

Labour Market Statistics, May 2013



Coverage: **UK**

Date: **15 May 2013**

Geographical Area: **UK and GB**

Theme: **Labour Market**

For January to March 2013:

- The employment rate for those aged from 16 to 64 was 71.4%, down 0.2 percentage points from October to December 2012 but up 0.8 percentage points from a year earlier. There were 29.71 million people in employment aged 16 and over, down 43,000 from October to December 2012 but up 434,000 from a year earlier.
- The unemployment rate was 7.8% of the economically active population, up 0.1 percentage points from October to December 2012 but down 0.4 from a year earlier. There were 2.52 million unemployed people, up 15,000 from October to December 2012 but down 92,000 from a year earlier.
- The inactivity rate for those aged from 16 to 64 was 22.4%, up 0.1 percentage points from October to December 2012 but down 0.6 from a year earlier. There were 9.00 million economically inactive people aged from 16 to 64, up 47,000 from October to December 2012 but down 212,000 from a year earlier.
- Total pay rose by 0.4% compared with January to March 2012; the growth rate has not been lower since March to May 2009. Regular pay rose by 0.8% over the same period, the lowest growth rate since comparable records began in 2001.

In this Bulletin

This Statistical Bulletin contains the latest estimates for employment, unemployment, economic inactivity, claimant count, average earnings, labour productivity, vacancies and labour disputes. The estimates are used by a wide range of users, particularly across government and the media, to monitor developments in the labour market. All estimates discussed in this Statistical Bulletin are for the United Kingdom and are seasonally adjusted except where otherwise stated. Most of the figures discussed in this Statistical Bulletin are obtained from surveys of households or businesses and are therefore estimates, not precise figures. See the **Seasonal Adjustment** and **Sampling Variability** sections of this Bulletin for further details.

This Statistical Bulletin is accompanied by [data tables in spreadsheet format](#).

There is an [article on the website](#) to help users interpret labour market statistics and highlight some common misunderstandings. A more detailed [Guide to Labour Market Statistics](#) is also available.

Regional estimates are available from the [Regional Labour Market statistics release](#). Regional and local area labour market statistics are also available from the [NOMIS website](#).

New this month:

- Labour Force Survey and Average Weekly Earnings estimates for January to March 2013.
- Claimant count estimates for April 2013.
- Vacancies estimates for February to April 2013.
- Labour disputes estimates for March 2013.

Summary of labour market statistics published on 15 May 2013

A [short video](#) explaining this story is available. Further summary stories are available from the [labour market statistics page](#) on the National Statistics website.

For January to March 2013, compared with October to December 2012,

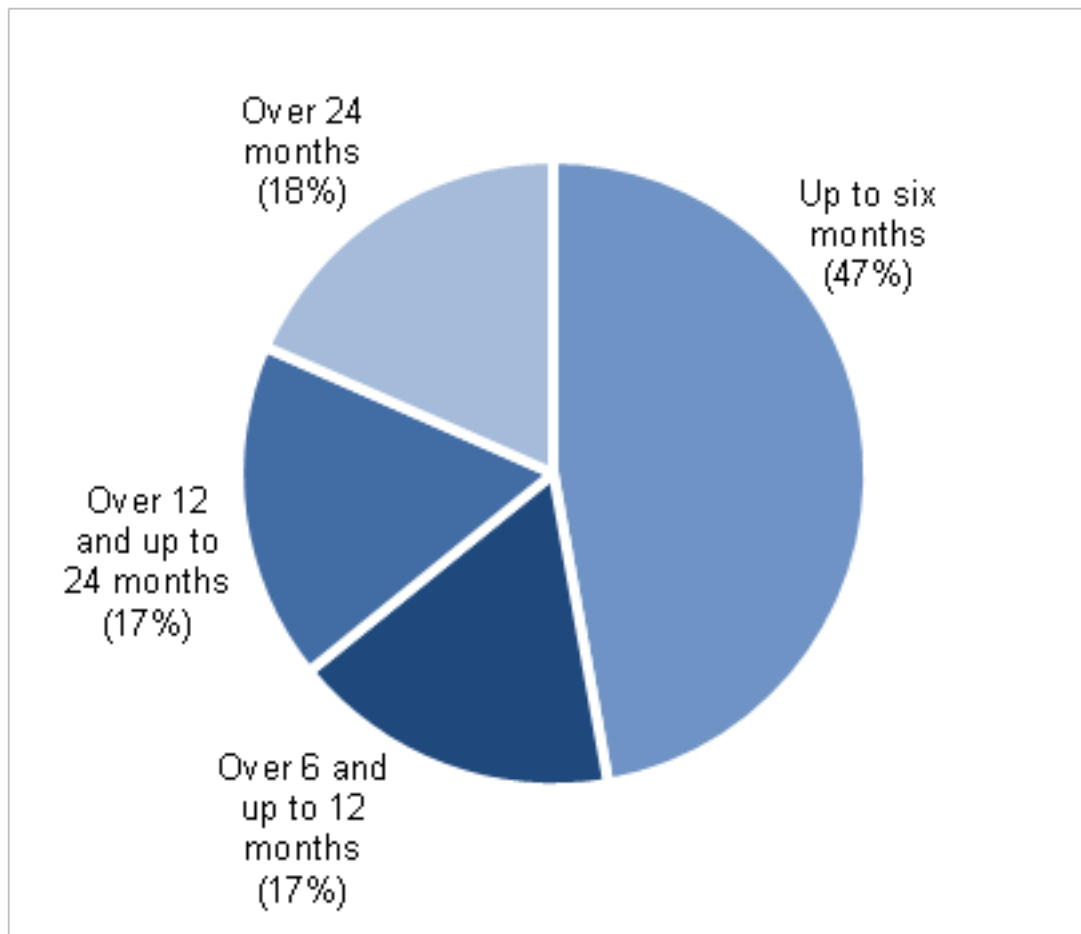
- there was a fall in the number of employed people,
- there was a rise in the number of economically inactive people aged from 16 to 64, and
- there was a rise in the number of unemployed people.

The number of people in employment fell by 43,000 between October to December 2012 and January to March 2013. There were 29.71 million people aged 16 and over in employment and the employment rate for people aged from 16 to 64 was 71.4% for January to March 2013.

There were 503,000 job vacancies for February to April 2013, up 40,000 compared with a year earlier and the highest since October to December 2008.

The number of unemployed people rose by 15,000 between October to December 2012 and January to March 2013 and there were 2.52 million unemployed people. However there were 92,000 fewer unemployed people compared with a year earlier. The unemployment rate was 7.8% of the economically active population for January to March 2013.

Looking at unemployment by duration, 18% had been looking for work for over two years, but almost half (47%) had been unemployed for six months or less. The remainder had been looking for work for between six months and two years, as shown in Chart 1.

Chart 1: Unemployment by duration for January to March 2013, seasonally adjusted

Source: Labour Force Survey - Office for National Statistics

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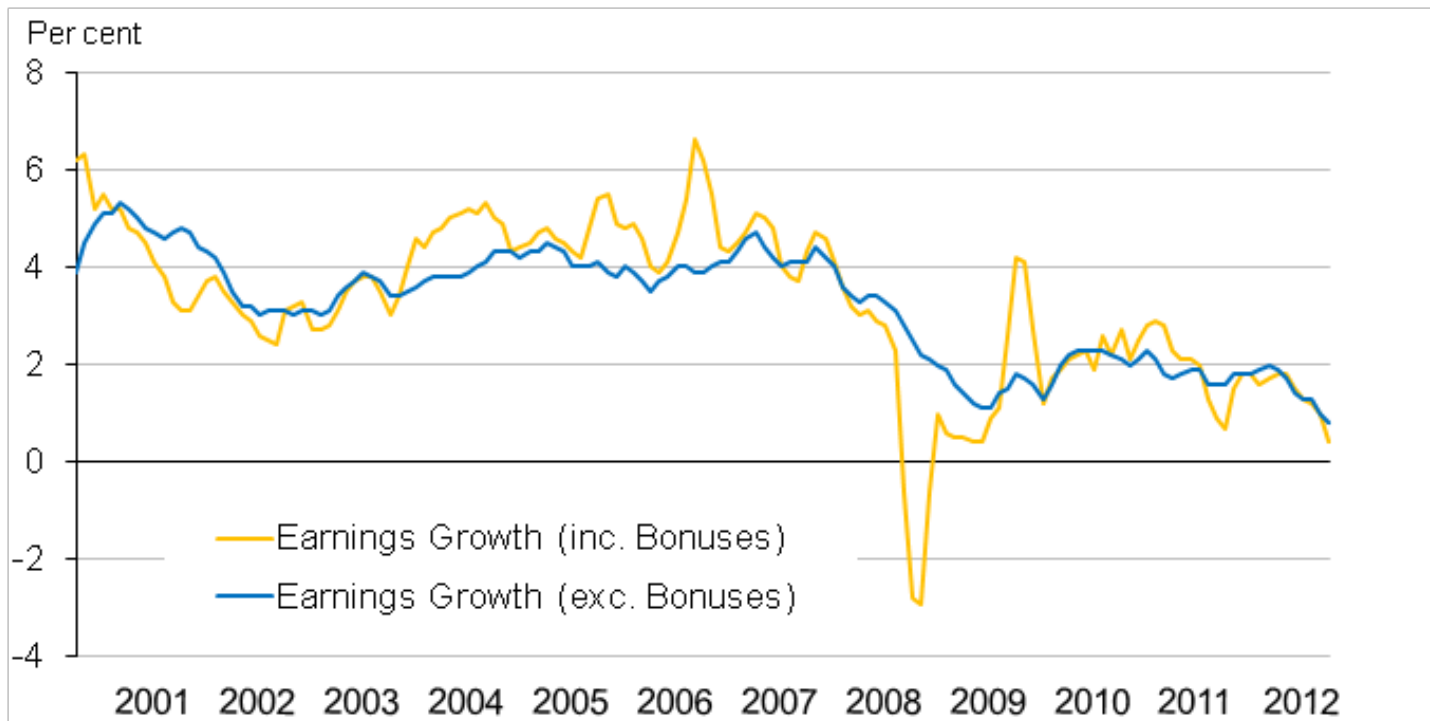
Between October to December 2012 and January to March 2013, the number of people, aged from 16 and 64, not in the labour force (known as economically inactive) increased by 47,000. The number of men aged from 16 to 64 not in the labour force increased by 58,000, but the number of women in this age group who were economically inactive fell by 10,000, with a continuing fall in the number of women who were looking after the family or home.

There has been a small fall of 7,300 in the number of people claiming Jobseeker's Allowance (JSA) between March and April 2013. The number of people claiming JSA (1.52 million) is around a million lower than the number of unemployed people; many unemployed people are not eligible for or do not claim JSA.

Average weekly earnings **excluding** bonus payments rose by 0.8% comparing January to March 2013 with the same period a year earlier. This was the lowest growth rate since comparable records began in 2001. In March 2013 lower earnings growth was recorded across most sectors of the economy.

Average weekly earnings **including** bonus payments rose by 0.4% comparing January to March 2013 with the same period a year earlier. This growth rate has not been lower since March to May 2009 (when it was minus 0.6%). Some businesses responding to the Monthly Wages & Salaries Survey have reported that bonuses that would normally be paid in March are expected to be paid later. This partially explains the low growth rate for average weekly earnings including bonuses.

Chart 2: Average earnings (excluding and including bonuses) annual growth rates from 2001



Source: Monthly Wages and Salaries Survey - Office for National Statistics

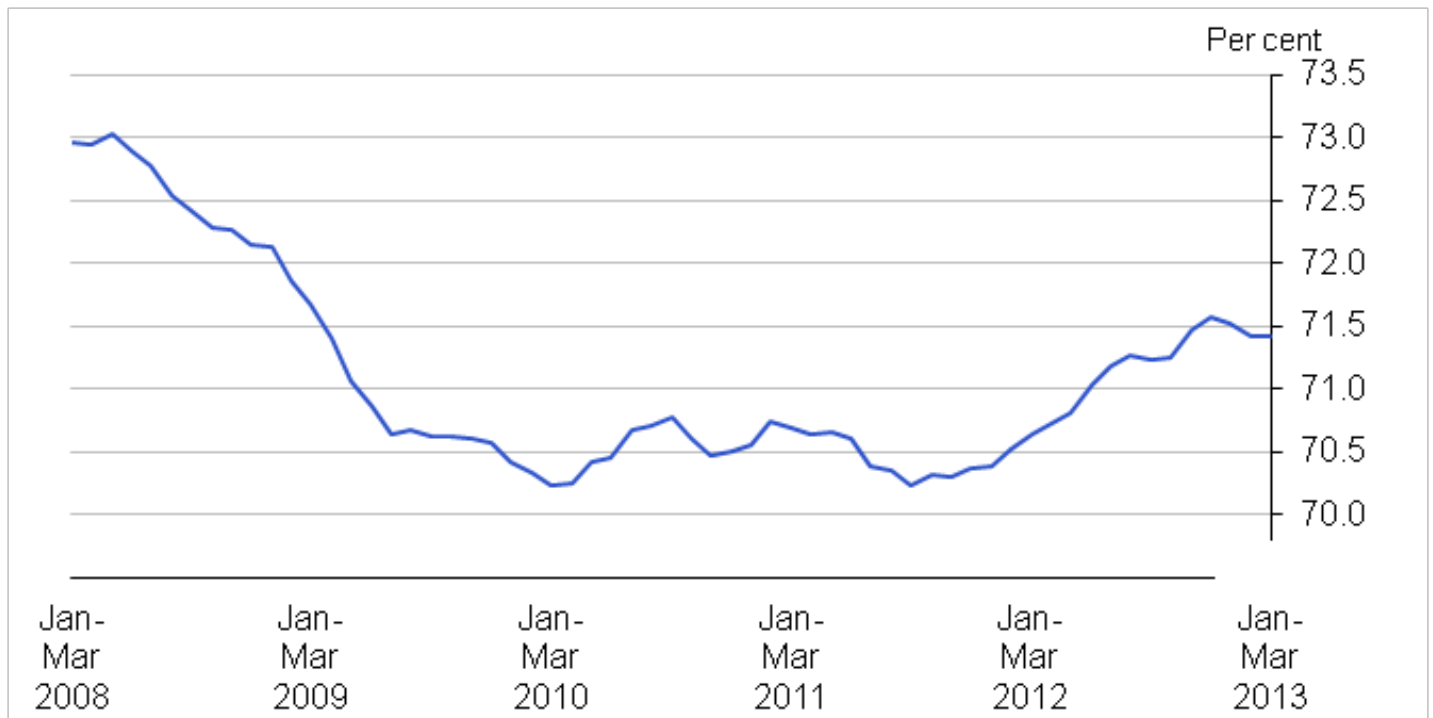
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Employment

Employment measures the number of people in paid work and differs from the number of jobs because some people have more than one job. A comparison between estimates of employment and jobs is available in an [article published on the website](#) on 17 April 2013. A [short video](#) explaining the basic labour market concepts of employment, unemployment and economic inactivity is available. Employment estimates are available at Tables 1 and 3 of the pdf version of this Statistical Bulletin and at [data tables A02 \(1.24 Mb Excel sheet\)](#) and [EMP01 \(1.26 Mb Excel sheet\)](#).

