comparing the price changes between the latest two months and the same two months a year ago. This year the CPI rose by 0.3 per cent between February and March compared with a rise of 0.3 per cent between the same two months a year ago. The 1-month movement was therefore no different this year once rounded and this led to the CPI 12-month rate rising slightly from 3.4 per cent in February to 3.5 per cent in March 2012. The 0.1 percentage point difference is due to rounding.

The most significant upward contributions to the change in the CPI 12-month rate between February and March 2012 came from:

- **food & non-alcoholic beverages:** prices, overall, fell by 0.5 per cent between February and March this year compared with a fall of 1.4 per cent between the same two months a year ago. The 1.4 per cent fall in 2011 was a record for a February to March movement and reflected supermarket led sales in a number of product groups. The main upward effects behind the change in the rate were from:
 - fruit, where prices rose by 0.2 per cent this year but fell by 4.7 per cent a year ago, a record fall for a February to March period. The largest individual contribution came from grapes,
 - bread & cereals, where prices rose by 0.2 per cent this year but fell by 2.6 per cent a year ago, the largest ever monthly fall. Breakfast cereals had the largest upward effect due to the timing of sales periods: prices rose after the end of sales this year but fell due to sales in March a year ago,
 - meat, where prices rose by 0.8 per cent this year but fell by 0.9 per cent a year ago.

A smaller, partially offsetting, downward effect came from sugar, jam, syrups, chocolate & confectionery, where prices fell by 2.4 per cent this year, a record monthly movement, compared with a fall of 0.5 per cent a year ago. Coffee, tea & cocoa also had a small downward effect as prices fell by 3.5 per cent this year, a record fall for a February to March period, but rose by 0.8 per cent a year ago.

- **clothing & footwear:** prices, overall, rose by 2.2 per cent between February and March this year compared with a rise of 1.1 per cent between the same two months a year ago. The monthly rise in 2012 is a record for a February to March period. The upward effect came principally from garments, particularly men's and women's outerwear,
- **recreation & culture:** prices, overall, fell by 0.1 per cent between February and March this year compared with a fall of 0.4 per cent a year ago. The upward effects were from a variety of product groups with the most significant being games, toys & hobbies (particularly computer games), data processing equipment and recording media (particularly pre-recorded DVDs). These were partially offset by a downward effect from photographic, cinematographic & optical equipment, where prices fell by 6.1 per cent this year compared with a fall of 1.4 per cent a year ago.

The most significant downward contributions to the change in the CPI 12-month rate between February and March 2012 came from:

- **housing & household services:** prices, overall, fell by 0.2 per cent between February and March this year but rose by 0.4 per cent between the same two months a year ago. The downward effect was driven by electricity and gas where average bills fell this year but rose a year ago.
- **transport:** the downward effect was driven by second-hand cars and sea transport partially offset by air transport:
 - second-hand car prices fell by 0.1 per cent this year but rose by 1.5 per cent a year ago,
 - sea fares fell by 7.6 per cent this year but rose by 3.1 per cent a year ago. The fall was a record for a February to March period and follows a large rise between January and February this year,
 - air fares rose by 4.4 per cent this year compared with a rise of 2.1 per cent a year ago. The main upward effect came from European routes.

Briefing on the CPI 12-month rate to March 2012

12-month rate to March 2012

	% change
Food & non-alcoholic beverages	4.6
Alcohol & tobacco	8.0
Clothing & footwear	3.2
Housing & household services	6.2
Furniture & household goods	4.1
Health	2.8
Transport	3.3
Communication	4.8
Recreation & culture	-0.6
Education	5.1
Restaurants & hotels	2.9
Miscellaneous goods & services	2.7
CPI All Items	3.5

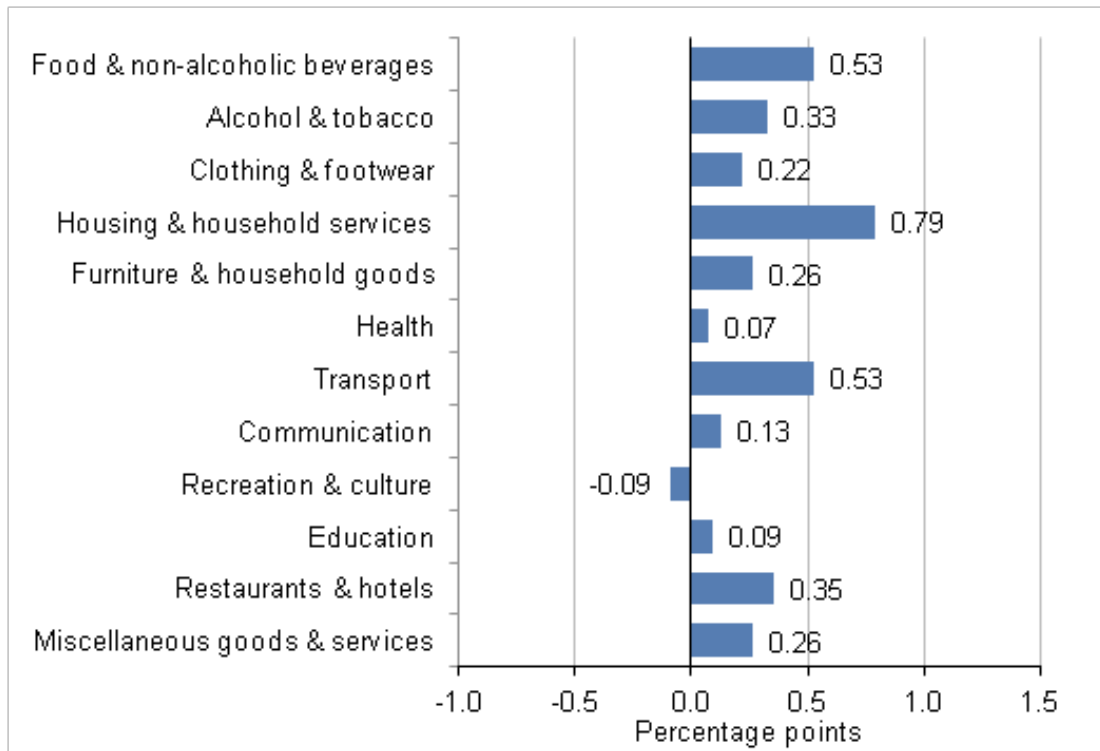
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Contributions to 12-month rate

(total CPI 3.5 per cent)



Notes:

- Individual contributions may not sum to the total due to rounding.

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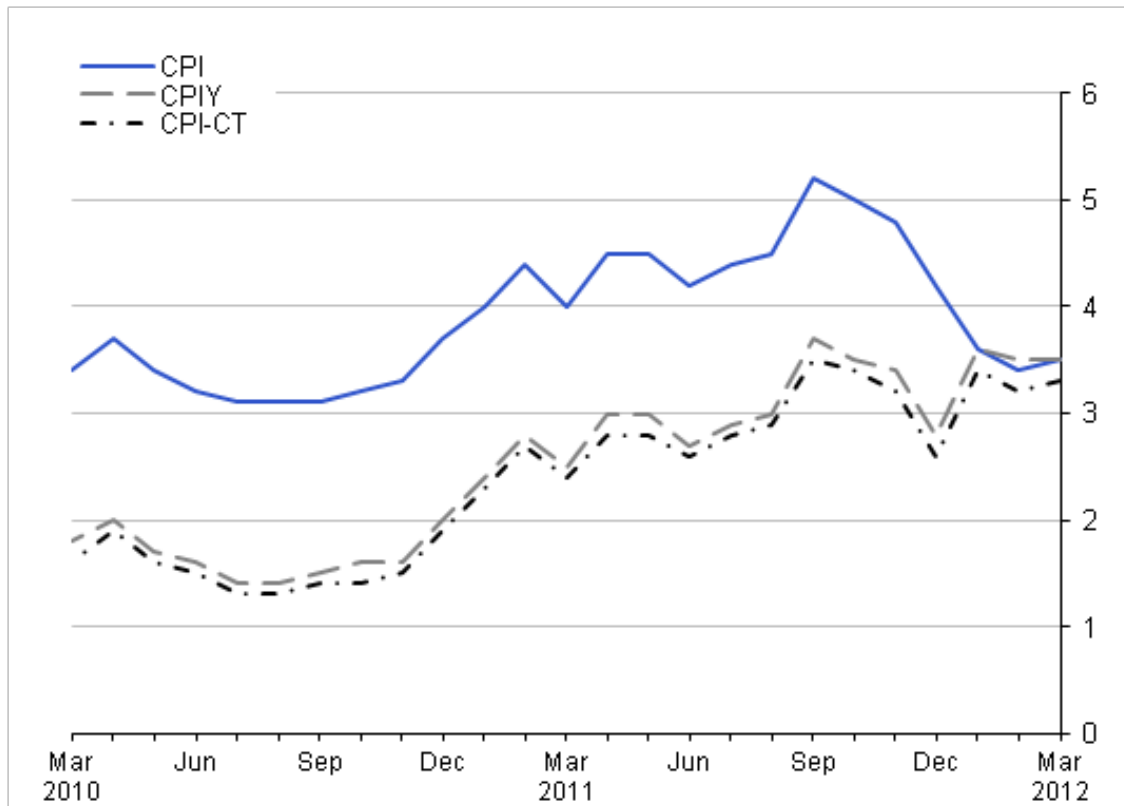
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The most significant upward contributions to the CPI 12-month rate to March 2012 came from:

- **housing & household services** which contributed 0.8 percentage points with the main upward effects coming from gas, electricity and rent, where charges, overall, rose by 16.1 per cent, 8.1 per cent and 2.9 per cent respectively over the 12 months to March,
- **transport** which contributed 0.5 percentage points. The largest effects came from fuels & lubricants, where prices, overall, rose by 4.8 per cent over the 12 months to March, and air transport, where fares rose by 8.0 per cent over the same period,
- **food & non-alcoholic beverages** which also contributed 0.5 percentage points with prices, overall, rising by 4.6 per cent over the year. The upward contributions were widespread with all categories having upward effects; the largest came from meat, where prices rose by 6.1 per cent over the 12 months to March, bread & cereals, where there was a 4.8 per cent rise, and vegetables, with a 4.2 per cent rise.

Other measures of CPI inflation

Percentage changes over 12 months



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Consumer Prices Index excluding indirect taxes (CPIY)

The CPIY is the same as the all items CPI except that it excludes price changes which are directly due to changes in indirect taxation (such as VAT).

In the year to March, the CPIY rose by 3.5 per cent, unchanged from February. The CPIY 12-month rate has therefore remained unchanged between February and March compared with an increase of 0.1 percentage points in the CPI 12-month rate between the same two months. The impact of rounding is the main reason for the small difference in the changes to the CPIY and CPI 12-month rates between February and March. There were no changes to indirect taxation that impacted on the CPI between those months.