The employment rate for those aged from 16 to 64 was 71.4% for January to March 2013, down 0.2 percentage points from October to December 2012 but up 0.8 percentage points from a year earlier. Chart 3 shows the employment rate for those aged from 16 to 64 for the last five years.

Chart 3: Employment rate (aged 16 to 64), seasonally adjusted

Source: Labour Force Survey - Office for National Statistics

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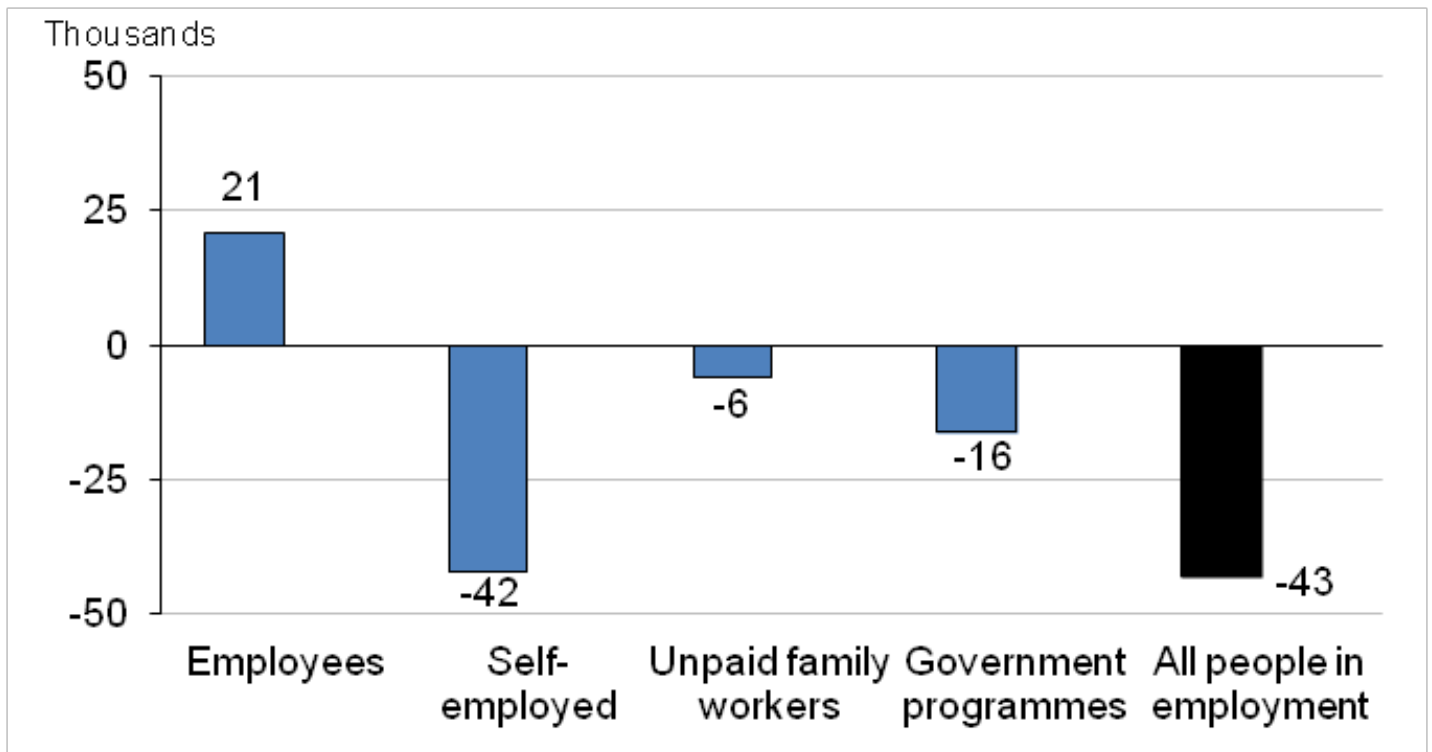
The employment rate for men aged from 16 to 64 was 76.2% for January to March 2013, down 0.4 percentage points from October to December 2012. The corresponding employment rate for women was 66.6%, up 0.1 percentage points from October to December 2012.

The number of people in employment was 29.71 million for January to March 2013, down 43,000 from October to December 2012 but up 434,000 on a year earlier. The number of people in full-time employment was 21.68 million for January to March 2013, up 10,000 from October to December 2012. The number of people in part-time employment was 8.03 million, down 53,000 from October to December 2012.

Between October to December 2012 and January to March 2013, as shown in Chart 4:

- the number of employees **increased** by 21,000 to reach 25.28 million,
- the number of self-employed people **fell** by 42,000 to reach 4.18 million,
- the number of unpaid family workers **fell** by 6,000 to reach 105,000, and
- the number of people on government supported training and employment programmes classified as being in employment (excluding those classified as employees and self-employed) fell by 16,000 to reach 147,000.

Chart 4: Changes in people in employment between October to December 2012 and January to March 2013, seasonally adjusted



Source: Labour Force Survey - Office for National Statistics

Notes:

1. Unpaid family workers are people who work in a family business who do not receive a formal wage or salary but benefit from the profits of that business.
2. The Government supported training and employment programmes series does not include all people on these programmes; it only includes people engaging in any form of work, work experience or work-related training who are not included in the employees or self-employed series. People on these programmes NOT engaging in any form of work, work experience or work-related training are not included in the employment estimates; they are classified as unemployed or economically inactive.

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Public and private sector employment (first published on 20 March 2013)

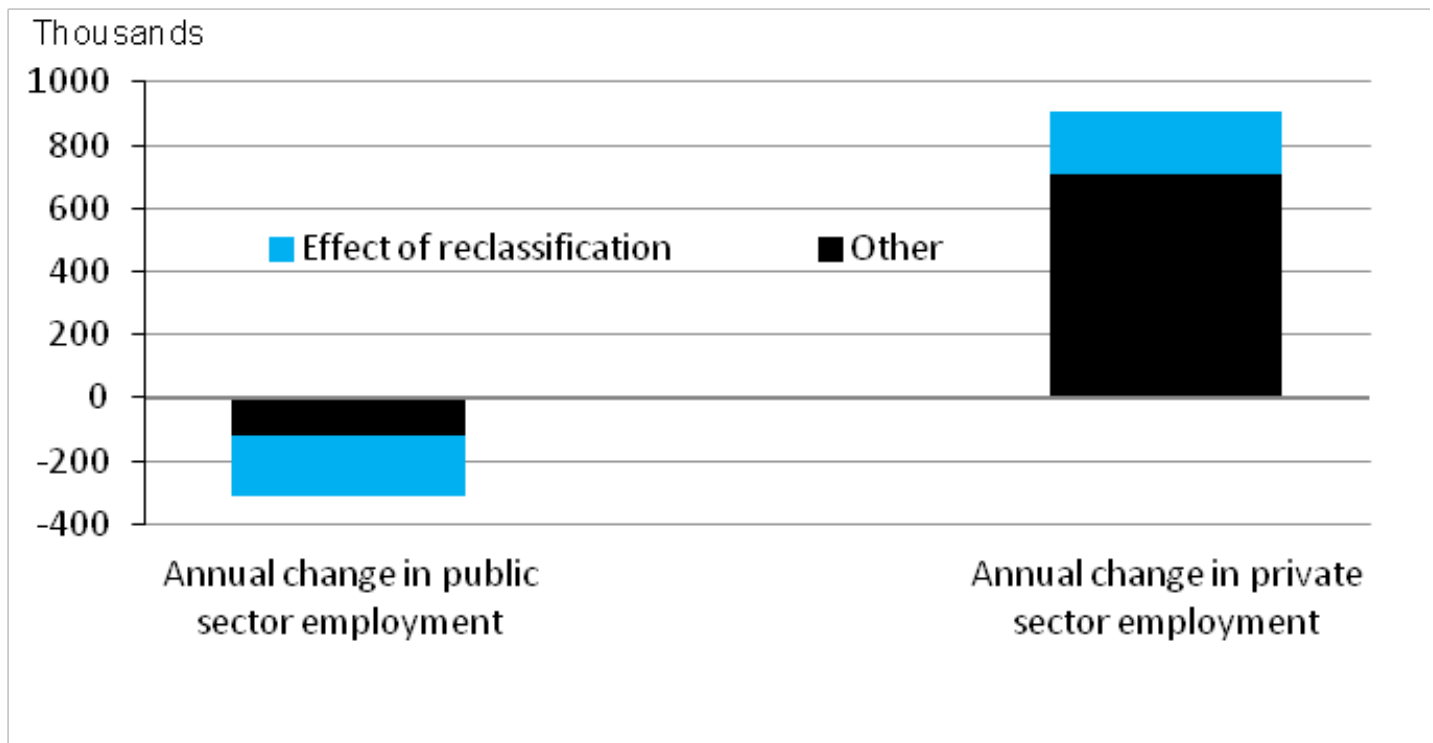
Public sector employment measures the number of people in paid work in the public sector. The public sector comprises central government, local government and public corporations. Estimates of public sector employment are obtained from information provided by public sector organisations. Private sector employment is estimated as the difference between total employment, sourced from the Labour Force Survey, and public sector employment. Public and private sector employment estimates are available at Tables 4, 4(1) and 4(2) of the pdf version of this Statistical Bulletin and

at [data tables EMP02 \(70.5 Kb Excel sheet\)](#), [EMP03 \(53 Kb Excel sheet\)](#) and [EMP04 \(46 Kb Excel sheet\)](#).

The number of people employed in the public sector was 5.72 million in December 2012, down 20,000 from September 2012. The number of people employed in the private sector in December 2012 was 24.01 million, up 151,000 from September 2012.

Between December 2011 and December 2012, the number of people employed in the public sector fell by 313,000 and the number of people employed in the private sector increased by 904,000. These large annual movements reflect the reclassification of some educational bodies from the public sector to the private sector. See Background Notes to the [September 2012 edition of this Statistical Bulletin](#) for further details. As shown in Chart 5, excluding this reclassification, the number of people employed in the public sector fell by 117,000 between December 2011 and December 2012 and the number of people employed by the private sector increased by 708,000. Further information on public sector employment is available in the [Public Sector Employment](#) release published on 20 March 2013.