Consumer Prices Index at constant tax rates (CPI-CT)

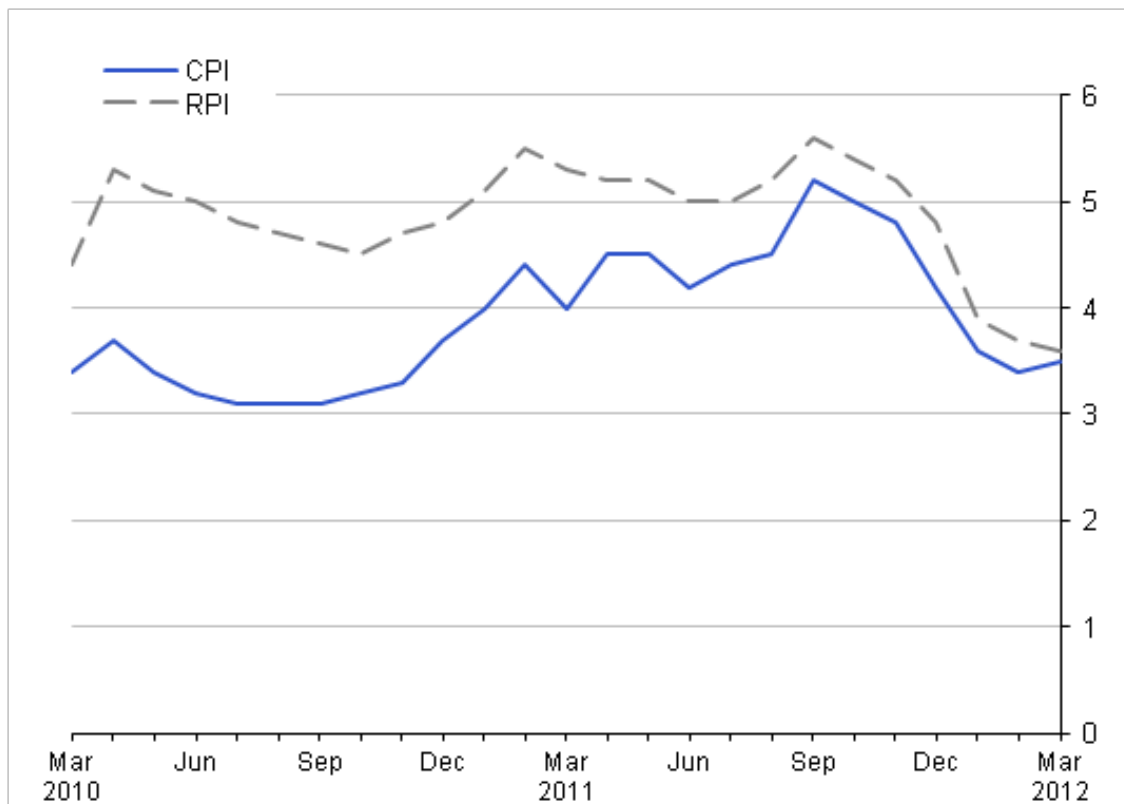
The CPI-CT is the same as the CPI except that tax rates are kept constant at the rates they were in the base period (currently January 2012) and vehicle excise duty and television licence fees are excluded.

In the year to March, CPI-CT rose by 3.3 per cent, up from 3.2 per cent in February. The CPI-CT and CPI 12-month rates have therefore both increased by 0.1 percentage points between February and March. This is because there were no changes to indirect taxation that impacted on the CPI between February and March.

RPI compared with CPI

RPI compared with CPI

Percentage changes over 12 months



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All items Retail Prices Index (RPI)

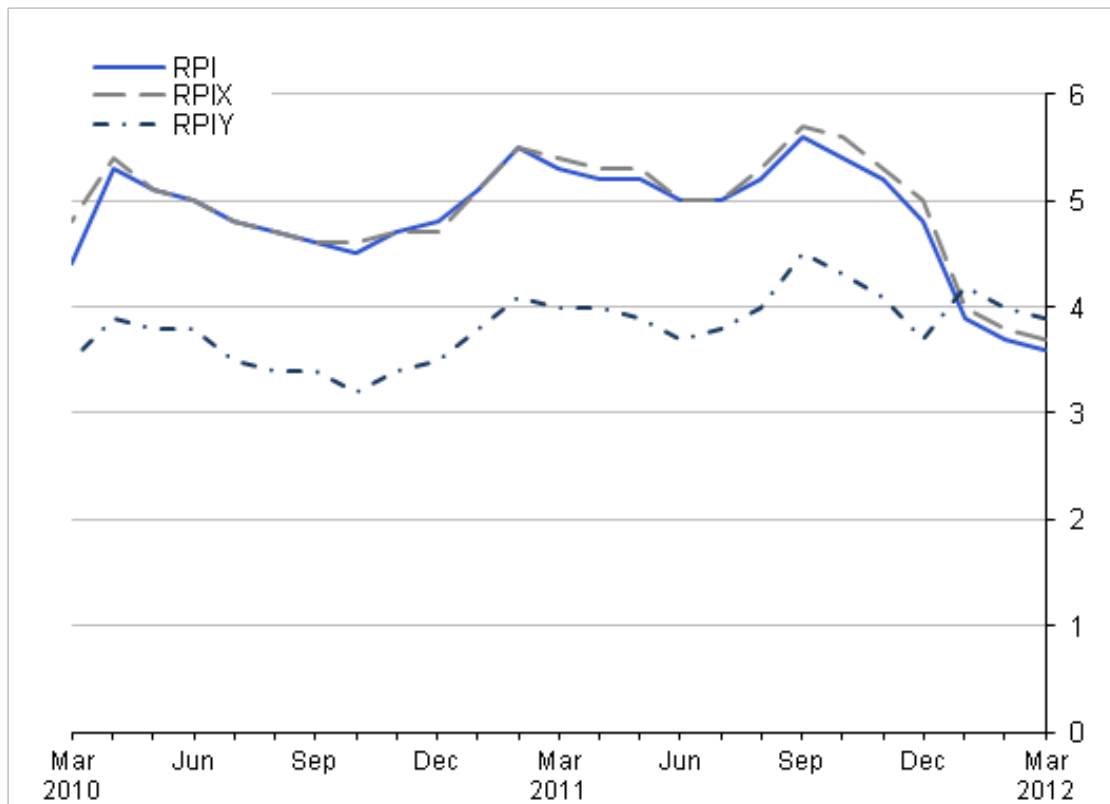
In the year to March the all items RPI rose by 3.6 per cent, down from 3.7 per cent in February. The RPI 12-month rate has therefore decreased by 0.1 percentage points between February and March compared with a rise of 0.1 percentage points in the CPI 12-month rate between the same two months.

The main reasons for these different movements in the RPI and CPI 12-month rates between February and March are:

- **car insurance:** has a far higher weight in the RPI than the CPI so the downward effect from this component had a larger impact on the RPI,
- **clothing & footwear:** has a lower weight in the RPI than the CPI so the upward effect from this component had a smaller impact on the RPI.

Other measures of RPI inflation

Percentage changes over 12 months



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All items Retail Prices Index excluding mortgage interest payments (RPIX)

The RPIX is the same as the all items RPI except for mortgage interest payments, which is excluded from RPIX.

In the year to March, the RPIX rose by 3.7 per cent, down from 3.8 per cent in February. Therefore the RPIX and RPI 12-month rates both fell by 0.1 percentage points between February and March.

Mortgage interest payments had only a small downward impact on the change in the RPI 12-month rate between February and March. This impact was not sufficient to cause a difference between the changes to the RPIX and RPI 12-month rates between these two months.

All items Retail Prices Index excluding mortgage interest payments and indirect taxes (RPIY)

The RPIY is the same as the all items RPI except that it excludes price changes which are directly due to changes in indirect taxation (such as VAT) and mortgage interest payments.

In the year to March, the RPIY rose by 3.9 per cent, down from 4.0 per cent in February. Therefore the RPIY and RPI 12-month rates both fell by 0.1 percentage points between the two months. This is because there were no changes to indirect taxation that impacted on the RPI between February and March. Also mortgage interest payments had only a small downward effect on the change in the RPI 12-month rate between the two months and this was not sufficient to cause a divergence between the changes to the RPIY and RPI 12-month rates.

Selected records

Selected CPI Records

All items CPI	Annual rate +3.5%, up from +3.4% last month Highest since January 2012 (+3.6%)
Health	Annual rate +2.8%, down from +3.5% last month Lowest since February 2011 (+2.7%)
Transport	Annual rate +3.3%, down from +3.7% last month Lowest since September 2009 (+1.2%)

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Selected RPI Records

All items RPI	Annual rate +3.6%, down from +3.7% last month Lowest since December 2009 (+2.4%)
All items RPI exc MIPS (RPIX)	Annual rate +3.7%, down from +3.8% last month Lowest since November 2009 (+2.7%)
Catering	Annual rate +3.1%, down from +3.2% last month Also +3.1% in July 2010 Last lower in June 2010 (+3.0%)
Tobacco	Annual rate +8.8%, down from +8.9% last month Also +8.8% in January 2012 Last lower in March 2011 (+7.3%)
	Annual rate +3.5%, down from +3.8% last month

Personal goods & services	Also +3.5% in June 2010 Last lower in February 2010 (+3.2%)
Motoring expenditure	Annual rate +2.1%, down from +3.3% last month Lowest since August 2009 (-0.2%)
Fares & other travel	Annual rate +4.9%, down from +5.3% last month Lowest since December 2010 (+4.3%)
All goods	Annual rate +4.1%, down from +4.2% last month Also +4.1% in January 2012 Last lower in November 2009 (+3.9%)
All services	Annual rate +4.1%, down from +4.4% last month Lowest since May 2010 (+4.0%)

Download table

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Data tables

[Detailed CPI and RPI Reference Tables \(1.34 Mb Excel sheet\)](#): This spreadsheet pulls together the tables that were previously published in the old style Consumer Price Indices Statistical Bulletin and Focus on Consumer Prices publication. A correlation index is included to show the old and new naming conventions and where the tables were previously published, for example: RPI All items 1947-2011 or RP02 & Table 4.1 in Focus is now the new Table 20.

Background notes

1. New this month

- Estimated Effect of the 2012 Budget on CPI and RPI. Budgetary measures that come into force in 2012/13 will add an estimated 0.38 percentage points to the CPI and 0.41 percentage points to the RPI. Further details are available in [an article](#) that was published on the ONS website on 28 March.
- Consumer Price Indices Technical Manual 2012. The 2012 edition of the [Consumer Price Indices Technical Manual \(754.3 Kb Pdf\)](#) was published on 3 April 2012. The Manual has mainly been written in terms of the CPI but covers the concepts underpinning the CPI and RPI, the differences between the indices, the methodologies used, collection and validation of prices, calculation of weights, publication and usage of the different indices.

2. Next month

CPI and RPI Weights

In line with usual practice the CPI and RPI weights were updated with the publication of the January and February datasets. Additional details of the update will be available from the ONS website in an article published on 24 April 2012 entitled *Consumer Prices Index and Retail Prices Index: Updating Weights for 2012*.

Inflation for April 2011 to April 2012 will be published on 22 May 2012. CPI and RPI inflation rates between April 2011 and March 2012 were 2.4 per cent and 2.7 per cent respectively. Inflation rates for April 2011 to April 2012 will take account of price changes between March 2012 and April 2012.

3. Relevance

The CPI is the main UK domestic measure of consumer price inflation for macroeconomic purposes. It forms the basis for the Government's target for inflation that the Bank of England's Monetary Policy Committee (MPC) is required to achieve. From April 2011 the CPI is also being used for the indexation of benefits, tax credits and public service pensions. The updating is based on the 12-month change in the September CPI.

Internationally, the CPI is known as the Harmonised Index of Consumer Prices (HICP). HICPs are calculated in each Member State of the European Union, according to rules specified in a series of European regulations developed by Eurostat in conjunction with the EU Member States. HICPs are used to compare inflation rates across the European Union. Since January 1999, the HICP has also been used by the European Central Bank (ECB) as the measure of price stability across the euro area.

4. Methodology

The CPI and the RPI are compiled using the same underlying price data, based on a large and representative selection of almost 700 individual goods and services for which price movements are measured in around 150 randomly selected areas throughout the UK. Around 180,000 separate price quotations are used every month to compile the indices. The outlets in which the prices are collected are selected randomly. Expenditure weights are held constant for one year at a time.

The selection of goods and services that are priced to compile the CPI and RPI is reviewed annually. The contents of the 2012 basket are described in an article [Consumer Prices Index and Retail Prices Index: the 2012 Basket of Goods and Services \(274.7 Kb Pdf\)](#). The expenditure weights used to compile the indices are also updated each year. Additional details of the updated CPI and RPI weights for 2011 are available from the ONS website in an article published on 19 April 2011 entitled *Consumer Prices Index and Retail Prices Index: Updating Weights for 2011 (301.5 Kb Pdf)*. An article describing the 2012 weights will be published on 24 April 2012.

Rates of change for the CPI are calculated from unrounded index levels, rather than from the published indices, which are rounded to one decimal place. The use of unrounded indices

increases the accuracy of the calculation. The unrounded index levels are available on request. By contrast, rates of change for the RPI are calculated from the published rounded indices.

5. Reliability

Once the RPI indices are published they are never revised. CPI indices are revisable although the only time the CPI all items index has been revised was when the index was re-referenced to 2005=100, which took place with the publication of the January 2006 indices.

6. Comparability

The CPI's coverage of goods and services was extended in stages in the areas of health, education, childcare and insurance, with effect from the January 2000, 2001, and 2002 indices. In 2000, there was also a change to the population basis for the weights which was broadened from private households to include expenditure by foreign visitors and residents of institutional households.

The official CPI series starts in 1996 but estimates for earlier periods are available back to 1988. These estimates are broadly consistent with data from 1996 but should be treated with some caution.

RPI data are available back to 1947 but have been re-referenced on several occasions since then, generally accompanied by changes to the coverage and/or structure of the detailed sub-components. Details of these changes are given in Appendices 1 and 2 of the [Consumer Price Indices Technical Manual \(754.3 Kb Pdf\)](#).

7. Other measures of inflation - main uses and methodological details

Detailed explanations on the main uses and methodology used to construct the 'other measures of inflation' included within this statistical bulletin and how they differ from the CPI can be found in Chapters 9 and 10 of the [Consumer Price Indices Technical Manual \(754.3 Kb Pdf\)](#). In addition the article [How ONS consumer price statistics are used](#) provides further details on how consumer price statistics are used more generally.

All items Retail Prices Index (RPI): the RPI is the most long-standing general purpose measure of inflation in the UK. Historically the uses of the RPI include the indexation of various prices and incomes and the uprating of pensions, state benefits and index-linked gilts, as well as the revalorisation of excise duties. Please note, though, that from April 2011 the CPI is being used to uprate benefits, tax credits and public service pensions.

The main differences between the CPI and RPI are:

- population base: CPI includes all UK private and institutional households and foreign visitors to the UK. The RPI includes private households only and excludes the highest income households and pensioner households mainly dependent on state benefits; these excluded private households account for around 13 per cent of all UK household expenditure,

- item coverage: the most significant difference is that the CPI excludes a number of items relating to housing costs (such as mortgage interest payments, house depreciation and council tax) that are included in the RPI,
- index methodology - formula: the CPI mainly uses the geometric mean whereas the RPI uses the arithmetic mean to combine individual prices at the first stage of aggregation,
- item coding: the CPI uses a standard international classification system whereas the RPI uses a system unique to itself and not used elsewhere. The different approaches reflect the fact that the CPI is used to compare inflation rates across Europe so a standard framework is required; the RPI is mainly used within the UK only.

A breakdown of the [differences between the CPI and RPI \(62.9 Kb Pdf\)](#) annual inflation rates is available on the ONS website.

Also available is an explanation of the [increased impact that the different formula used to construct the CPI and RPI \(61 Kb Pdf\)](#) had on the indices during 2010:

- All items Retail Prices Index excluding mortgage interest payments (RPIX): this index is the same as the all items RPI but it excludes the mortgage interest payments component,
- All items Retail Prices Index excluding mortgage interest payments and indirect taxes (RPIY): is an index designed to measure movements in 'core' prices as the index excludes price changes which are directly due to changes in indirect taxation (for example VAT; excise duties on tobacco, alcohol and petrol; local authority taxation; vehicle excise duty; and television licence fees) and mortgage interest payments. The purpose of the index is to obtain a better indication of inflationary pressures at times when prices are directly influenced by government-driven changes,
- Consumer Prices Index excluding indirect taxes (CPIY): is an index designed to measure movements in 'underlying prices' as it excludes price changes which are directly due to changes in indirect taxation (for example VAT, excise duties on tobacco, alcohol and petrol; vehicle excise duty; and television licence fees). As with the RPIY, its main purpose is to obtain a better indication of inflationary pressures at times when prices are directly influenced by government-driven changes,
- Consumer Prices Index at constant tax rates (CPI-CT): is an index where tax rates are kept constant at the rates as they were in the base period (currently January 2012) and which excludes vehicle excise duty and television licence fees. The analytical value of the CPI-CT is when it is compared with the CPI; differences in the monthly and annual rates of change between the two indices provide an indication of the impact of tax changes on the CPI.

8. Accessibility

The most efficient way to access the latest CPI and RPI data and briefing on the website is via the CPI or RPI key figures on the ONS website [homepage](#).

In response to user feedback, we have taken the opportunity to make all CPI and RPI data available in one location. These [Detailed CPI and RPI Reference Tables \(1.34 Mb Excel sheet\)](#) are provided via a 'printer friendly' excel file.

To further help users, very detailed CPI data are now available including the [individual price quotes and item indices](#) that underpin the CPI. Please note that the data that are published are at a level which means that no individual retailer or service provider will be able to be identified. The data published covers January 1996 to December 2011. These data are updated once a quarter with around a two month lag with the latest CPI publication, for example, the data will next be updated when the May CPI is published on 19 June 2012, at which point the detailed data published will be extended to March 2012.

This bulletin includes the March 2012 data, collected on 13 March 2012. Future [publication dates \(16.9 Kb Pdf\)](#) for this Statistical Bulletin are available on the ONS website. The European Commission (Eurostat) released figures for the harmonised index of consumer prices (HICP) for the month of March 2012 for EU Member States, together with an EU average, on 17 April 2012. Further information on HICP for the European Union, Eurozone and other EU Member States is available from [Eurostat's HICP web page](#).

9. Further information

A more detailed [quality report \(141.9 Kb Pdf\)](#) for this statistical bulletin is available on the ONS website. The report assesses the CPI and RPI against standard dimensions of quality such as relevance, accuracy and accessibility. The report was last updated in December 2011.

The mini [Triennial Review of the CPI and RPI Central Collection of Prices \(1.75 Mb Pdf\)](#) is also available.

A full description of how the CPI and RPI are compiled is given in the [Consumer Price Indices Technical Manual \(754.3 Kb Pdf\)](#).

Further information on the CPI and RPI, including details of the methodology used to construct the indices, articles, historic data etc. is available on the [Consumer Price Indices release page](#).

10. General

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[A list of persons receiving pre-release access to this release is available on the ONS website \(83.5 Kb Pdf\)](#).

The National Statistician, Jil Matheson, announced in December 2011 that the House Price Index previously produced by the Department for Communities and Local Government (and used in the production of the RPI) would transfer to ONS. The transfer is now complete and the House Price Index has been published for the first time by ONS on 17 April.

During 2010, an assessment team from the UK Statistics Authority conducted a review of the Office for National Statistics' Consumer Price Indices. Their remit was to assess compliance with the Code of Practice for Official Statistics. In December 2010, the team published their conclusions as [Assessment Report 79](#).

While carrying out the assessment, the team also researched and published [Monitoring Brief 7/2010 - Communicating Inflation](#).

Following this assessment and ONS's subsequent response, the UK Statistics Authority, on 31 January 2012 confirmed the designation of the CPI and RPI as National Statistics, in accordance with the Statistics and Registration Service Act 2007 and signifying compliance with the Code of Practice for Official Statistics.

Designation can be broadly interpreted to mean that the statistics:

- meet identified user needs
- are well explained and readily accessible
- are produced according to sound methods
- are managed impartially and objectively in the public interest

Once statistics have been designated as National Statistics it is a statutory requirement that the Code of Practice shall continue to be observed.