Chart 5: Changes in number of people employed in public and private sectors between December 2011 and December 2012, seasonally adjusted



Source: Quarterly Public Sector Employment Survey, Labour Force Survey - Office for National Statistics

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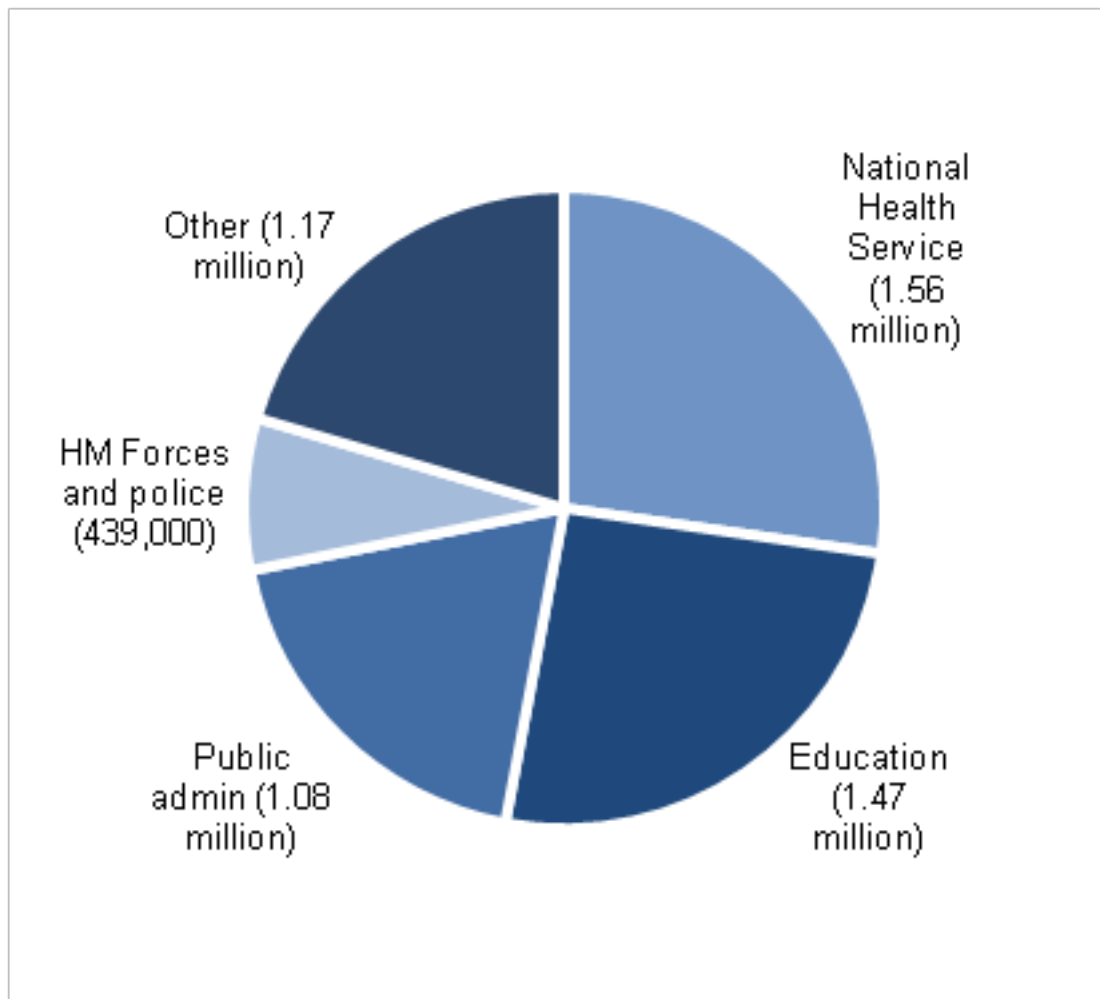
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For December 2012 within the public sector, as shown in Chart 6:

- 1.56 million people were employed in the National Health Service, **up** 7,000 from September 2012,
- 1.08 million people were employed in public administration, **up** 1,000 from September 2012,
- 1.47 million people were employed in education, **down** 16,000 from September 2012, and
- 439,000 people were employed in HM Forces and the police, **down** 7,000 from September 2012.

Chart 6: Public sector employment by industry for December 2012, seasonally adjusted



Source: Quarterly Public Sector Employment Survey - Office for National Statistics

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Employment by nationality and country of birth, not seasonally adjusted

ONS publishes estimates of employment by both nationality and by country of birth. The estimates relate to the number of people in employment rather than the number of jobs. These statistics have sometimes been incorrectly interpreted as indicating the proportion of new jobs that are taken by foreign migrants. Estimates of employment by nationality and country of birth are available at Table 8 of the pdf version of this Statistical Bulletin and at [data table EMP06 \(174.5 Kb Excel sheet\)](#). These

tables have been improved this month to provide a more detailed breakdown. See Background Notes for further details.

Looking at the estimates by **nationality**, between January to March 2012 and January to March 2013:

- the number of people in employment in the UK increased by 423,000 to reach 29.60 million,
- the number of UK nationals in employment in the UK increased by 365,000 to reach 27.00 million, and
- the number of non-UK nationals in employment in the UK increased by 58,000 to reach 2.59 million.

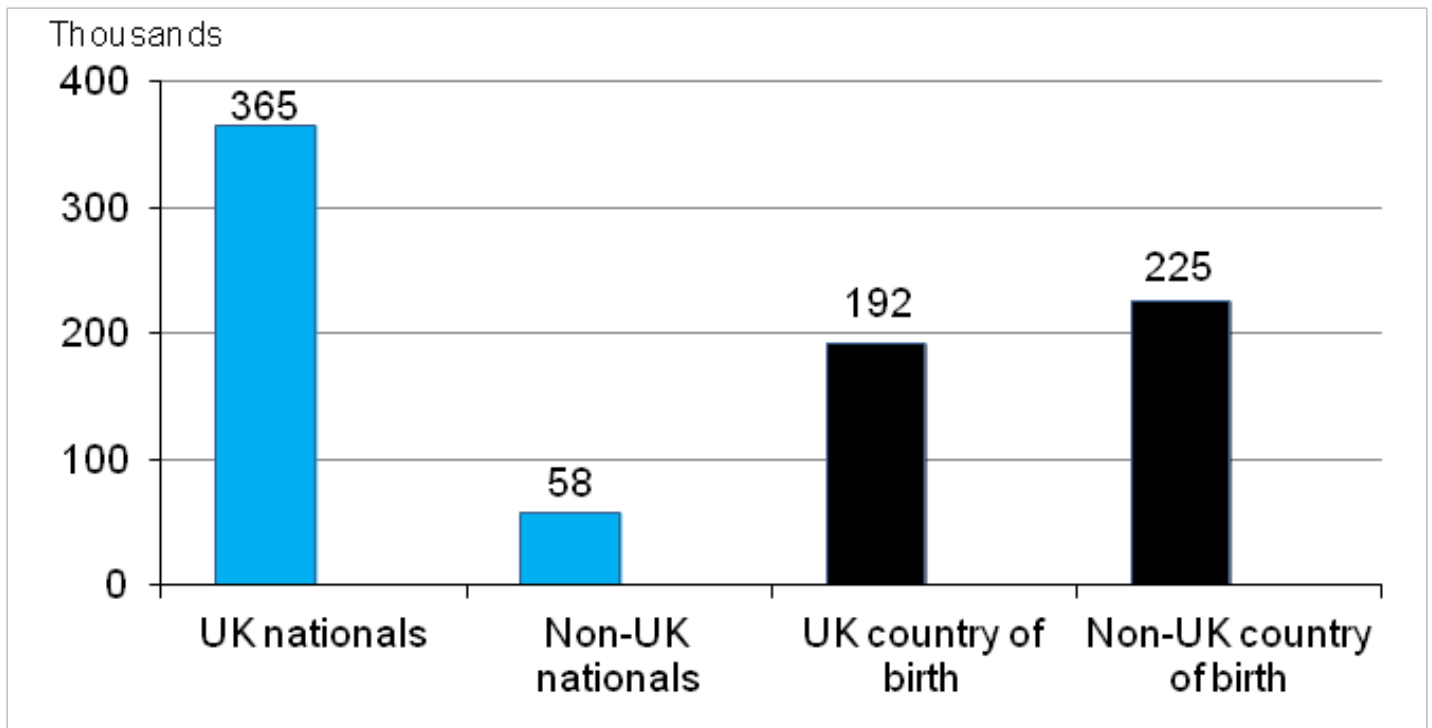
These UK and non-UK estimates do not sum to the total number of people in employment because some people do not state their nationality in their Labour Force Survey interviews.

The number of people in employment who were foreign born is higher than those who were foreign nationals as some people born abroad are UK nationals. For January to March 2013, 4.26 million people in employment were born abroad, 1.67 million higher than the number of non-UK nationals in employment. Looking at the estimates by **country of birth**, between January to March 2012 and January to March 2013:

- the number of people in employment in the UK increased by 423,000 to reach 29.60 million,
- the number of UK born people in employment in the UK increased by 192,000 to reach 25.33 million, and
- the number of non-UK born people in employment in the UK increased by 225,000 to reach 4.26 million.

These UK and non-UK estimates do not sum to the total number of people in employment because some people do not state their country of birth in their Labour Force Survey interviews.

Chart 7: Employment by nationality and country of birth, changes between January to March 2012 and January to March 2013, not seasonally adjusted



Source: Labour Force Survey - Office for National Statistics

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Actual hours worked

Actual hours worked measures the number of hours worked in the economy. Hours worked estimates are available at Tables 7 and 7(1) of the pdf version of this Statistical Bulletin and at [data tables HOUR01 \(461 Kb Excel sheet\)](#) and [HOUR02 \(1.56 Mb Excel sheet\)](#).

Total hours worked per week were 950.3 million for January to March 2013, up 2.4 million from October to December 2012 and up 20.2 million on a year earlier. Chart 8 shows total hours worked for the last five years. Average weekly hours worked for January to March 2013 were 32.0, up 0.1 hours from October to December 2012 and up 0.2 from a year earlier.

Chart 8: Total weekly hours, seasonally adjusted

Source: Labour Force Survey - Office for National Statistics

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Earnings

Earnings measures money paid to employees in return for work done, before tax and other deductions from pay. The estimates are in current prices; this means that they are not adjusted for price inflation. The estimates relate to Great Britain and include salaries but not unearned income, benefits in kind or arrears of pay. As well as pay settlements, the estimates reflect bonuses, changes in the number of paid hours worked and the impact of employees paid at different rates joining and leaving individual businesses. The estimates also reflect changes in the overall structure of the workforce; for example, fewer low paid jobs in the economy would have an upward effect on the earnings growth rate. Average Weekly Earnings estimates are available at Tables 15, 15(1) and 16 of the pdf version of this Statistical Bulletin and at [data tables EARN01 \(461 Kb Excel sheet\)](#), [EARN02 \(434 Kb Excel sheet\)](#) and [EARN03 \(554 Kb Excel sheet\)](#).

In March 2013:

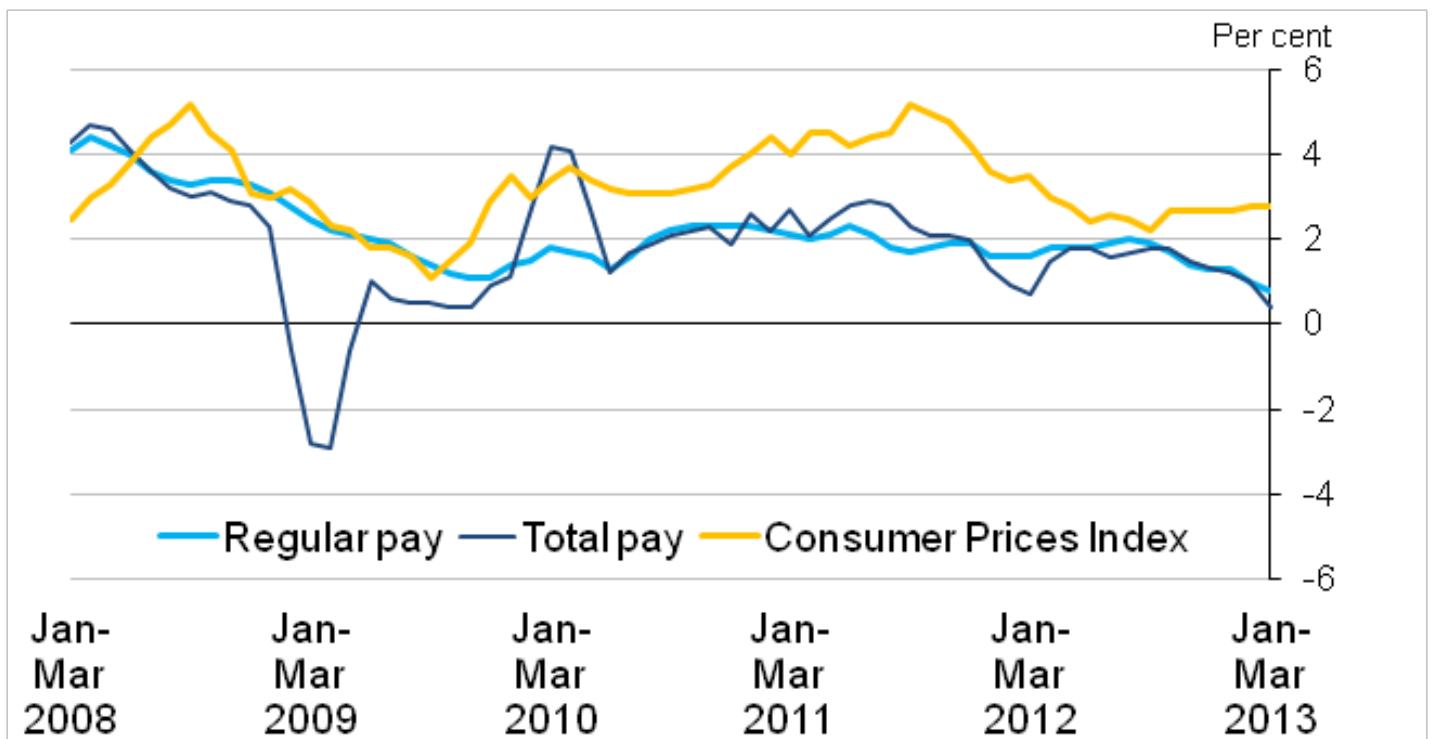
- Average total pay (including bonuses) for employees in Great Britain was £463 per week.
- Average regular pay (excluding bonuses) for employees in Great Britain was £444 per week.

Between January to March 2012 and January to March 2013:

- Total pay for employees in Great Britain rose by 0.4%.
- Regular pay for employees in Great Britain rose by 0.8%.