11. Media contact:

Tel: Luke Croydon 0845 6041858

Emergency on-call 07867 906553

Email: media.relations@ons.gsi.gov.uk

Email: cpi@ons.gsi.gov.uk

CPI/RPI recorded message: (Available after 9.45am on release day)

Tel: +44 (0)1633 456961

CPI/RPI Enquiries:

Tel: +44 (0)1633 456900

12. Details of the policy governing the release of new data are available by visiting www.statisticsauthority.gov.uk/assessment/code-of-practice/index.html or from the Media Relations Office email: media.relations@ons.gsi.gov.uk

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1 CPI: Detailed figures by division^{1, 3}

COICOP Division	Food and non-alcoholic beverages	Alcoholic beverages and tobacco	Clothing and footwear	Housing, water, electricity, gas & other fuels	Furniture, household equipment & routine maintenance	Health ²	Transport	Communication	Recreation and culture	Education ²	Restaurants and hotels	Miscellaneous goods and services ²	CPI (overall index)
	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	
Weights													
2012	CHZR 112	CHZS 42	CHZT 65	CHZU 144	CHZV 61	CHZW 24	CHZX 162	CHZY 27	CHZZ 134	CJUJ 19	CJUV 114	CJUW 96	CHZQ 1 000
Monthly indices (2005=100)													
2010 Mar	D7BU 126.0	D7BV 120.0	D7BW 78.1	D7BX 129.9	D7BY 110.2	D7BZ 114.6	D7C2 120.3	D7C3 98.0	D7C4 100.1	D7C5 152.2	D7C6 115.8	D7C7 112.4	D7BT 113.5
Apr	126.4	122.6	79.9	129.7	108.4	114.7	121.9	100.8	100.2	152.2	116.4	113.3	114.2
May	126.3	122.4	80.2	129.9	109.7	114.7	122.7	100.6	100.0	152.2	116.8	113.5	114.4
Jun	126.2	121.9	78.4	129.9	110.5	115.0	123.1	101.6	100.5	152.2	117.0	114.2	114.6
Jul	127.4	121.9	74.6	130.0	108.4	115.9	124.0	101.7	100.2	152.2	117.2	113.6	114.3
Aug	127.6	121.8	76.6	130.0	109.5	116.5	125.6	100.9	100.4	152.2	117.3	114.1	114.9
Sep	127.6	122.5	81.5	130.3	111.4	116.6	121.3	99.4	100.3	156.7	117.6	114.4	114.9
Oct	128.2	123.5	80.9	130.4	110.3	117.5	121.8	100.3	100.9	160.2	117.8	114.5	115.2
Nov	130.2	123.1	82.5	130.8	112.1	117.2	121.8	100.0	100.7	160.2	118.0	114.4	115.6
Dec	132.2	122.0	81.0	132.6	113.5	117.0	126.1	99.8	101.1	160.2	118.3	114.9	116.8
2011 Jan	132.1	127.6	76.2	133.4	111.4	118.0	127.3	101.1	100.9	160.2	119.9	114.6	116.9
Feb	133.6	126.2	78.9	133.8	112.9	117.6	128.4	102.4	101.2	160.2	120.5	115.3	117.8
Mar	131.8	126.8	79.8	134.4	114.9	118.5	129.9	102.2	100.8	160.2	120.7	115.5	118.1
Apr	131.9	133.5	80.9	135.5	114.0	119.4	133.5	103.3	101.1	160.2	121.4	115.7	119.3
May	133.6	134.4	81.1	135.4	114.4	119.2	132.5	104.3	100.9	160.2	122.0	116.4	119.5
Jun	134.9	133.6	79.6	135.5	114.9	119.2	132.9	103.3	100.0	160.2	122.2	116.4	119.4
Jul	135.3	134.5	76.8	136.0	113.6	119.9	133.7	104.2	100.0	160.2	122.4	116.7	119.4
Aug	135.5	133.7	79.7	136.7	115.9	120.5	134.9	104.3	99.6	160.2	122.7	117.2	120.1
Sep	135.8	134.7	83.2	141.5	117.3	120.8	132.1	105.3	99.7	164.0	123.2	117.2	120.9
Oct	134.6	134.7	83.9	142.3	116.6	120.9	131.2	105.1	100.4	168.3	123.2	117.6	121.0
Nov	135.4	135.1	84.8	142.8	117.7	121.1	130.5	105.0	100.1	168.3	123.4	117.6	121.2
Dec	137.3	133.0	82.4	143.1	118.9	120.8	133.4	106.3	100.4	168.3	123.5	118.0	121.7
2012 Jan	136.8	135.5	78.4	143.3	116.2	121.7	132.4	106.0	100.4	168.3	123.5	117.9	121.1
Feb	138.5	136.7	80.7	142.9	118.0	121.8	133.2	106.6	100.3	168.3	124.0	118.7	121.8
Mar	137.8	136.9	82.4	142.7	119.6	121.8	134.2	107.2	100.2	168.3	124.3	118.7	122.2
Percentage change on a year earlier													
2010 Mar	D7G8 2.1	D7G9 4.7	D7GA -2.6	D7GB 0.1	D7GC 3.1	D7GD 3.3	D7GE 11.3	D7GF 4.9	D7GG 2.6	D7GH 5.2	D7GI 2.6	D7GJ 1.5	D7GT 3.4
Apr	2.9	7.0	-0.6	0.2	2.5	2.5	11.0	5.6	2.4	5.2	2.9	2.2	3.7
May	1.8	5.1	-0.7	0.6	2.7	2.5	10.1	5.3	2.0	5.2	2.8	2.4	3.4
Jun	1.9	5.5	-1.4	0.5	2.4	2.6	8.9	6.4	1.8	5.2	2.9	3.0	3.2
Jul	3.4	5.2	-3.1	0.4	3.3	2.7	7.8	6.4	1.4	5.2	3.0	2.1	3.1
Aug	4.1	4.7	-1.7	0.3	2.8	2.7	7.5	5.7	1.4	5.2	3.0	2.4	3.1
Sep	5.1	5.2	0.9	0.5	2.9	2.6	5.4	4.4	1.1	6.4	3.2	2.5	3.1
Oct	4.5	6.3	0.7	0.5	2.7	2.9	5.8	3.9	1.5	5.3	3.1	3.0	3.2
Nov	5.5	6.5	2.1	0.7	3.5	2.9	5.1	3.9	1.1	5.3	3.2	2.9	3.3
Dec	6.1	5.8	1.5	2.0	2.5	3.2	6.5	3.5	1.5	5.3	3.5	2.9	3.7
2011 Jan	6.3	6.7	1.3	2.1	3.8	2.9	7.7	3.5	1.0	5.3	4.5	2.2	4.0
Feb	6.2	6.0	2.8	3.1	4.1	2.7	7.9	4.6	1.3	5.3	4.5	2.7	4.4
Mar	4.5	5.7	2.2	3.4	4.2	3.4	8.0	4.3	0.6	5.3	4.3	2.7	4.0
Apr	4.4	8.9	1.2	4.4	5.1	4.1	9.6	2.5	0.9	5.3	4.3	2.1	4.5
May	5.8	9.8	1.2	4.3	4.3	3.9	8.0	3.7	0.9	5.3	4.5	2.5	4.5
Jun	6.9	9.6	1.5	4.3	4.0	3.6	7.9	1.7	-0.5	5.3	4.5	1.9	4.2
Jul	6.2	10.3	3.1	4.6	4.8	3.5	7.8	2.5	-0.2	5.3	4.4	2.7	4.4
Aug	6.2	9.8	4.0	5.1	5.8	3.4	7.4	3.4	-0.8	5.3	4.6	2.8	4.5
Sep	6.4	10.0	2.1	8.6	5.3	3.6	8.9	5.9	-0.6	4.6	4.7	2.4	5.2
Oct	5.0	9.1	3.6	9.1	5.7	3.0	7.7	4.8	-0.5	5.1	4.5	2.8	5.0
Nov	4.0	9.7	2.8	9.2	5.0	3.3	7.2	4.9	-0.5	5.1	4.6	2.8	4.8
Dec	3.8	9.0	1.8	7.9	4.7	3.2	5.8	6.6	-0.7	5.1	4.4	2.7	4.2
2012 Jan	3.5	6.2	2.9	7.4	4.4	3.2	4.0	4.9	-0.5	5.1	3.1	2.9	3.6
Feb	3.7	8.3	2.2	6.8	4.6	3.5	3.7	4.1	-0.9	5.1	2.9	2.9	3.4
Mar	4.6	8.0	3.2	6.2	4.1	2.8	3.3	4.8	-0.6	5.1	2.9	2.7	3.5

Key: - zero or negligible

1 Inflation rates prior to 1997 and index levels prior to 1996 are estimated. (Details are given in *Economic Trends* No. 541 December 1998 available on the National Statistics website)

2 The coverage of these categories was extended in January 2000; further extensions to coverage came into effect in January 2001 for health and miscellaneous goods and services; the coverage of miscellaneous goods and services was further extended with effect from January 2002.