Between March 2012 and March 2013, the Consumer Prices Index increased by 2.8%. Prices therefore increased by more than earnings. Chart 9 shows annual growth rates for earnings and prices for the last five years.

Chart 9: Average earnings and consumer prices annual growth rates



Source: Office for National Statistics

Notes:

1. This chart shows monthly estimates for the Consumer Prices Index (CPI) from March 2008 to March 2013 and three month average estimates for Average Weekly Earnings (AWE) from January-March 2008 to January-March 2013.
2. The CPI series is for the United Kingdom and is compiled from prices data based on a large and representative selection of individual goods and services. The AWE series are for Great Britain and are sourced from the Monthly Wages and Salaries Survey.
3. The AWE series are seasonally adjusted. The CPI series is not seasonally adjusted.

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Between January to March 2012 and January to March 2013:

- Total pay in the **private sector** was unchanged, while regular pay rose by 0.8%.
- Total pay and regular pay in the **public sector** rose by 1.4%.

- Total pay in the **public sector excluding financial services** rose by 1.5%, while regular pay rose by 1.4%.

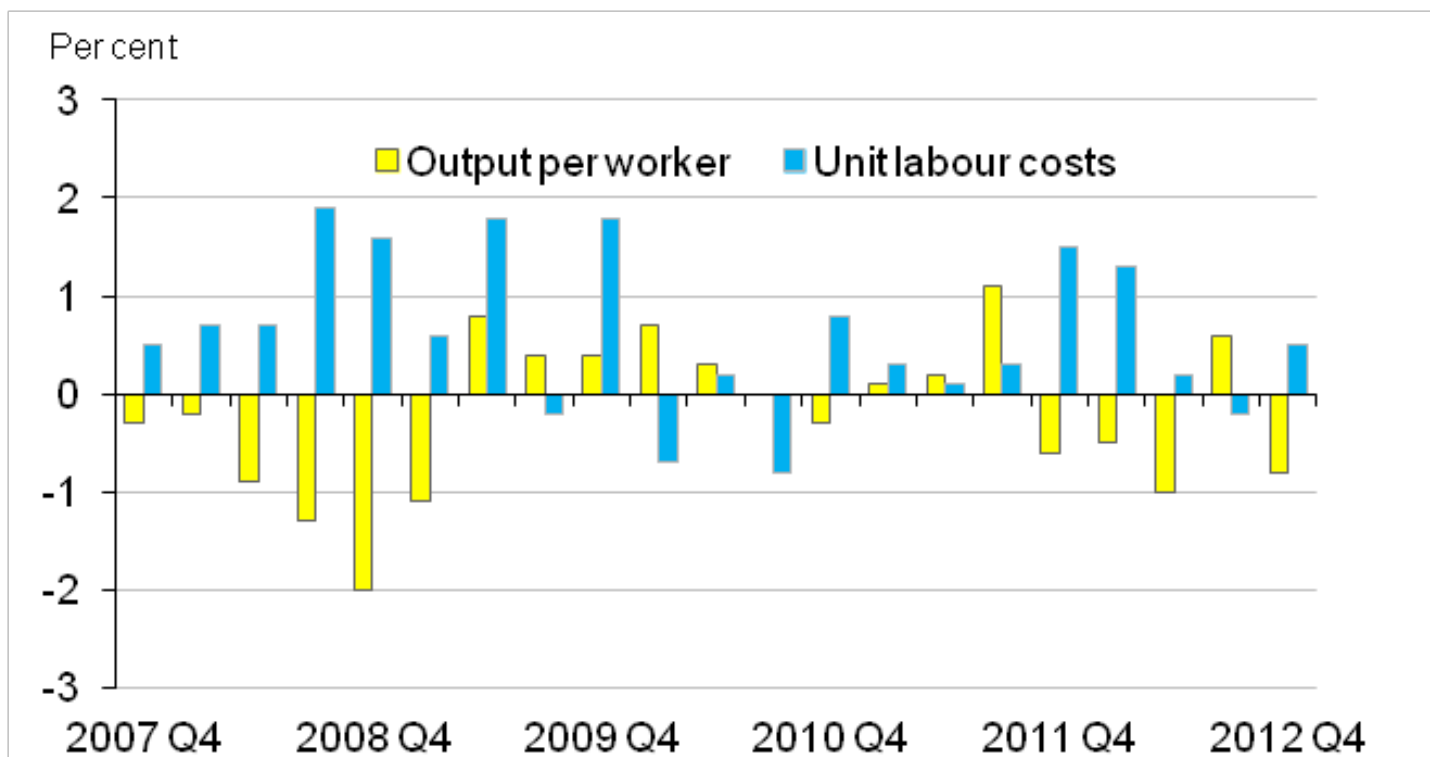
The public and private sector growth rates from June 2012 have been affected by the reclassification of English Further Education Corporations and Sixth Form College Corporations. From June 2012 onwards these educational bodies are classified to the private sector, but for earlier time periods they are classified to the public sector. ONS estimates that, if the reclassification had not occurred, the public sector **single month** growth rates from June 2012 onwards would be between 0.6 and 0.8 percentage points **lower** and the corresponding private sector growth rates would be between 0.1 and 0.2 percentage points **higher**. Further information regarding this reclassification is available in an [article published on the website](#) on 31 May 2012.

Labour productivity (first published on 28 March 2013)

Labour productivity measures the amount of real (inflation adjusted) economic output that is produced by a unit of labour input (in terms of workers, jobs and hours worked). Labour productivity estimates are available at Table 17 of the pdf version of this Statistical Bulletin and at [data table PROD01 \(75.5 Kb Excel sheet\)](#).

Whole economy output per worker fell by 0.8% between the third and fourth quarters of 2012. Whole economy unit labour costs increased by 0.5% between these quarters. Chart 10 shows percentage changes on quarter for output per worker and unit labour costs for the last five years. Further information is available in the [Labour Productivity Statistical Bulletin](#) published on 28 March 2013.

Chart 10: Output per worker and unit labour costs, percentage changes on quarter (seasonally adjusted)



Source: Office for National Statistics

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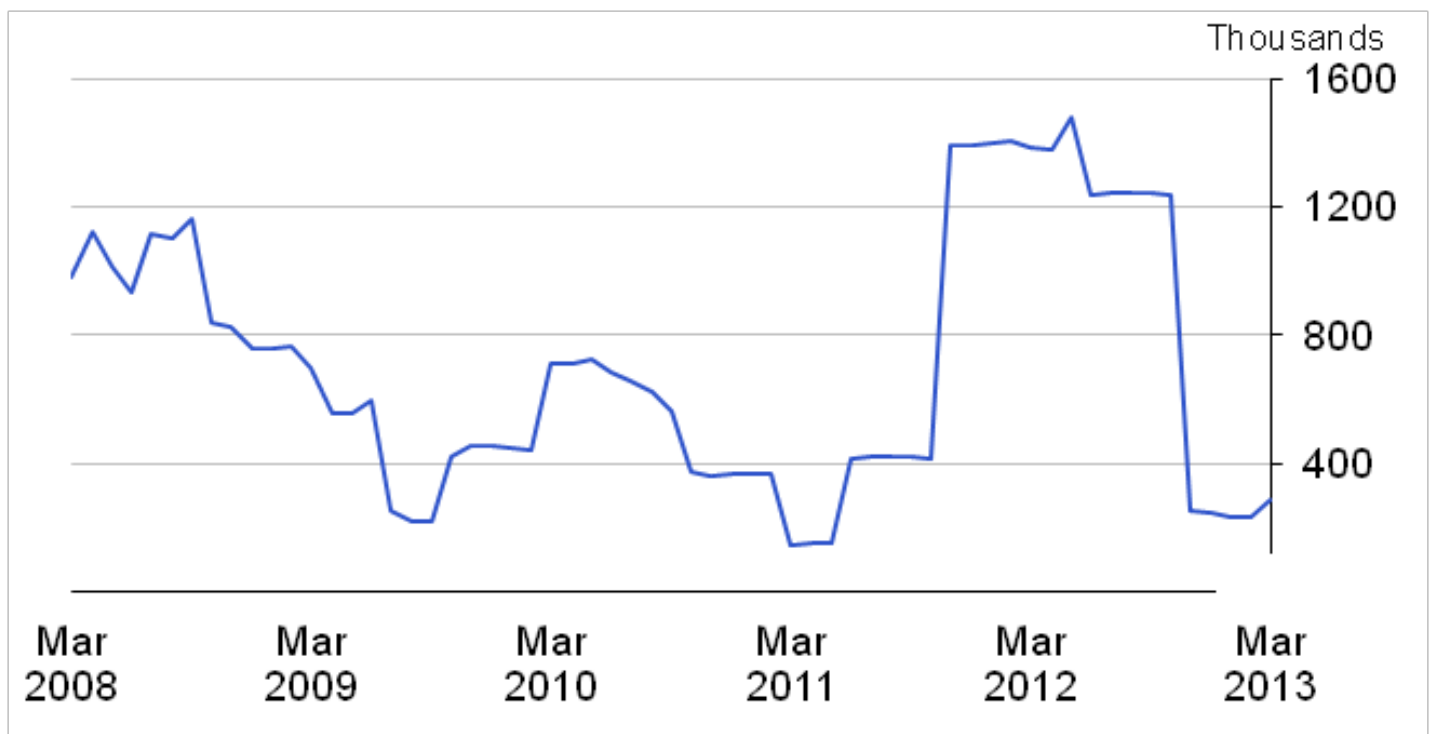
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Labour disputes (not seasonally adjusted)

These estimates measure disputes (that is, strikes) connected with terms and conditions of employment. Labour disputes estimates are available at Table 20 of the pdf version of this Statistical Bulletin and at [data table LABD01 \(106.5 Kb Excel sheet\)](#).

In March 2013, there were 87,000 working days lost from 11 stoppages. In the 12 months to March 2013, there were 289,000 working days lost from 128 stoppages. Chart 11 shows cumulative 12 month totals for working days lost for the last five years.

Chart 11: Working days lost cumulative 12 months totals, not seasonally adjusted



Source: Labour Disputes Statistics - Office for National Statistics

Notes:

1. The cumulative 12 month totals from November 2011 to October 2012 were affected by a one day strike on 30 November 2011 called by several trade unions in connection with a dispute over proposed changes to pension schemes for some public sector workers.
2. There was a further one day strike on 30 May 2012 in connection with a dispute over proposed changes to pension schemes for some public sector workers.

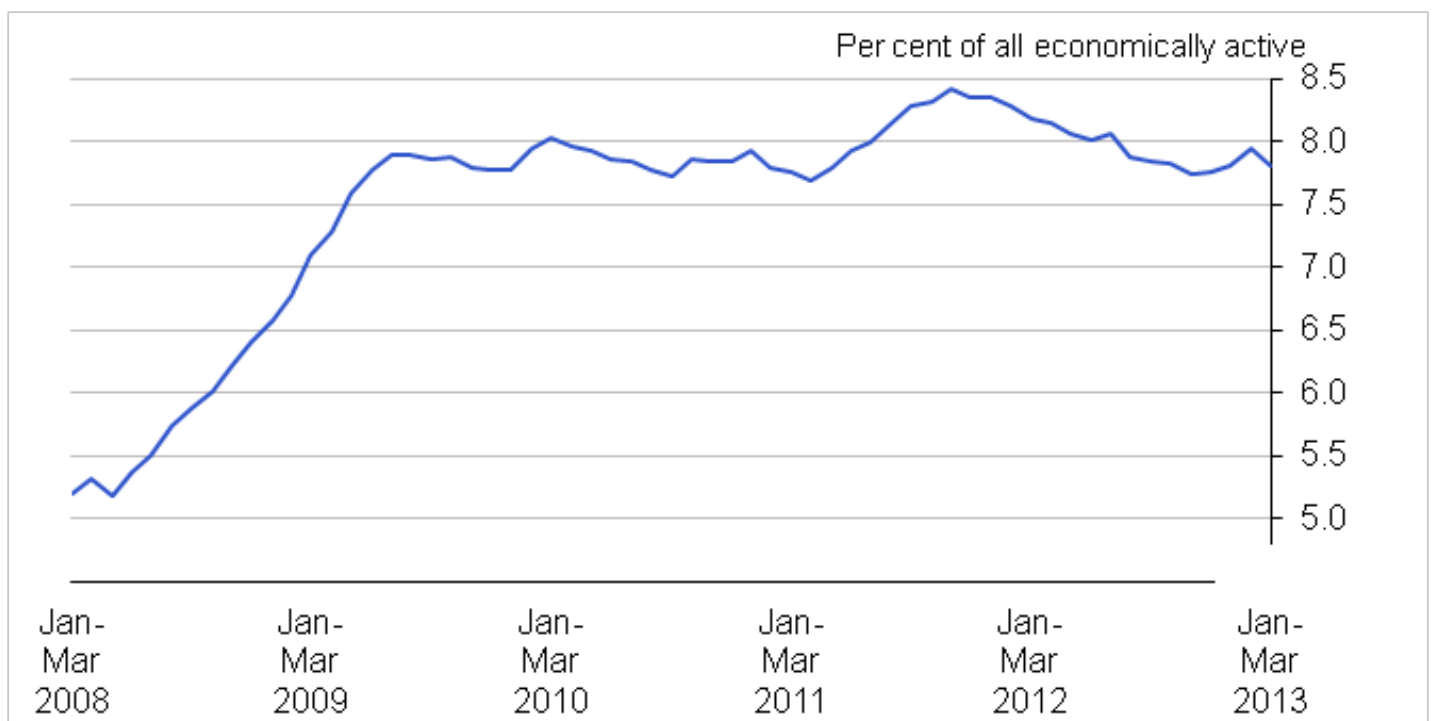
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Unemployment

Unemployment measures people without a job who have been actively seeking work within the last four weeks and are available to start work within the next two weeks. A [short video](#) explaining the basic labour market concepts of employment, unemployment and economic inactivity is available. Unemployment estimates are available at Table 9 of the pdf version of this Statistical Bulletin and at [data table UNEM01 \(2.03 Mb Excel sheet\)](#).