3 More detailed CPI data are available at <http://www.ons.gov.uk>

Source: National Statistics

2 CPI, RPI and other selected indices: the latest three years⁴

	Consumer prices index (CPI) ¹		Consumer prices index excluding indirect taxes (CPIY) ³		Consumer prices index at constant tax rates (CPI-CT)		All items retail prices index (RPI)		All items RPI excluding			
	Index (2005=100)	Percentage change over 12 months	Index (2005=100)	Percentage change over 12 months	Index (2005=100)	Percentage change over 12 months	Index (Jan 13, 1987=100)	Percentage change over 12 months	mortgage interest payments (RPIX)		mortgage interest payments and indirect taxes (RPIY) ²	
									Index (Jan 13, 1987=100)	Percentage change over 12 months	Index (Jan 13, 1987=100)	Percentage change over 12 months
	D7BT	D7G7	EL2Q	EL2S	EAC7	EAD6	CHAW	CZBH	CHMK	CDKQ	CBZW	CBZX
2009 Mar	109.8	2.9	111.6	4.3	110.5	3.9	211.3	-0.4	209.9	2.2	202.5	3.2
Apr	110.1	2.3	111.8	3.8	110.7	3.4	211.5	-1.2	210.7	1.7	202.9	2.7
May	110.7	2.2	112.4	3.6	111.2	3.3	212.8	-1.1	212.0	1.6	204.1	2.6
Jun	111.0	1.8	112.7	3.1	111.6	2.9	213.4	-1.6	212.6	1.0	204.7	1.9
Jul	110.9	1.8	112.7	3.1	111.5	2.8	213.4	-1.4	212.6	1.2	204.7	2.1
Aug	111.4	1.6	113.2	2.9	112.0	2.7	214.4	-1.3	213.6	1.4	205.8	2.3
Sep	111.5	1.1	113.1	2.2	112.0	2.1	215.3	-1.4	214.5	1.3	206.5	2.0
Oct	111.7	1.5	113.4	2.6	112.2	2.5	216.0	-0.8	215.1	1.9	207.3	2.8
Nov	112.0	1.9	113.7	3.0	112.5	2.9	216.6	0.3	215.8	2.7	207.9	3.5
Dec	112.6	2.9	114.4	2.8	113.1	2.6	218.0	2.4	217.2	3.8	209.5	3.8
2010 Jan	112.4	3.5	112.5	1.9	111.3	1.7	217.9	3.7	217.1	4.6	206.5	3.3
Feb	112.9	3.0	112.9	1.4	111.7	1.2	219.2	3.7	218.4	4.2	208.0	2.9
Mar	113.5	3.4	113.6	1.8	112.3	1.6	220.7	4.4	219.9	4.8	209.5	3.5
Apr	114.2	3.7	114.0	2.0	112.8	1.9	222.8	5.3	222.0	5.4	210.9	3.9
May	114.4	3.4	114.3	1.7	113.0	1.6	223.6	5.1	222.8	5.1	211.8	3.8
Jun	114.6	3.2	114.5	1.6	113.2	1.5	224.1	5.0	223.3	5.0	212.4	3.8
Jul	114.3	3.1	114.3	1.4	112.9	1.3	223.6	4.8	222.7	4.8	211.8	3.5
Aug	114.9	3.1	114.9	1.4	113.5	1.3	224.5	4.7	223.6	4.7	212.8	3.4
Sep	114.9	3.1	114.9	1.5	113.5	1.4	225.3	4.6	224.4	4.6	213.6	3.4
Oct	115.2	3.2	115.1	1.6	113.8	1.4	225.8	4.5	224.9	4.6	214.0	3.2
Nov	115.6	3.3	115.5	1.6	114.2	1.5	226.8	4.7	225.9	4.7	215.0	3.4
Dec	116.8	3.7	116.7	2.0	115.3	1.9	228.4	4.8	227.5	4.7	216.9	3.5
2011 Jan	116.9	4.0	115.2	2.4	113.9	2.3	229.0	5.1	228.2	5.1	214.3	3.8
Feb	117.8	4.4	116.1	2.8	114.7	2.7	231.3	5.5	230.5	5.5	216.6	4.1
Mar	118.1	4.0	116.4	2.5	115.0	2.4	232.5	5.3	231.7	5.4	217.8	4.0
Apr	119.3	4.5	117.4	3.0	116.0	2.8	234.4	5.2	233.7	5.3	219.3	4.0
May	119.5	4.5	117.7	3.0	116.2	2.8	235.2	5.2	234.5	5.3	220.1	3.9
Jun	119.4	4.2	117.6	2.7	116.1	2.6	235.2	5.0	234.5	5.0	220.2	3.7
Jul	119.4	4.4	117.6	2.9	116.1	2.8	234.7	5.0	233.9	5.0	219.8	3.8
Aug	120.1	4.5	118.3	3.0	116.8	2.9	236.1	5.2	235.4	5.3	221.3	4.0
Sep	120.9	5.2	119.1	3.7	117.5	3.5	237.9	5.6	237.3	5.7	223.2	4.5
Oct	121.0	5.0	119.2	3.5	117.6	3.4	238.0	5.4	237.4	5.6	223.3	4.3
Nov	121.2	4.8	119.4	3.4	117.8	3.2	238.5	5.2	237.9	5.3	223.9	4.1
Dec	121.7	4.2	120.0	2.8	118.3	2.6	239.4	4.8	238.8	5.0	225.0	3.7
2012 Jan	121.1	3.6	119.4	3.6	117.7	3.4	238.0	3.9	237.3	4.0	223.4	4.2
Feb	121.8	3.4	120.1	3.5	118.4	3.2	239.9	3.7	239.3	3.8	225.3	4.0
Mar	122.2	3.5	120.5	3.5	118.8	3.3	240.8	3.6	240.2	3.7	226.3	3.9

Key: - zero or negligible

1 Inflation rates prior to 1997 and index levels prior to 1996 are estimated. (Details are given in Economic Trends No.541 December 1998 available on the National Statistics website)

2 The taxes excluded are council tax, VAT, duties, vehicle excise duty, insurance tax, television licence fees and air passenger duty.

3 The taxes excluded are VAT, duties, vehicle excise duty, television licence fees (since these were included in the headline CPI from February 2012) insurance premium tax, air passenger duty, stamp duty on share transactions

4 More detailed CPI and RPI data and complete runs of CPI and RPI and other inflation measures are available at <http://www.ons.gsi.gov.uk>

Source: National Statistics

3 CPI: Detailed figures by divisions, groups and classes

	Weights		Index (2005=100)		Percentage change over 1 month		Percentage change over 12 months								
	2012	2011 Mar	2012 Mar	2011 Mar	2012 Mar	2011 Jul	2011 Aug	2011 Sep	2011 Oct	2011 Nov	2011 Dec	2012 Jan	2012 Feb	2012 Mar	
CPI (overall index)	1 000	118.1	122.2	0.3	0.3	4.4	4.5	5.2	5.0	4.8	4.2	3.6	3.4	3.5	
01 Food and non-alcoholic beverages	112	131.8	137.8	-1.4	-0.5	6.2	6.2	6.4	5.0	4.0	3.8	3.5	3.7	4.6	
02 Alcoholic beverages and tobacco	42	126.8	136.9	0.5	0.2	10.3	9.8	10.0	9.1	9.7	9.0	6.2	8.3	8.0	
03 Clothing and footwear	65	79.8	82.4	1.1	2.2	3.1	4.0	2.1	3.6	2.8	1.8	2.9	2.2	3.2	
04 Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels	144	134.4	142.7	0.4	-0.2	4.6	5.1	8.6	9.1	9.2	7.9	7.4	6.8	6.2	
05 Furniture, household equipment and maintenance	61	114.9	119.6	1.7	1.3	4.8	5.8	5.3	5.7	5.0	4.7	4.4	4.6	4.1	
06 Health	24	118.5	121.8	0.7	-	3.5	3.4	3.6	3.0	3.3	3.2	3.2	3.5	2.8	
07 Transport	162	129.9	134.2	1.2	0.8	7.8	7.4	8.9	7.7	7.2	5.8	4.0	3.7	3.3	
08 Communication	27	102.2	107.2	-0.2	0.6	2.5	3.4	5.9	4.8	4.9	6.6	4.9	4.1	4.8	
09 Recreation and culture	134	100.8	100.2	-0.4	-0.1	-0.2	-0.8	-0.6	-0.5	-0.5	-0.7	-0.5	-0.9	-0.6	
10 Education	19	160.2	168.3	-	-	5.3	5.3	4.6	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	
11 Restaurants and hotels	114	120.7	124.3	0.2	0.2	4.4	4.6	4.7	4.5	4.6	4.4	3.1	2.9	2.9	
12 Miscellaneous goods and services	96	115.5	118.7	0.2	-	2.7	2.8	2.4	2.8	2.8	2.7	2.9	2.9	2.7	
All goods	555	114.6	118.7	0.3	0.4	4.5	4.8	5.7	5.6	5.1	4.2	3.5	3.4	3.5	
All services	445	122.3	126.5	0.2	0.2	4.4	4.2	4.6	4.2	4.3	4.2	3.6	3.4	3.4	
All items CPI excluding Energy, food, alcoholic beverages and tobacco	744	112.2	114.9	0.3	0.4	3.1	3.1	3.3	3.4	3.2	3.0	2.6	2.4	2.5	
01.1 Food	98	131.8	137.9	-1.5	-0.3	5.8	5.6	6.0	4.6	3.7	3.5	3.4	3.3	4.6	
01.1.1 Bread and cereals	17	131.4	137.7	-2.6	0.2	9.7	7.1	7.7	6.2	3.1	3.1	3.4	1.9	4.8	
01.1.2 Meat	22	127.1	134.9	-0.9	0.8	6.6	7.1	6.5	5.8	6.4	5.2	5.7	4.4	6.1	
01.1.3 Fish	4	146.1	153.0	0.4	-0.1	7.0	6.2	8.2	10.0	8.2	6.4	5.5	5.3	4.7	
01.1.4 Milk, cheese and eggs	14	130.9	134.8	-1.1	-0.7	3.3	5.3	4.9	2.6	3.1	1.7	1.9	2.5	3.0	
01.1.5 Oils and fats	2	148.4	159.1	4.7	-	15.9	12.3	10.5	10.5	9.5	13.0	9.8	12.2	7.2	
01.1.6 Fruit	9	125.7	128.0	-4.7	0.2	1.8	2.1	5.9	0.9	-0.2	0.5	0.1	-3.1	1.8	
01.1.7 Vegetables including potatoes and tubers	15	135.5	141.3	-0.7	-0.4	4.7	3.9	3.8	2.3	0.8	1.6	0.6	3.9	4.2	
01.1.8 Sugar, jam, syrups, chocolate and confectionery	12	138.0	142.4	-0.5	-2.4	7.5	7.6	8.1	8.5	5.6	5.5	4.2	5.2	3.2	
01.1.9 Food products (nec)	3	115.7	125.1	-2.9	-0.6	3.0	3.5	2.2	2.9	3.5	5.6	6.0	5.6	8.1	
01.2 Non-alcoholic beverages	14	131.7	137.5	-0.5	-2.1	8.3	9.9	8.9	7.2	6.1	5.9	4.4	6.2	4.4	
01.2.1 Coffee, tea and cocoa	4	140.2	146.6	0.8	-3.5	9.1	11.1	13.5	12.8	10.4	9.6	9.5	9.2	4.6	
01.2.2 Mineral waters, soft drinks and juices	10	129.2	134.9	-1.0	-1.6	7.9	9.4	7.3	5.3	4.6	4.5	2.5	5.1	4.4	
02.1 Alcoholic beverages	18	115.9	123.9	1.1	0.5	8.0	6.6	6.1	3.8	5.9	5.5	3.1	7.6	6.9	
02.1.1 Spirits	5	116.4	130.4	0.2	1.1	9.7	2.9	3.6	4.7	6.7	8.4	2.0	11.1	12.1	
02.1.2 Wine	9	120.1	123.2	1.9	-0.9	6.3	7.6	6.8	2.3	6.0	4.1	3.1	5.4	2.6	
02.1.3 Beer	4	106.2	116.7	0.5	2.6	9.5	8.4	7.7	5.6	4.7	5.0	3.6	7.7	9.9	
02.2 Tobacco	24	135.3	147.3	-	-	12.0	12.3	13.1	13.4	12.8	11.8	8.8	8.9	8.9	
03.1 Clothing	56	79.1	82.0	1.2	2.3	4.2	5.2	2.9	4.7	3.7	2.4	3.3	2.6	3.7	
03.1.2 Garments	52	77.3	80.4	1.4	2.5	4.4	5.5	3.3	5.0	4.0	2.6	3.6	2.8	4.0	
03.1.3 Other clothing and clothing accessories	3	98.6	99.0	-0.1	-0.9	2.0	1.1	-1.7	0.5	-1.4	-1.4	1.1	1.2	0.4	
03.1.4 Cleaning, repair and hire of clothing	1	120.5	124.0	-0.1	-0.1	4.7	4.5	4.3	4.1	4.1	4.0	2.7	2.9	2.9	
03.2 Footwear including repairs	9	84.3	84.1	0.4	1.3	-3.3	-2.6	-3.5	-3.4	-3.3	-2.3	-0.1	-1.2	-0.3	
04.1 Actual rentals for housing	64	114.7	118.1	0.1	0.1	3.0	3.1	2.9	2.9	2.8	2.9	3.0	3.0	2.9	
04.3 Regular maintenance and repair of the dwelling	14	128.2	132.4	0.3	0.2	5.0	5.5	5.4	5.2	3.9	5.0	3.5	3.4	3.2	
04.3.1 Materials for maintenance and repair	8	136.0	143.5	0.6	0.4	7.4	8.2	8.2	7.8	5.5	7.2	5.9	5.7	5.5	
04.3.2 Services for maintenance and repair	6	118.4	118.2	-0.1	-0.1	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.4	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	
04.4 Water supply and misc. services for the dwelling	10	128.5	134.4	-	-	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	
04.4.1 Water supply	5	130.3	136.4	-	-	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.6	
04.4.3 Sewerage collection	5	126.9	132.5	-	-	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.4	
04.5 Electricity, gas and other fuels	56	174.2	195.1	0.9	-0.5	6.5	7.7	18.3	19.9	20.9	16.2	15.4	13.7	12.0	
04.5.1 Electricity	20	161.0	174.0	0.7	-1.1	4.0	5.1	12.9	14.9	15.5	14.1	13.2	10.1	8.1	
04.5.2 Gas	32	189.8	220.4	0.5	-0.4	6.4	8.3	22.3	24.1	25.3	19.8	18.7	17.2	16.1	
04.5.3 Liquid fuels	3	201.6	210.9	8.9	1.7	31.3	26.8	31.0	25.5	28.9	2.6	4.9	12.0	4.6	
04.5.4 Solid fuels	1	167.7	177.6	-0.2	0.3	6.0	5.3	5.4	7.9	8.2	7.8	6.9	5.4	5.9	
05.1 Furniture, furnishings and carpets	20	117.4	120.5	2.9	2.9	2.7	4.1	2.7	4.6	3.2	3.9	2.5	2.7	2.7	
05.1.1 Furniture and furnishings	16	117.0	120.3	3.7	4.6	2.6	3.3	2.3	4.1	2.4	2.9	2.3	1.9	2.8	
05.1.2 Carpets and other floor coverings	4	117.1	119.3	0.2	-3.6	3.3	7.2	3.5	6.2	5.5	7.4	3.2	5.8	1.8	
05.2 Household textiles	7	95.2	100.1	0.7	1.5	8.7	9.1	7.2	7.6	5.7	4.0	4.3	4.3	5.2	
05.3 Household appliances, fitting and repairs	9	107.5	110.5	0.1	1.0	3.2	3.0	2.4	4.2	2.7	0.8	1.1	1.9	2.8	
05.3.1/2 Major appliances and small electric goods	8	106.5	109.7	0.1	1.1	3.3	3.1	2.4	4.4	2.8	0.7	1.1	2.0	3.0	
05.3.3 Repair of household appliances	1	115.1	116.1	0.1	-	2.3	2.3	2.4	2.2	2.0	1.8	1.1	1.0	0.8	
05.4 Glassware, tableware and household utensils	5	114.4	117.5	1.1	1.1	3.7	4.0	4.1	2.8	6.0	3.4	3.4	2.6	2.7	
05.5 Tools and equipment for house and garden	5	116.7	131.4	3.6	-1.1	14.5	14.8	17.6	15.4	14.0	15.0	16.8	17.9	12.6	
05.6 Goods and services for routine maintenance	15	125.9	129.5	0.5	-	2.1	4.6	4.9	2.8	4.3	5.2	2.8	3.4	2.9	
05.6.1 Non-durable household goods	6	128.7	133.5	0.8	-0.1	2.4	6.5	7.1	3.3	6.1	7.2	3.4	4.7	3.7	
05.6.2 Domestic services and household services	9	120.7	122.7	0.1	-	1.6	1.7	1.6	1.8	1.6	2.1	1.5	1.7	1.6	
06.1 Medical products, appliances and equipment	10	105.3	106.5	1.4	-0.1	2.2	2.2	2.6	1.5	2.2	2.2	1.9	2.7	1.1	
06.1.1 Pharmaceutical products	6	107.2	108.4	2.3	-0.3	3.7	3.9	4.4	2.2	3.3	2.5	1.7	3.9	1.2	
06.1.2/3 Other medical and therapeutic equipment	4	103.4	104.4	0.4	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.4	0.5	0.8	1.8	1.9	1.2	0.9	

Key:- zero or negligible .. not available (nec) not elsewhere covered

3 CPI: Detailed figures by divisions, groups and classes

continued

	Weights Index (2005=100)			Percentage change over 1 month					Percentage change over 12 months					
	2012	2011	2012	2011	2012	2011	2011	2011	2011	2011	2011	2012	2012	2012
		Mar	Mar	Mar	Mar	Mar	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb
06.2 Out-patient services	5	117.6	119.9	0.1	-	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.8	2.6	2.4	1.9	2.1	2.0
06.2.1/3 Medical services & paramedical services	3	114.4	115.8	0.1	-0.1	2.1	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.1	1.8	1.2	1.4	1.3
06.2.2 Dental services	2	121.2	124.4	0.2	0.1	3.2	3.2	3.3	3.3	3.1	3.1	2.6	2.7	2.6
06.3 Hospital services	9	137.2	144.6	-	0.1	5.3	5.1	5.2	4.8	4.7	4.8	5.4	5.3	5.4
07.1 Purchase of vehicles	43	105.0	103.5	0.6	-0.1	-0.2	-	0.8	0.6	0.5	0.8	-0.4	-0.7	-1.4
07.1.1A New cars	24	112.0	112.8	0.1	-	3.6	3.6	3.4	3.4	3.0	3.1	0.7	0.8	0.7
07.1.1B Second-hand cars	16	92.9	88.8	1.5	-0.1	-5.0	-4.8	-3.4	-3.4	-2.9	-2.7	-2.7	-2.9	-4.4
07.1.2/3 Motorcycles and bicycles	3	120.7	117.2	-	-1.3	2.9	1.7	4.3	2.7	0.2	0.6	1.5	-1.6	-2.9
07.2 Operation of personal transport equipment	89	140.7	145.0	1.5	1.2	10.0	11.0	11.4	10.1	8.9	6.8	3.4	3.3	3.0
07.2.1 Spare parts and accessories	5	117.2	118.2	-0.2	0.1	4.7	4.7	4.4	4.0	3.6	3.5	0.3	0.6	0.8
07.2.2 Fuels and lubricants	46	152.6	160.0	2.7	2.2	15.1	17.0	17.8	15.4	13.1	9.4	5.3	5.3	4.8
07.2.3 Maintenance and repairs	22	131.0	133.2	0.1	0.2	4.6	4.5	4.6	4.5	4.5	4.4	1.7	1.6	1.7
07.2.4 Other services	16	122.5	122.6	0.7	-	3.6	3.9	3.8	3.8	3.7	3.0	1.1	0.8	0.1
07.3 Transport services	30	142.3	153.9	1.1	0.6	12.2	8.5	12.8	10.2	10.5	8.6	9.3	8.7	8.2
07.3.1 Passenger transport by railway	9	138.8	145.9	0.6	-0.7	9.3	6.1	6.6	6.7	5.9	6.7	5.3	6.5	5.1
07.3.2 Passenger transport by road	12	125.2	131.2	0.2	-	5.6	5.6	5.1	5.3	5.5	6.2	6.8	5.1	4.8
07.3.3 Passenger transport by air	8	116.5	125.8	2.1	4.4	12.5	7.7	17.6	7.6	6.3	5.7	9.6	5.7	8.0
07.3.4 Passenger transport by sea and inland waterway	1	141.1	142.2	3.1	-7.6	4.7	-5.4	1.9	4.4	13.3	-3.6	-1.5	12.6	0.8
08.1 Postal services	1	149.1	164.6	-	-	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5
08.2/3 Telephone and telefax equipment and services	26	100.5	104.8	-0.2	0.6	1.9	2.9	5.5	4.3	4.5	6.2	4.4	3.6	4.3
09.1 Audio-visual equipment and related products	23	53.7	49.0	-1.7	-1.0	-10.4	-11.5	-11.4	-10.0	-10.4	-11.5	-9.1	-9.4	-8.7
09.1.1 Reception and reproduction of sound and pictures	6	52.7	48.5	-0.6	-0.7	-8.9	-10.4	-10.0	-7.4	-8.4	-8.3	-7.7	-7.9	-8.0
09.1.2 Photographic, cinematographic and optical equipment	4	24.5	16.8	-1.4	-6.1	-21.2	-15.2	-20.8	-25.4	-23.4	-25.4	-24.1	-28.1	-31.5
09.1.3 Data processing equipment	6	41.3	36.6	-2.6	-	-15.7	-18.3	-18.7	-17.4	-19.3	-18.7	-15.1	-13.7	-11.4
09.1.4 Recording media	6	75.5	79.4	-2.2	0.7	-1.9	-5.5	-0.2	3.5	3.2	-1.9	1.7	2.0	5.1
09.1.5 Repair of audio-visual equipment & related products	1	116.7	118.2	-0.2	0.1	2.2	2.0	2.2	2.2	2.1	2.7	0.5	0.9	1.2
09.2 Oth. major durables for recreation & culture	10	114.9	119.1	-	-	4.0	4.2	4.2	3.9	4.9	4.9	3.4	3.7	3.7
09.2.1/2 Major durables for in/outdoor recreation	10	114.9	119.1	-	-	4.0	4.2	4.2	3.9	4.9	4.9	3.4	3.7	3.7
09.3 Other recreational items, gardens and pets	35	100.0	99.3	-0.6	0.4	-1.7	-3.1	-1.6	-1.1	-1.3	-1.1	-0.7	-1.7	-0.7
09.3.1 Games, toys and hobbies	20	89.2	87.8	-1.2	-	-5.8	-8.5	-6.1	-4.9	-4.7	-3.5	-2.4	-2.8	-1.6
09.3.2 Equipment for sport and open-air recreation	3	100.6	99.0	3.1	1.9	0.4	0.5	0.2	-	3.3	1.6	1.6	-0.4	-1.6
09.3.3 Gardens, plants and flowers	4	116.4	113.4	-0.3	0.6	4.7	4.6	4.6	3.7	-0.8	-2.1	-2.3	-3.4	-2.6
09.3.4/5 Pets, related products and services	8	126.6	131.3	-0.5	1.0	5.0	6.0	6.3	6.4	6.0	5.3	4.2	2.2	3.7
09.4 Recreational and cultural services	29	125.1	128.8	0.4	0.3	5.5	5.4	4.7	4.2	4.4	4.4	3.2	3.1	3.0
09.4.1 Recreational and sporting services	8	126.8	130.8	-	-	5.3	5.3	4.6	4.1	3.9	3.7	3.3	3.1	3.2
09.4.2 Cultural services	21	124.1	127.8	0.5	0.4	5.4	5.3	4.8	4.1	4.5	4.7	3.1	3.0	2.9
09.5 Books, newspapers and stationery	13	122.1	122.3	-0.1	-1.1	3.2	3.2	3.9	3.5	3.2	2.5	2.0	1.2	0.1
09.5.1 Books	3	120.8	113.2	-0.3	-2.4	1.2	-0.7	-1.5	0.7	-0.1	-2.2	-2.8	-4.3	-6.3
09.5.2 Newspapers and periodicals	5	126.5	130.8	0.7	-1.3	2.3	4.4	5.0	3.7	5.1	6.4	6.0	5.6	3.4
09.5.3/4 Misc. printed matter, stationery, drawing materials	5	115.5	118.2	-0.7	-0.1	4.7	4.2	6.0	4.7	3.8	2.4	1.6	1.7	2.3
09.6 Package holidays	24	119.1	120.7	-	-	2.3	2.2	1.7	1.4	1.6	1.6	1.4	1.3	1.3
10.0 Education	19	160.2	168.3	-	-	5.3	5.3	4.6	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1
11.1 Catering services	97	121.8	125.9	0.2	0.2	4.7	4.9	5.0	5.0	4.9	4.9	3.6	3.3	3.3
11.1.1 Restaurants & cafes	86	122.1	126.2	0.2	0.2	4.8	5.0	5.1	5.1	4.9	4.9	3.5	3.4	3.4
11.1.2 Canteens	11	119.4	122.5	0.2	-	3.6	4.0	3.9	4.3	5.0	4.7	4.1	2.8	2.6
11.2 Accommodation services	17	113.8	114.5	0.3	0.4	2.6	2.7	3.1	1.9	2.5	1.8	-0.1	0.6	0.6
12.1 Personal care	28	115.3	116.5	-0.3	-0.5	2.9	3.0	2.6	3.0	2.7	1.7	1.0	1.2	1.0
12.1.1 Hairdressing and personal grooming establishments	8	119.4	121.3	0.2	0.1	3.3	3.4	3.4	3.5	3.0	2.9	1.9	1.7	1.6
12.1.2/3 Appliances and products for personal care	20	113.8	114.8	-0.5	-0.7	2.7	2.8	2.4	2.8	2.5	1.2	0.7	1.1	0.9
12.3 Personal effects (nec)	13	123.4	131.5	0.9	0.8	5.3	5.8	5.3	6.8	6.1	6.1	6.2	6.7	6.6
12.3.1 Jewellery, clocks and watches	8	134.1	146.0	0.5	0.8	7.2	8.2	7.7	9.4	8.8	8.9	8.4	8.6	8.9
12.3.2 Other personal effects	5	102.3	103.9	1.9	0.9	0.9	0.3	-0.2	0.7	-	-0.1	1.6	2.6	1.5
12.4 Social protection	13	128.5	132.0	0.1	0.2	3.0	3.0	2.9	2.7	2.8	2.8	2.5	2.7	2.7
12.5 Insurance	8	151.2	161.1	2.2	0.2	13.6	12.1	10.4	9.9	10.4	12.0	10.3	8.7	6.5
12.5.2 House contents insurance	3	115.1	110.2	1.7	-0.2	-1.9	-0.4	-0.9	-0.9	-0.4	-1.6	-2.5	-2.4	-4.3
12.5.3 Health insurance	2	143.7	155.9	-	-	5.9	5.9	7.3	7.3	7.3	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
12.5.4 Transport insurance	3	178.0	193.3	3.5	0.7	24.9	21.2	17.9	16.2	17.0	21.0	15.5	11.6	8.6
12.6 Financial services (nec)	23	95.5	97.2	-0.1	-0.3	-2.3	-2.1	-2.3	-1.6	-1.1	-1.0	2.2	2.0	1.8
12.6.2 Other financial services (nec)	23	95.5	97.2	-0.1	-0.3	-2.3	-2.1	-2.3	-1.6	-1.1	-1.0	2.2	2.0	1.8
12.7 Other services (nec)	11	124.4	126.7	0.1	0.3	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.9	4.0	3.8	1.6	1.6	1.9