The unemployment rate was 7.8% for January to March 2013, up 0.1 percentage points from October to December 2012 but down 0.4 percentage points from a year earlier. Chart 12 shows the unemployment rate for those aged 16 and over for the last five years. Unemployment rates are calculated, in accordance with international guidelines, as the number of unemployed people divided by the economically active population (those in employment plus those who are unemployed).

Chart 12: Unemployment rate (aged 16+), seasonally adjusted

Source: Labour Force Survey - Office for National Statistics

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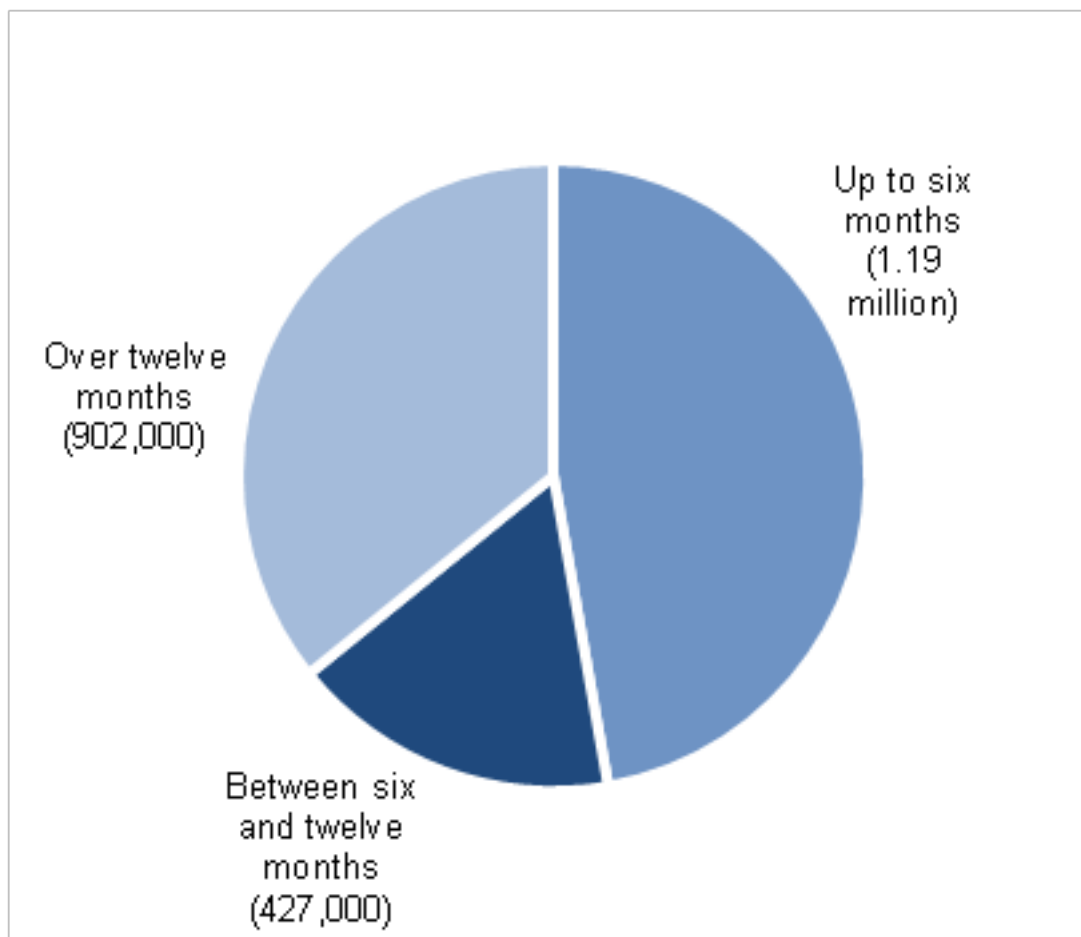
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The number of unemployed people was 2.52 million for January to March 2013, up 15,000 from October to December 2012 but down 92,000 from a year earlier. The number of unemployed men was 1.43 million for January to March 2013, up 18,000 from October to December 2012. The number of unemployed women was 1.09 million for January to March 2013, down 3,000 from October to December 2012.

For January to March 2013, as shown in Chart 13:

- 1.19 million people had been unemployed for up to six months, **up** 3,000 from October to December 2012;
- 427,000 people had been unemployed for between six and twelve months, **down** 11,000 from October to December 2012;
- 902,000 people had been unemployed for over one year, **up** 23,000 from October to December 2012; and
- 464,000 people had been unemployed for over two years, **up** 21,000 from October to December 2012.

Chart 13: Unemployment by duration for January to March 2013, seasonally adjusted

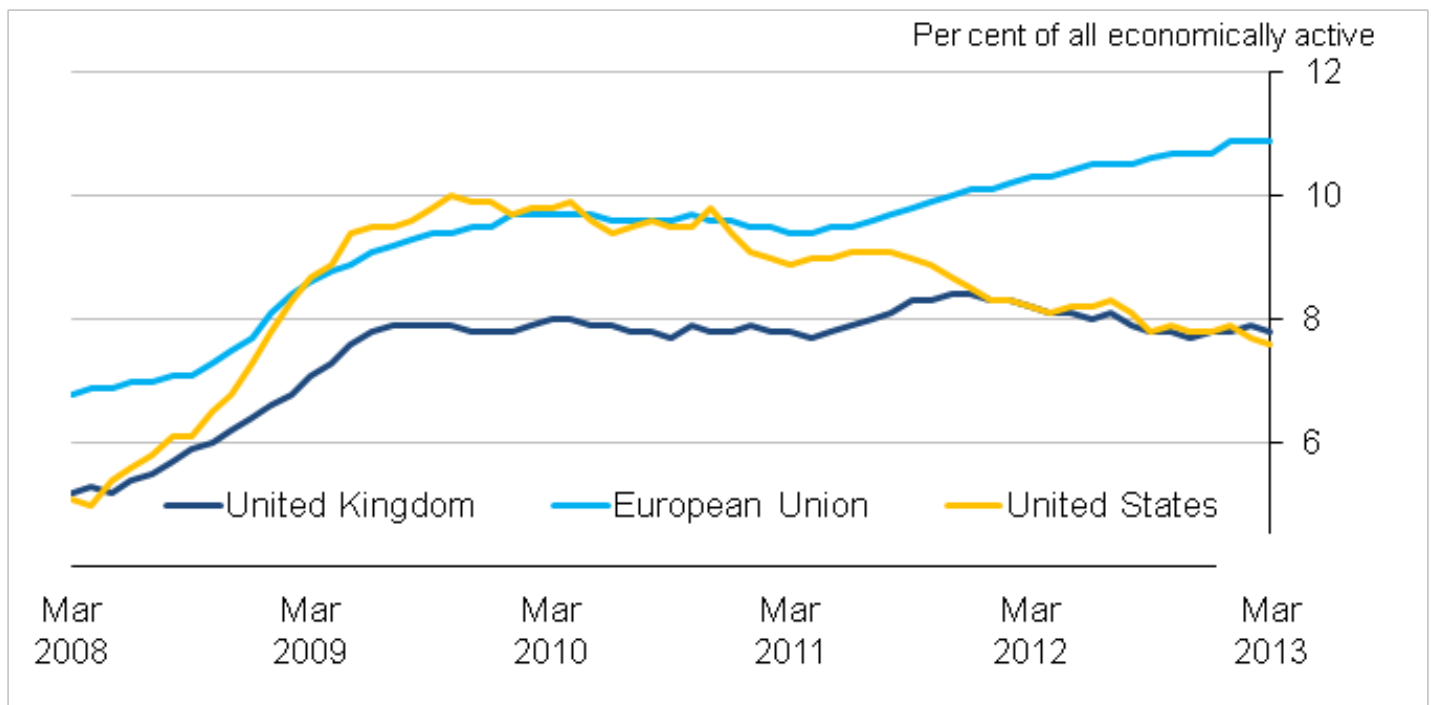


Source: Labour Force Survey - Office for National Statistics

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International comparisons of unemployment rates are available at Table 19 of the pdf version of this Statistical Bulletin and at [data table A10 \(277.5 Kb Excel sheet\)](#). The unemployment rate for the European Union (EU) was 10.9% of the economically active population for March 2013. The EU country with the highest unemployment rate was Greece, at 27.2% (for January 2013), and the EU country with the lowest unemployment rate was Austria, at 4.7% (for March 2013). These EU unemployment rates were published in a [Eurostat News Release](#) on 30 April 2013. The unemployment rate for Japan was 4.1% for March 2013. The unemployment rate for the United States was 7.6% for March 2013 and 7.5% for April 2013. Chart 14 shows the unemployment rates for the UK, the EU and the United States for the last five years.

Chart 14: Unemployment rates for the United Kingdom, United States and the European Union, seasonally adjusted

Source: Labour Force Survey - Office for National Statistics, Eurostat

Notes:

1. The unemployment rates for the UK and the United States are for those aged 16 and over. The unemployment rate for the EU is for those aged from 15 to 74.
2. This chart shows monthly estimates for the EU and for the United States from March 2008 to March 2013 and three month average estimates for the UK from January-March 2008 to January-March 2013.

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Young people in the labour market

Estimates for young people in the labour market are available at Table 14 of the pdf version of this Statistical Bulletin and at [data table A06 \(2.16 Mb Excel sheet\)](#). Further estimates for young people who are Not in Education, Employment or Training (NEET) will be published by ONS on 23 May 2013. See Background Notes for further details.

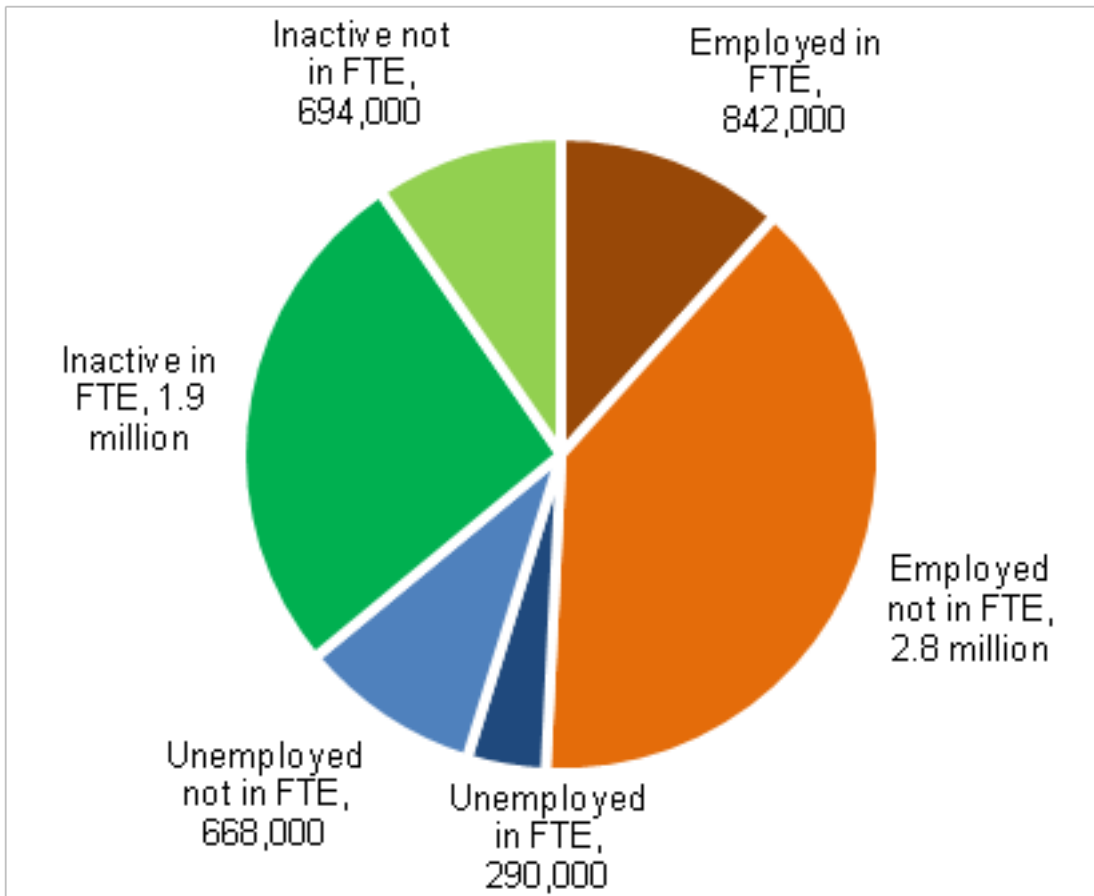
For January to March 2013:

- There were 3.67 million 16 to 24 year olds in employment, **down** 46,000 from October to December 2012.
- There were 2.60 million economically inactive 16 to 24 year olds (73% of whom were in full-time education), **up** 48,000 from October to December 2012.
- There were 958,000 unemployed 16 to 24 year olds, **down** 17,000 from October to December 2012.

The unemployment rate for 16 to 24 year olds was 20.7% for January to March 2013, down 0.1 percentage points from October to December 2012. In accordance with international guidelines, unemployment rates are calculated as the number of unemployed people divided by the economically active population (those in employment plus those who are unemployed). Increasing numbers of young people going into full-time education reduces the size of the economically active population and therefore increases the unemployment rate.

In accordance with international guidelines, people in full-time education (FTE) are included in the youth unemployment estimates if they have been looking for work within the last four weeks and are available to start work within the next two weeks. Excluding people in FTE, there were 668,000 unemployed 16 to 24 year olds for January to March 2013, up 18,000 from October to December 2012. The corresponding unemployment rate was 19.1% of the economically active population for 16 to 24 year olds not in FTE, up 0.7 percentage points from October to December 2012.

Chart 15: Young people (aged 16 to 24) in the labour market for January to March 2013, seasonally adjusted



Source: Labour Force Survey - Office for National Statistics

Notes:

1. FTE = Full-time education.
2. The "Not in Full-time education" series include people in part-time education and/or some form of training.

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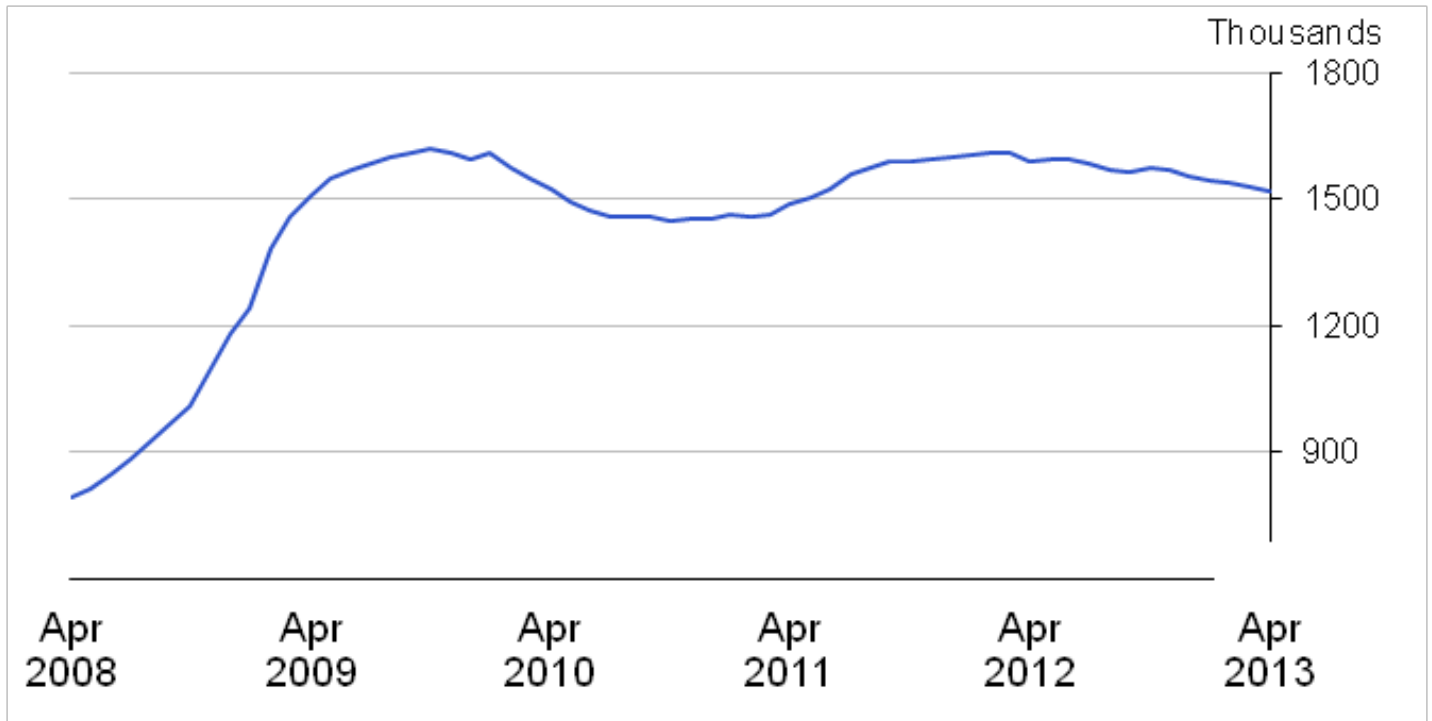
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Claimant count

The claimant count measures the number of people claiming Jobseeker's Allowance (JSA) and differs from unemployment (which measures people who are out of work, have been looking for work within the last four weeks and are available to start work within the next two weeks). Claimant count estimates are available at Tables 10, 10(1) and 11 of the pdf version of this Statistical Bulletin and at [data tables CLA01 \(297.5 Kb Excel sheet\)](#), [CLA02 \(460 Kb Excel sheet\)](#) and [CLA03 \(64.5 Kb Excel sheet\)](#).

The claimant count for April 2013 was 1.52 million, down 7,300 from March 2013 and down 67,800 from a year earlier. Chart 16 shows the claimant count for the last five years. The claimant count rate for March 2013 was 4.5%, virtually unchanged from March 2013 but down 0.2 percentage points from a year earlier.

Chart 16: Claimant Count, seasonally adjusted



Source: Office for National Statistics, Work and Pensions

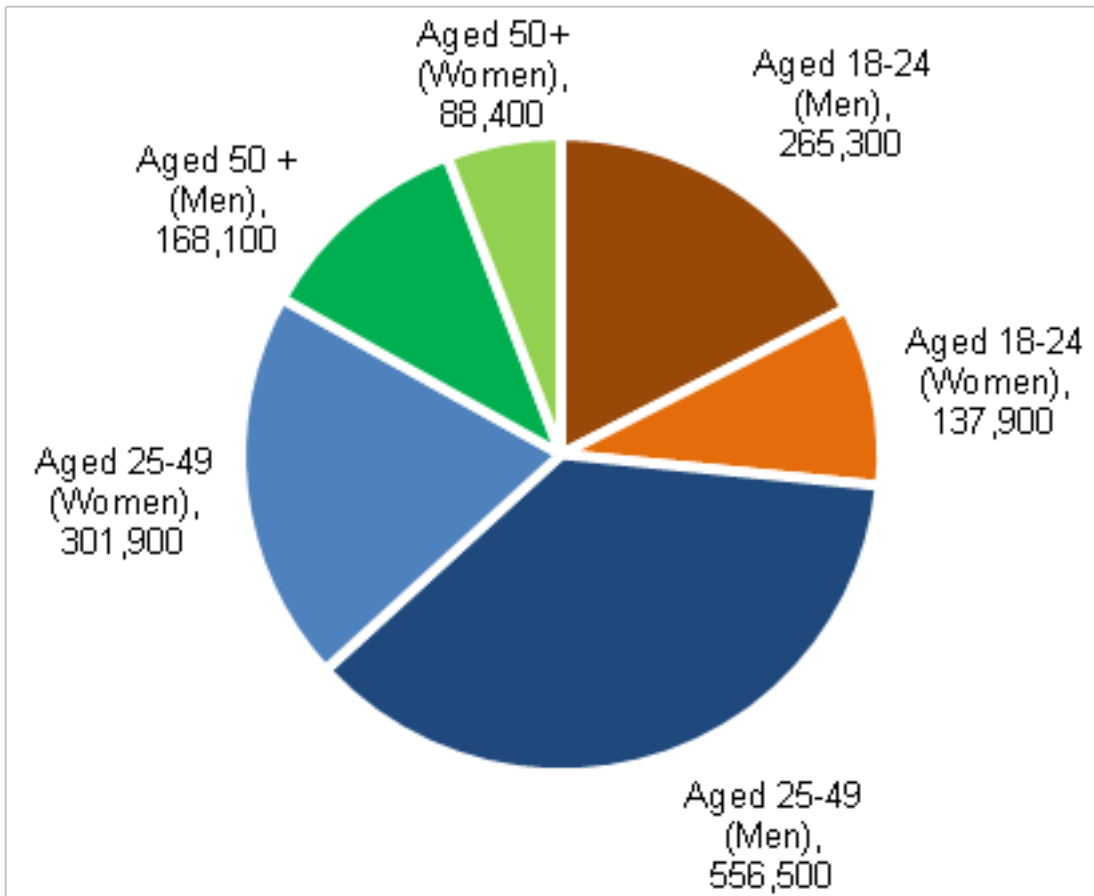
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Chart 17 shows that for April 2013, excluding a small number of clerically processed claims for which an age breakdown is not available, there were:

- 403,200 people aged from 18 to 24 claiming JSA, **down** 6,000 from March 2013,
- 858,400 people aged from 25 to 49 claiming JSA, **down** 1,400 from March 2013, and
- 256,500 people aged 50 and over claiming JSA, **up** 600 from March 2013.

Chart 17: JSA claimants (excluding clerical claims) by age and sex for April 2013, seasonally adjusted



Source: Office for National Statistics, Work and Pensions

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The claimant count can be affected by changes to the overall benefits system. For example, since 24 November 2008 several changes to the eligibility rules for Lone Parent Income Support (LPIS) have resulted in fewer lone parents (predominantly women) being able to claim that benefit resulting in more lone parents claiming JSA while they look for work. This has affected the claimant count since December 2008. Since December 2012 these changes to the eligibility rules for LPIS seem to be no longer significantly affecting the claimant count. These estimates of lone parents claiming JSA are available at Table 10(1) of the pdf version of this Statistical Bulletin and at [data table CLA03 \(64.5 Kb Excel sheet\)](#).

Another change to the benefits system which has affected the claimant count since April 2011 has been a re-assessment, by the Department for Work and Pensions, of claimants of Incapacity Benefit (IB) resulting in some people who have been declared ineligible for IB claiming JSA while they look for work. The effect of this exercise on monthly changes in the claimant count is likely to be small.

The claimant count for people claiming benefits for longer durations has also been affected by the introduction of the Work Programme in June 2011. Previous employment initiatives saw a break in individual's JSA claims, leading to an individual having a succession of shorter duration claims. Under the Work Programme individuals are more likely to remain on JSA for a single unbroken duration.

Comparison between unemployment and the claimant count

Unemployment is measured according to international guidelines specified by the International Labour Organisation (ILO). Unemployed people in the UK are:

- without a job, have actively sought work in the last four weeks and are available to start work in the next two weeks, or;
- out of work, have found a job and are waiting to start it in the next two weeks.

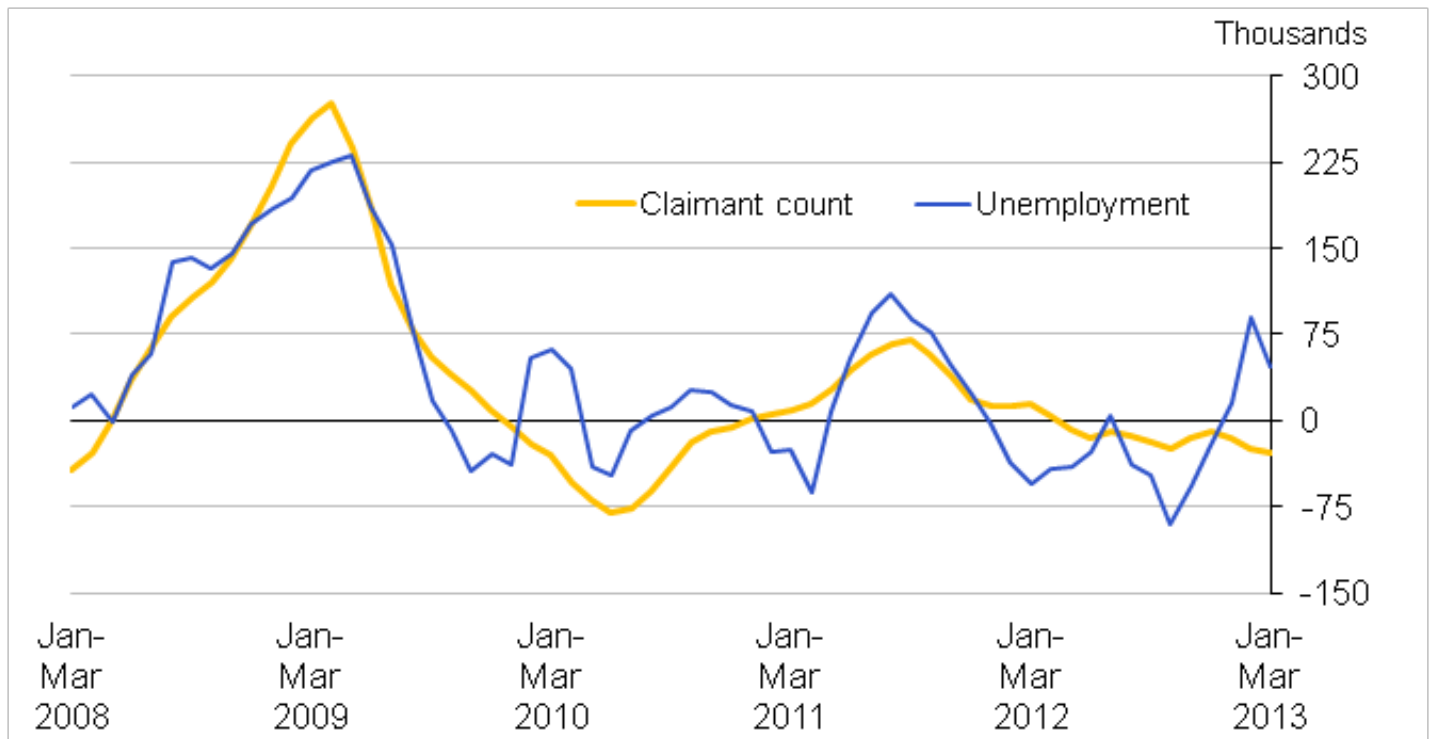
People who meet these criteria are classified as unemployed irrespective of whether or not they claim Jobseeker's Allowance or other benefits. The estimates are derived from the Labour Force Survey and are published for three month average time periods.