Key:- zero or negligible .. not available (nec) not elsewhere covered

4 RPI: Detailed figures for various groups, sub-groups and sections

continued

	Weights	Index (January 1987=100)							Percentage change over 12 months							Percentage change over 1 month
		2012	2011		2011		2012			2011		2011			2012	
			Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan		Feb
Tobacco	29	478.5	482.4	484.2	483.1	483.7	484.0	483.9	13.1	13.4	12.8	11.8	8.8	8.9	8.8	-
Cigarettes	25	490.5	494.4	496.1	494.7	495.4	495.7	495.7	13.1	13.4	12.7	11.6	8.7	8.8	8.7	-
Other tobacco	4	371.5	375.3	376.8	377.2	377.4	377.8	377.3	12.7	12.8	13.0	12.3	9.5	9.7	9.6	-0.1
Housing	237	320.7	320.3	320.6	320.6	321.0	321.1	320.9	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	-0.1
Rent	75	318.9	319.2	319.1	319.6	320.9	320.9	321.2	3.0	3.0	2.9	3.0	3.1	3.1	3.1	0.1
Mortgage interest payments	29	232.5	230.4	232.9	231.7	232.0	232.6	232.1	2.1	1.2	1.7	1.2	0.9	1.0	0.6	-0.2
Depreciation (Jan 1995 = 100)	56	285.4	285.2	284.4	283.7	283.5	283.7	282.7	-2.1	-2.0	-1.7	-1.5	-1.0	-0.7	-0.3	-0.4
Council tax and rates	41	316.8	316.8	316.8	316.8	316.8	316.8	316.8	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	-
Water and other charges	13	439.7	439.7	439.7	439.7	439.7	439.7	439.7	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	-
Repairs and maintenance charges	9	362.2	362.3	362.6	362.5	362.5	363.0	362.7	1.6	1.6	1.8	1.8	0.1	0.2	0.2	-0.1
Do-it-yourself materials	8	218.5	218.7	219.3	221.7	223.5	224.3	224.1	8.7	8.2	6.5	7.3	6.6	6.2	5.6	-0.1
Dwelling insurance and ground rent	6	351.2	347.4	349.4	350.4	347.9	344.8	348.1	-1.0	-1.8	-1.8	-3.2	-2.8	-4.0	-3.7	1.0
Fuel and light	46	307.9	312.3	315.5	315.6	315.6	312.8	310.9	18.8	20.2	21.1	15.5	14.9	13.2	11.3	-0.6
Coal and solid fuels	1	293.0	309.0	311.4	312.0	312.2	310.4	311.5	5.4	8.0	8.2	7.8	7.0	5.4	6.0	0.4
Electricity	21	266.2	270.2	271.6	271.6	271.6	268.2	265.2	12.9	14.9	15.5	14.1	13.2	10.1	8.1	-1.1
Gas	21	346.6	351.6	355.1	355.1	355.1	351.8	350.2	22.4	24.2	25.4	19.6	19.1	17.5	16.5	-0.5
Oil and other fuels	3	464.8	463.1	487.6	489.3	490.1	498.3	505.4	28.2	23.8	26.7	3.8	4.3	10.2	4.0	1.4
Household goods	62	183.5	182.6	183.7	186.3	180.5	184.6	188.0	6.1	7.0	5.9	5.8	4.9	5.0	4.7	1.8
Furniture	22	216.3	212.0	216.8	220.2	207.3	214.0	225.5	4.1	6.4	4.5	5.0	4.8	4.6	5.1	5.4
Furnishings	9	195.4	199.8	196.9	208.0	196.8	207.2	201.7	6.7	8.5	7.5	8.4	5.6	7.6	4.6	-2.7
Electrical appliances	6	75.8	76.8	76.8	75.4	74.6	75.3	76.3	4.4	6.4	5.3	1.8	1.9	1.1	2.1	1.3
Other household equipment	4	176.3	177.4	176.3	175.9	175.3	179.2	180.8	8.1	8.3	7.6	5.0	5.3	4.7	4.3	0.9
Household consumables	13	205.3	202.7	203.1	204.9	204.8	207.7	207.3	10.0	7.2	7.9	8.4	6.1	7.8	6.5	-0.2
Pet care	8	219.7	220.7	220.9	219.9	221.3	218.4	221.0	6.9	7.2	6.6	5.5	4.8	2.5	4.3	1.2
Household services	67	225.2	226.2	226.4	228.0	227.7	228.4	228.9	3.3	3.3	3.3	4.1	3.0	2.8	2.9	0.2
Postage	1	288.4	288.4	288.4	288.4	288.4	288.4	288.4	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	-
Telephones, telemessages, etc	24	93.0	93.0	92.8	94.5	94.3	94.8	95.4	5.0	4.1	4.0	6.2	4.3	3.6	4.4	0.6
Domestic services	13	346.5	347.0	347.5	348.4	348.7	349.4	350.1	2.7	2.8	2.6	2.8	2.0	2.2	2.2	0.2
Fees and subscriptions	29	348.2	352.0	352.9	352.7	352.2	352.6	352.5	1.7	2.7	2.7	2.4	2.1	2.0	1.7	-
Clothing and footwear	45	107.3	108.2	109.5	106.3	100.9	107.4	111.3	11.1	12.6	11.5	10.6	10.9	9.3	10.4	3.6
Men's outerwear	9	115.0	115.9	118.2	116.6	111.8	116.4	119.3	14.1	15.6	14.1	13.4	14.1	12.4	15.5	2.5
Women's outerwear	16	72.2	73.1	73.6	69.8	64.4	72.2	76.5	13.9	16.0	14.1	12.9	12.4	12.1	12.3	6.0
Children's outerwear	5	108.0	109.7	112.1	109.2	104.6	109.7	113.6	10.0	11.6	11.1	9.3	10.2	7.8	10.8	3.6
Other clothing	6	177.0	177.3	179.1	178.4	175.5	180.1	181.2	10.8	10.8	10.1	10.1	10.0	8.6	8.6	0.6
Footwear	9	118.7	118.5	119.5	118.0	114.6	117.3	120.0	2.0	2.9	2.6	3.1	4.8	2.9	4.1	2.3
Personal goods and services	39	250.3	250.3	251.2	250.1	250.8	253.7	253.9	4.4	4.3	4.5	3.8	3.7	3.8	3.5	0.1
Personal articles	10	165.5	165.5	167.8	166.8	165.7	170.6	172.9	4.9	5.5	6.4	6.2	6.4	6.3	6.5	1.3
Chemists goods	15	219.3	218.2	218.6	216.9	218.6	220.8	219.1	4.3	3.9	4.1	2.6	2.2	2.6	1.8	-0.8
Personal services	14	436.1	438.5	438.0	438.5	439.7	440.1	440.5	4.5	4.1	3.9	3.8	3.4	3.4	3.3	0.1
Motoring expenditure	131	238.3	238.3	239.0	240.7	239.3	240.6	242.7	8.7	7.7	7.2	6.8	3.9	3.3	2.1	0.9
Purchase of motor vehicles	39	96.8	96.7	96.9	96.0	97.8	98.4	98.3	-2.8	-2.7	-2.2	-1.9	-2.1	-2.6	-4.1	-0.1
Maintenance of motor vehicles	20	376.8	376.6	377.0	376.5	377.2	377.6	378.2	4.8	4.7	4.7	4.5	1.8	1.8	1.8	0.2
Petrol and oil	47	395.7	394.6	393.5	391.2	391.6	397.8	405.9	17.9	15.4	13.0	9.7	4.9	5.3	4.5	2.0
Vehicle tax and insurance	25	523.9	527.0	534.7	566.0	534.6	529.3	532.6	16.0	14.8	15.4	18.6	14.2	10.9	8.5	0.6
Fares and other travel costs	23	310.5	305.6	300.5	325.7	307.6	308.9	310.3	8.5	6.6	6.2	5.7	6.3	5.3	4.9	0.5
Rail fares	6	334.7	332.6	329.0	332.4	346.3	350.9	348.9	7.0	7.0	6.1	7.0	5.4	6.1	4.9	-0.6
Bus and coach fares	4	346.7	347.4	350.5	359.6	359.8	361.6	361.3	6.3	6.5	6.7	7.9	9.7	7.0	6.8	-0.1
Other travel costs	13	277.0	269.3	261.2	300.3	262.8	262.8	265.7	10.1	6.4	5.9	4.4	5.6	4.2	4.2	1.1
Leisure goods	33	84.0	84.7	83.6	84.4	84.1	85.0	84.9	-2.4	-1.7	-2.5	-2.4	-1.6	-2.3	-1.8	-0.1
Audio-visual equipment	7	9.2	9.2	8.9	8.9	9.1	9.1	9.1	-12.4	-10.7	-12.7	-12.7	-9.9	-9.9	-8.1	-
CDs and tapes	3	92.0	96.3	98.5	101.4	98.0	99.2	100.6	1.9	6.1	6.5	1.2	6.5	6.3	10.3	1.4
Toys, photographic and sports goods	10	80.7	81.8	82.0	82.2	83.0	82.1	82.0	-3.5	-3.5	-2.6	-1.8	-1.0	-2.4	-2.4	-0.1
Books and newspapers	8	305.9	305.8	302.4	304.5	299.9	310.3	304.9	3.2	3.5	4.1	4.4	3.6	2.4	0.2	-1.7
Gardening products	5	167.6	166.2	160.1	164.8	163.3	166.6	168.8	4.0	3.1	-0.9	-0.3	-1.1	-2.4	-0.5	1.3
Leisure services	71	332.8	333.6	333.6	333.7	333.7	334.6	335.2	3.3	2.8	3.0	3.0	2.5	2.5	2.5	0.2
Television licences and rentals	12	187.4	188.2	188.2	188.2	187.9	187.9	187.9	3.5	2.0	2.0	2.0	0.9	0.9	0.9	-
Entertainment and other recreation	17	449.7	452.8	452.3	452.4	452.1	453.8	455.7	4.4	4.6	4.7	4.9	4.5	4.6	4.6	0.4
Foreign holidays (Jan 1993 = 100)	33	216.2	216.5	216.7	216.7	217.1	217.6	217.8	3.1	2.7	2.8	2.9	2.6	2.5	2.5	0.1
UK holidays (Jan 1994 = 100)	9	191.7	191.0	190.9	190.8	190.2	191.4	191.9	2.5	1.8	2.2	2.0	1.2	1.4	1.4	0.3

Key: - zero or negligible

Source: National Statistics

5 A breakdown of the differences between CPI and RPI

	Difference between annual rates CPI - RPI		Breakdown of differences (unrounded figures)					
	rounded figures	unrounded figures	housing components excluded from CPI			other differences in coverage of goods and services	formula effect ¹	other differences including weights
			total	mortgage interest payments	other housing components			
	DRA2	DRA3	DRA4	DRA5	DRA7	DRA8	DRA9	DRB2
2007 Jan	-1.5	-1.53	-1.49	-0.90	-0.59	0.12	-0.59	0.43
Feb	-1.8	-1.78	-1.70	-1.09	-0.62	0.10	-0.55	0.37
Mar	-1.7	-1.75	-1.74	-1.09	-0.65	0.12	-0.57	0.43
Apr	-1.7	-1.77	-1.71	-1.09	-0.62	0.05	-0.60	0.48
May	-1.8	-1.79	-1.73	-1.11	-0.62	0.04	-0.59	0.48
Jun	-2.0	-2.04	-1.94	-1.29	-0.64	0.06	-0.64	0.48
Jul	-1.9	-2.00	-1.98	-1.31	-0.67	0.07	-0.54	0.44
Aug	-2.3	-2.29	-2.20	-1.51	-0.69	0.08	-0.57	0.40
Sep	-2.1	-2.21	-1.98	-1.30	-0.68	0.08	-0.60	0.29
Oct	-2.1	-2.15	-1.96	-1.28	-0.67	0.09	-0.60	0.31
Nov	-2.2	-2.20	-1.95	-1.28	-0.67	0.08	-0.59	0.26
Dec	-1.9	-1.95	-1.73	-1.07	-0.65	0.09	-0.55	0.23
2008 Jan	-1.9	-1.87	-1.54	-0.86	-0.68	0.10	-0.59	0.15
Feb	-1.6	-1.61	-1.27	-0.67	-0.60	0.12	-0.59	0.13
Mar	-1.3	-1.34	-1.02	-0.46	-0.56	0.11	-0.55	0.13
Apr	-1.2	-1.21	-0.96	-0.45	-0.51	0.15	-0.52	0.12
May	-1.0	-0.95	-0.71	-0.23	-0.48	0.17	-0.52	0.11
Jun	-0.8	-0.78	-0.46	-0.05	-0.41	0.17	-0.54	0.05
Jul	-0.6	-0.60	-0.33	-0.04	-0.30	0.18	-0.53	0.09
Aug	-0.1	-0.07	-0.06	0.17	-0.23	0.21	-0.49	0.28
Sep	0.2	0.22	0.01	0.18	-0.17	0.26	-0.46	0.41
Oct	0.3	0.21	0.12	0.17	-0.05	0.29	-0.47	0.26
Nov	1.1	1.05	0.68	0.62	0.07	0.34	-0.46	0.49
Dec	2.2	2.12	1.92	1.69	0.24	0.30	-0.49	0.39
2009 Jan	2.9	2.86	2.43	2.08	0.35	0.32	-0.46	0.57
Feb	3.2	3.14	2.75	2.40	0.35	0.31	-0.49	0.57
Mar	3.3	3.26	2.95	2.47	0.48	0.27	-0.48	0.52
Apr	3.5	3.44	3.36	2.76	0.60	0.26	-0.54	0.37
May	3.3	3.23	3.18	2.57	0.61	0.20	-0.50	0.36
Jun	3.4	3.39	3.17	2.57	0.60	0.15	-0.43	0.51
Jul	3.2	3.20	3.13	2.59	0.53	0.09	-0.50	0.48
Aug	2.9	2.89	3.06	2.60	0.46	0.02	-0.55	0.36
Sep	2.5	2.52	3.05	2.61	0.44	-0.07	-0.55	0.09
Oct	2.3	2.33	2.87	2.63	0.24	-0.13	-0.55	0.13
Nov	1.6	1.64	2.40	2.24	0.15	-0.15	-0.54	-0.07
Dec	0.5	0.48	1.19	1.24	-0.04	-0.10	-0.54	-0.08
2010 Jan	-0.2	-0.26	0.56	0.70	-0.14	-0.09	-0.59	-0.14
Feb	-0.7	-0.73	0.17	0.41	-0.24	-0.09	-0.67	-0.13
Mar	-1.0	-1.09	-0.22	0.14	-0.37	-0.06	-0.73	-0.07
Apr	-1.6	-1.62	-0.63	-0.15	-0.47	-0.09	-0.77	-0.13
May	-1.7	-1.68	-0.65	-0.15	-0.50	-0.09	-0.80	-0.13
Jun	-1.8	-1.79	-0.71	-0.15	-0.56	-0.07	-0.84	-0.18
Jul	-1.7	-1.72	-0.75	-0.17	-0.57	-	-0.86	-0.12
Aug	-1.6	-1.58	-0.72	-0.17	-0.54	0.07	-0.86	-0.07
Sep	-1.5	-1.56	-0.73	-0.18	-0.56	0.13	-0.90	-0.06
Oct	-1.3	-1.38	-0.58	-0.16	-0.42	0.15	-0.91	-0.04
Nov	-1.4	-1.43	-0.57	-0.17	-0.40	0.15	-0.94	-0.09
Dec	-1.1	-1.05	-0.48	-0.15	-0.32	0.14	-0.86	0.15
2011 Jan	-1.1	-1.12	-0.43	-0.15	-0.27	0.14	-0.88	0.05
Feb	-1.1	-1.15	-0.34	-0.16	-0.18	0.12	-1.02	0.09
Mar	-1.3	-1.28	-0.29	-0.15	-0.14	0.09	-1.03	-0.05
Apr	-0.7	-0.74	-0.15	-0.14	-0.01	0.11	-1.01	0.32
May	-0.7	-0.74	-0.09	-0.13	0.04	0.16	-1.00	0.19
Jun	-0.8	-0.76	-0.05	-0.13	0.08	0.21	-0.99	0.06
Jul	-0.6	-0.54	-	-0.10	0.10	0.22	-0.94	0.18
Aug	-0.7	-0.67	0.05	-0.07	0.12	0.21	-0.99	0.06
Sep	-0.4	-0.44	0.06	-0.07	0.13	0.19	-0.97	0.28
Oct	-0.4	-0.43	0.07	-0.04	0.11	0.20	-1.00	0.30
Nov	-0.4	-0.42	0.05	-0.06	0.10	0.18	-0.99	0.34
Dec	-0.6	-0.62	0.06	-0.04	0.10	0.18	-1.02	0.16
2012 Jan	-0.3	-0.34	0.05	-0.03	0.08	0.11	-0.94	0.44
Feb	-0.3	-0.28	0.04	-0.03	0.07	0.12	-0.90	0.46
Mar	-0.1	-0.13	0.03	-0.02	0.05	0.14	-0.93	0.62

Key: - zero or negligible

Source: National Statistics

¹ Difference due to use of different formulae to aggregate prices at the most basic level.