The claimant count measures the number of people claiming unemployment-related benefits; since October 1996 this has been the number of people claiming Jobseeker's Allowance (JSA). Some JSA claimants will not be classified as unemployed. For example, people in employment working fewer than 16 hours a week can be eligible to claim JSA depending on their income.

Chart 18 and the associated spreadsheet compare quarterly movements in unemployment and the claimant count for the same three month average time periods. The unemployment estimates shown in this comparison exclude unemployed people in the 16 to 17 and 65 and over age groups as well as unemployed people aged from 18 to 24 in full-time education. This provides a more meaningful comparison with the claimant count than total unemployment because people in these population groups are not usually eligible to claim JSA.

When three month average estimates for the claimant count are compared with unemployment estimates for the same time periods and for the same population groups (people aged from 18 to 64 excluding 18 to 24 year olds in full-time education), unemployment increased by 48,000 and the claimant count fell by 28,000, between October to December 2012 and January to March 2013.

Chart 18: Quarterly changes in Unemployment and the Claimant Count (aged 18 to 64), seasonally adjusted



Source: Office for National Statistics, Work and Pensions

Notes:

1. Unemployment estimates are sourced from the Labour Force Survey (a survey of households). The unemployment figures in this chart, and the associated spreadsheet, exclude unemployed people aged from 18 to 24 in full-time education.
2. Claimant Count estimates are sourced from administrative data from Jobcentre Plus (part of the Department for Work and Pensions).

Download chart

[XLS](#) [XLS format](#)
(215.5 Kb)

Economic inactivity

Economically inactive people are not in employment but do not meet the internationally accepted definition of unemployment because they have not been seeking work within the last four weeks and/or they are unable to start work within the next two weeks. A [short video](#) explaining the basic labour market concepts of employment, unemployment and economic inactivity is available. Economic inactivity estimates are available at Tables 1 and 13 of the pdf version of this Statistical Bulletin and at [data tables A02 \(1.24 Mb Excel sheet\)](#) and [INAC01 \(2.43 Mb Excel sheet\)](#).

The economic inactivity rate for those aged from 16 to 64 was 22.4% for January to March 2013, up 0.1 percentage points from October to December 2012 but down 0.6 from a year earlier. Chart 19 shows the economic inactivity rate for those aged from 16 to 64 for the last five years. There were

9.00 million economically inactive people aged from 16 to 64 for January to March 2013, up 47,000 from October to December 2012 but down 212,000 from a year earlier.

Chart 19: Economic inactivity rate (aged 16 to 64), seasonally adjusted



Source: Labour Force Survey - Office for National Statistics

Download chart

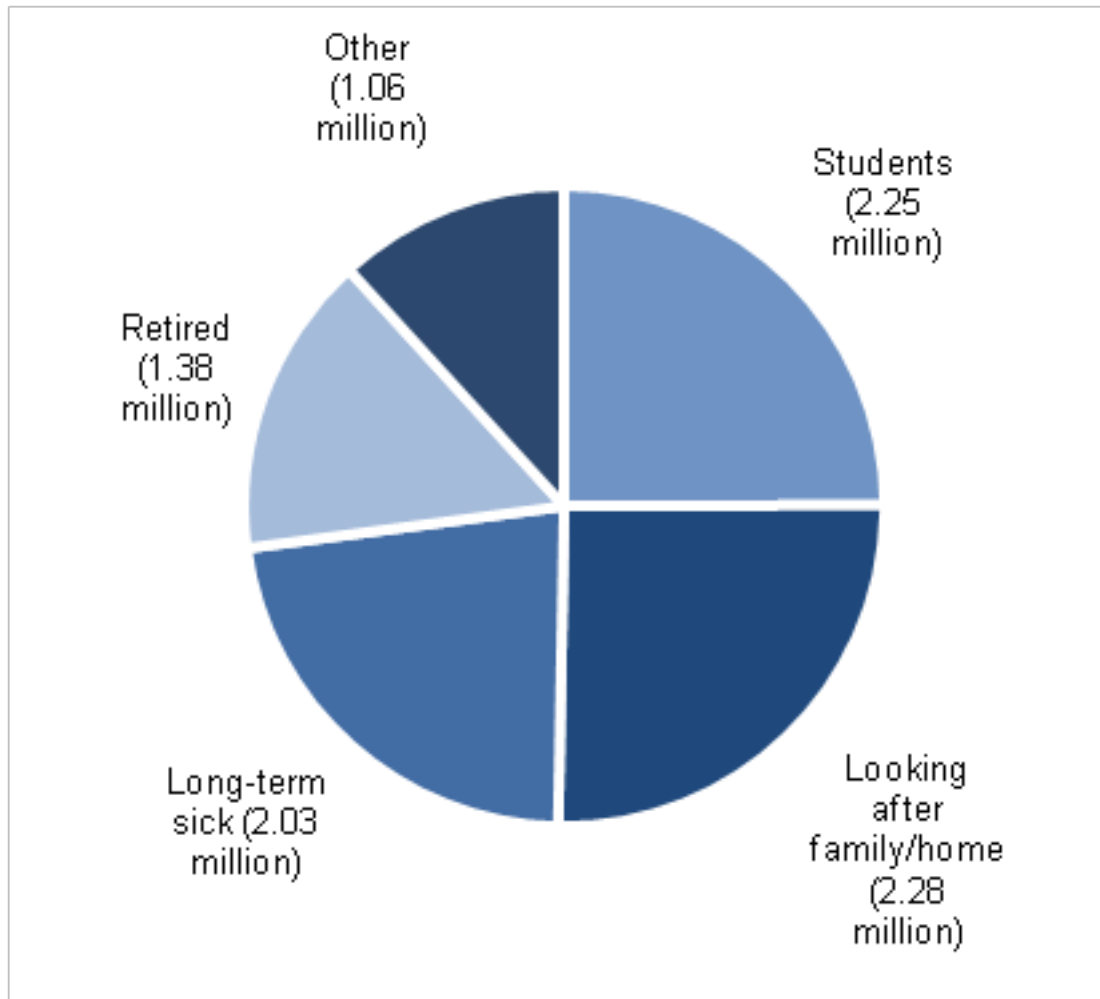
[XLS](#) [XLS format](#)
(32.5 Kb)

For January to March 2013, as shown in Chart 20:

- There were 2.25 million economically inactive students aged from 16 to 64, **up** 35,000 from October to December 2012 but **down** 13,000 from a year earlier.
- There were 2.03 million people aged from 16 to 64 who were economically inactive due to long-term sickness, **up** 7,000 from October to December 2012 but **down** 89,000 from a year earlier.
- There were 1.38 million economically inactive people who had retired before reaching the age of 65, **up** 1,000 from October to December 2012 but **down** 89,000 from a year earlier.

The annual fall in the number of economically inactive people who had retired before reaching the age of 65 reflects changes to the state pension age for women. The age at which women reach state pension age has been gradually increasing from 60 since April 2010, resulting in fewer women retiring between the ages of 60 and 65.

Chart 20: Economic inactivity by reason (aged 16 to 64) for January to March 2013, seasonally adjusted



Source: Labour Force Survey - Office for National Statistics

Download chart

[XLS](#) [XLS format](#)
(29 Kb)

Redundancies

The redundancies estimates measure the number of people who have been made redundant or have taken voluntary redundancy. Redundancies estimates are available at Tables 23 and 24 of the pdf version of this Statistical Bulletin and at [data tables RED01 \(190 Kb Excel sheet\)](#) and [RED02 \(2.38 Mb Excel sheet\)](#).

For January to March 2013, 140,000 people had become redundant in the three months before the Labour Force Survey interviews, down 5,000 from October to December 2012 and down 32,000 from a year earlier. Chart 21 shows the number of people made redundant for the last five years. The redundancy rate was 5.5 per 1,000 employees, down 0.3 from October to December 2012 and down 1.4 from a year earlier.

Chart 21: Redundancies, seasonally adjusted

Source: Labour Force Survey - Office for National Statistics

Download chart

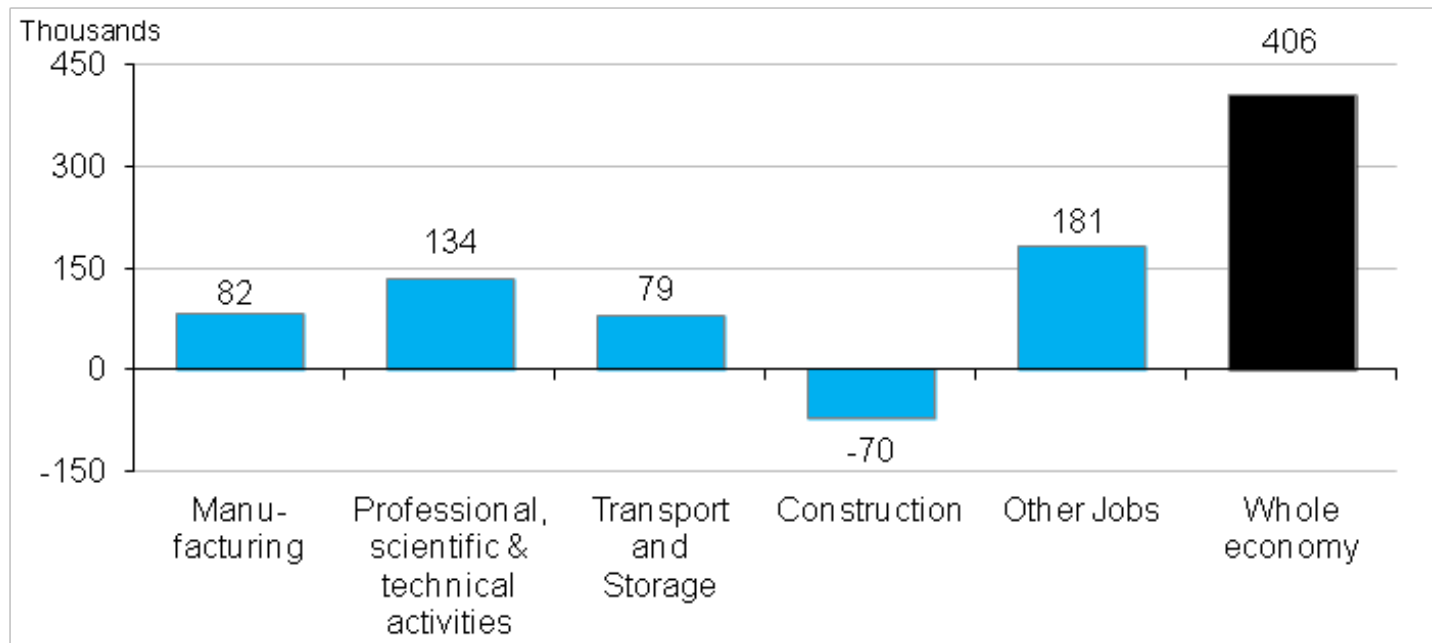
[XLS](#) [XLS format](#)

(28 Kb)

Jobs (first published on 17 April 2013)

Workforce jobs measures the number of filled jobs in the economy. It differs from the number of people in employment as some people have more than one job. A comparison between estimates of employment and jobs is available in an [article published on the website](#) on 17 April 2013. Jobs estimates are available at Tables 5 and 6 of the pdf version of this Statistical Bulletin and at [data tables JOBS01 \(51.5 Kb Excel sheet\)](#) and [JOBS02 \(191.5 Kb Excel sheet\)](#).

There were 32.10 million workforce jobs in December 2012, up 4,000 from September 2012 and up 406,000 on a year earlier. As shown in Chart 22, the sector showing the largest increase in jobs between December 2011 and December 2012 was professional, scientific and technical activities which increased by 134,000 to reach 2.57 million. The sector showing the largest fall in jobs over this period was construction which fell by 70,000 to reach 1.99 million.

Chart 22: Workforce jobs changes between December 2011 and December 2012, seasonally adjusted

Source: Office for National Statistics

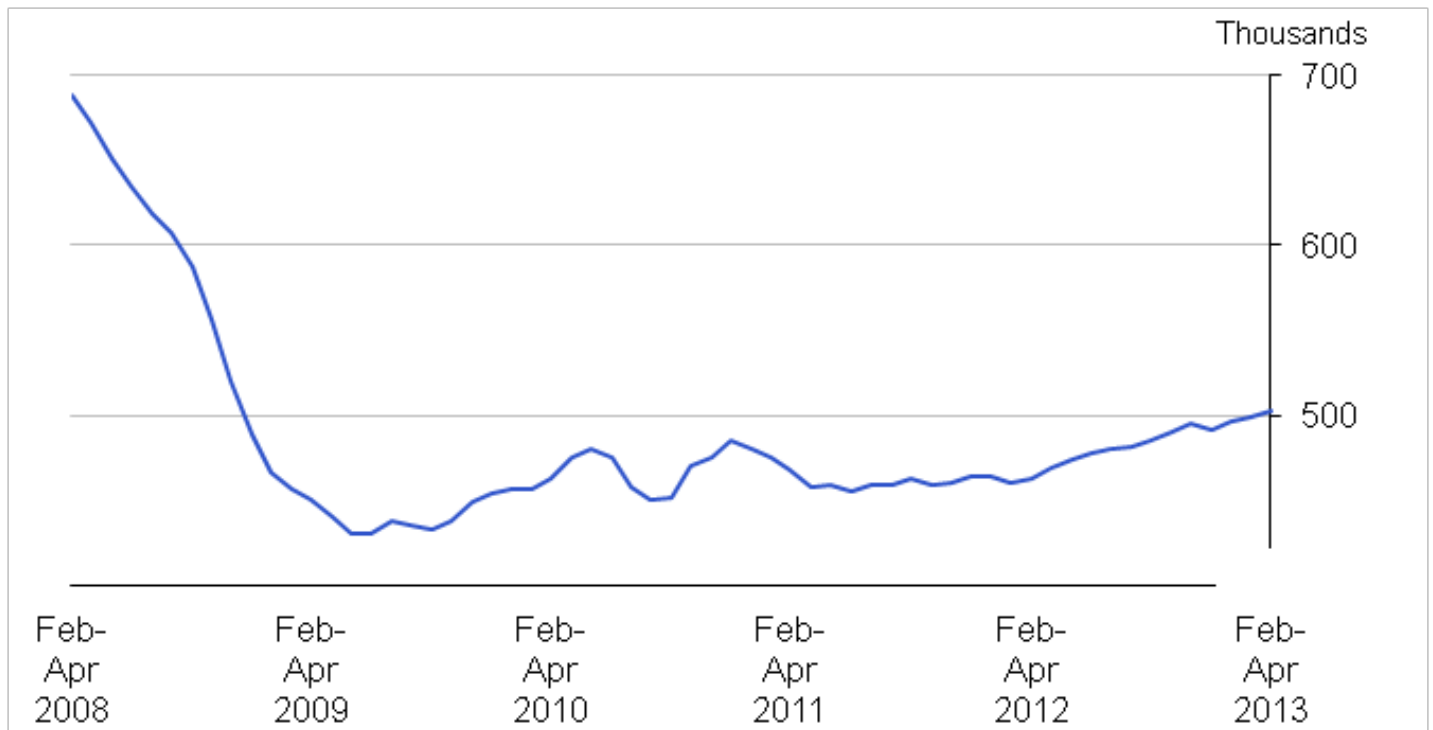
Download chart

[XLS](#) [XLS format](#)
(29 Kb)

Vacancies

Vacancies are defined as positions for which employers are actively seeking to recruit outside their business or organisation. Vacancies estimates are available at Tables 21, 21(1) and 22 of the pdf version of this Statistical Bulletin and at [data tables VACS01 \(46.5 Kb Excel sheet\)](#), [VACS02 \(226.5 Kb Excel sheet\)](#) and [VACS03 \(71.5 Kb Excel sheet\)](#).

There were 503,000 job vacancies for February to April 2013, up 11,000 from November 2012 to January 2013 and up 40,000 on a year earlier. Chart 23 shows the number of vacancies for the last five years. There were 1.8 vacancies per 100 employee jobs for February to April 2013, unchanged from November 2012 to January 2013 but up 0.1 percentage points on a year earlier.

Chart 23: Vacancies, seasonally adjusted

Source: Vacancy Survey - Office for National Statistics

Download chart

[XLS](#) [XLS format](#)
(28.5 Kb)

Data tables

The [Index of Data Tables](#) lists, and briefly describes, all of the regularly published labour market spreadsheets and includes hyperlinks from which the spreadsheets can be accessed.

The pdf version of this Statistical Bulletin includes summary data tables. A list of these tables, and the corresponding EXCEL spreadsheets, is available;

- in [html format](#), and
- in pdf format from the “Index of Tables” page in the pdf version of this Statistical Bulletin.

Revisions

Estimates for the most recent time periods are subject to revision due to the receipt of late and corrected responses to business surveys and revisions to seasonal adjustment factors which are re-estimated every month. Estimates are subject to longer run revisions, on an annual basis, resulting from reviews of the seasonal adjustment process. Estimates derived from the Labour Force Survey (a survey of households) are usually only revised once a year. Further information is available in the [Labour Market Statistics Revisions Policy \(36.7 Kb Pdf\)](#).

One indication of the reliability of the key indicators in this Statistical Bulletin can be obtained by monitoring the size of revisions. Data tables [EMP05 \(752 Kb Excel sheet\)](#), [UNEM04 \(1.69 Mb Excel sheet\)](#), [JOBS06 \(345.5 Kb Excel sheet\)](#) and [CLA04 \(1.65 Mb Excel sheet\)](#) record the size and pattern of revisions over the last five years. These indicators only report summary measures for revisions. The revised data itself may be subject to sampling or other sources of error. The ONS standard presentation is to show five years worth of revisions (60 observations for a monthly series, 20 for a quarterly series).

Seasonal adjustment

Like many economic indicators, the labour market is affected by factors that tend to occur at around the same time every year; for example school leavers entering the labour market in July and whether Easter falls in March or April. In order to compare movements other than annual changes in labour market statistics, such as since the previous quarter or since the previous month, the data are seasonally adjusted to remove the effects of seasonal factors and the arrangement of the calendar. All estimates discussed in this Statistical Bulletin are seasonally adjusted except where otherwise stated.

Sampling variability

Sampling variability information, calculated on not seasonally adjusted data, is available for the key indicators published in this release. These sampling variability ranges represent '95% confidence intervals'. If a large number of samples were taken, and a 95% confidence interval was calculated for each sample, it is expected that in 95% of samples the range would contain the true value.

[Data table A11 \(49.5 Kb Excel sheet\)](#) shows sampling variabilities for estimates derived from the **Labour Force Survey**.

[Data table JOBS07 \(44.5 Kb Excel sheet\)](#) shows sampling variabilities for estimates of **workforce jobs**.

The sampling variability of the three month average **vacancies** level is around +/- 1.5% of that level.

The sampling variabilities of the whole economy single month **Average Weekly Earnings** growth rates are as follows:

- +/- 0.5 percentage points excluding bonuses,
- +/- 0.6 percentage points including bonuses (April to November), and
- +/- 0.9 percentage points including bonuses (December to March).

More detailed sampling variability information for Average Weekly Earnings are available from the "Sampling Variability" worksheets within [data tables EARN01 \(461 Kb Excel sheet\)](#) and [EARN03 \(554 Kb Excel sheet\)](#).

Other quality information

[Quality and Methodology Information papers](#) for labour market statistics are available on the website.

Further information about the Labour Force Survey (LFS) is available from:

- the [LFS User Guide](#), and
- [LFS Performance and Quality Monitoring Reports](#).

Background notes

1. This month's release

The tables showing estimates of employment by nationality and country of birth have been improved to provide a more detailed breakdown. Additional series have been introduced showing employment estimates (for both nationality and country of birth) for "Total EU", "Total non-EU", "Romania and Bulgaria" and "Rest of the World". These estimates are available at Table 8 of the pdf version of this Statistical Bulletin and at [data table EMP06 \(174.5 Kb Excel sheet\)](#). This improvement has been made to the table in order to meet customer demand, particularly for estimates for "Romania and Bulgaria".

The estimates relate to the number of people in employment and should not be used as a proxy for flows of foreign migrants into the UK. Estimates of migration flows are published separately by ONS four times a year in the [Migration Statistics Quarterly Report](#), the next edition of which will be published on 23 May 2013.

2. Next month's release

There are no major developments planned for next month's release.

3. Introduction of new release for Young People Not in Education, Employment or Training

On Thursday 23 May 2013, ONS will publish the first edition of a new release showing estimates of young people who are Not in Education, Employment or Training (NEET). This release will, for the first time, provide estimates of young people who are NEET for the United Kingdom broken down by those who are unemployed and those who are economically inactive. This release will be published by ONS four times a year in February, May, August and November around one week after publication of the Labour Market Statistical Bulletin.

4. Special Events

ONS has published commentary, analysis and policy on "Special Events" which may affect statistical outputs. For full details go to the [Special Events page on the ONS website](#).

5. Publication policy

Publication dates up to the end of 2013 are available in the Background Notes to the [June 2012 edition of this Statistical Bulletin](#). A list of the job titles of those given [pre-publication access](#) to the contents of this Statistical Bulletin is available on the website.

6. Details of the policy governing the release of new data are available by visiting www.statisticsauthority.gov.uk/assessment/code-of-practice/index.html or from the Media Relations Office email: media.relations@ons.gsi.gov.uk

The United Kingdom Statistics Authority has designated these statistics as National Statistics, in accordance with the Statistics and Registration Service Act 2007 and signifying compliance with the Code of Practice for Official Statistics.

Designation can be broadly interpreted to mean that the statistics:

- meet identified user needs;
- are well explained and readily accessible;
- are produced according to sound methods; and
- are managed impartially and objectively in the public interest.

Once statistics have been designated as National Statistics it is a statutory requirement that the Code of Practice shall continue to be observed.

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Summary of labour market statistics published on 15 May 2013

Series	Reference period	Latest estimate	Last time higher	Last time lower	Comparable data begins in
Employment level (aged 16+)	Jan-Mar 2013	29.708 million	Nov-Jan 2013 (29.732 million)	Dec-Feb 2013 (29.698 million)	Jan-Mar 1971
Employment rate (aged 16 to 64)	Jan-Mar 2013	71.4 per cent	Nov-Jan 2013 (71.5 per cent)	Aug-Oct 2012 (71.2 per cent)	Jan-Mar 1971
Unemployment level (aged 16+)	Jan-Mar 2013	2.518 million	Dec-Feb 2013 (2.563 million)	Nov-Jan 2013 (2.516 million)	Jan-Mar 1971
Unemployment rate (aged 16+)	Jan-Mar 2013	7.8 per cent	Dec-Feb 2013 (7.9 per cent)	Sep-Nov 2012 (7.7 per cent)	Jan-Mar 1971
Youth unemployment level (aged 16 to 24)	Jan-Mar 2013	958,000	Dec-Feb 2013 (979,000)	Aug-Oct 2012 (945,000)	Mar-May 1992
Youth unemployment rate (aged 16 to 24)	Jan-Mar 2013	20.7 per cent	Dec-Feb 2013 (21.1 per cent)	Sep-Nov 2012 (20.5 per cent)	Mar-May 1992
Inactivity level (aged 16 to 64)	Jan-Mar 2013	9.003 million	Sep-Nov 2012 (9.007 million)	Dec-Feb 2013 (8.950 million)	Jan-Mar 1971
Inactivity rate (aged 16 to 64)	Jan-Mar 2013	22.4 per cent	Aug-Oct 2012 (22.6 per cent)	Dec-Feb 2013 (22.2 per cent)	Jan-Mar 1971
Claimant Count level	April 2013	1.521 million	March 2013 (1.528 million)	May 2011 (1.504 million)	January 1971
Claimant Count rate	April 2013	4.5 per cent	March 2013 (4.6 per cent)	December 2010 (4.4 per cent)	January 1971
Average Earnings (total pay)	Jan-Mar 2013	0.4 per cent	Dec-Feb 2013 (1.0 per cent)	Mar-May 2009 (-0.6 per cent)	Jan-Mar 2001
Average Earnings (regular pay)	Jan-Mar 2013	0.8 per cent	Dec-Feb 2013 (1.0 per cent)	Never	Jan-Mar 2001
Workforce jobs	December 2012	32.102 million	June 2012 (32.152 million)	September 2012 (32.098 million)	June 1959
Vacancies level	Feb-Apr 2013	503,000	Oct-Dec 2008 (520,000)	Jan-Mar 2013 (499,000)	Apr-Jun 2001
Vacancy ratio (per 100 employee jobs)	Feb-Apr 2013	1.8	Oct-Dec 2008 (1.9)	Jun-Aug 2012 (1.7)	Apr-Jun 2001

Index of Tables

The table below provides an index of the tables appearing in this Statistical Bulletin and it shows how these table numbers match up with the table numbers in the Excel spreadsheets which are available on the website at:

<http://www.ons.gov.uk/ons/rel/lms/labour-market-statistics/may-2013/index-of-data-tables.html>

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3	Full-time, part-time & temporary workers	Table EMP01
4	Public and private sector employment	Table EMP02
4(1)	Public sector employment by industry	Table EMP03
4(2)	Public sector employment including and excluding financial corporations, English further education corporations and sixth form college corporations	Table EMP04
5	Workforce jobs summary	Table JOBS01
6 (**)	Workforce jobs by industry	Table JOBS02
7	Actual weekly hours worked	Table HOUR01
7(1)	Usual weekly hours worked	Table HOUR02
8	Employment by country of birth and nationality	Table EMP06
UNEMPLOYMENT		
9	Unemployment by age and duration	Table UNEM01
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10	Claimant count summary	Table CLA01
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23	Redundancies levels and rates	Table RED01
24 (***)	Redundancies by industry	Table RED02

(*) Tables 2 and 12 in the Statistical Bulletin pdf file have been amalgamated into one spreadsheet (Table A05).

(**) Table JOBS02 provides more detail than Table 6 in the Statistical Bulletin pdf file.

(***) Table RED 02 provides more detail than Table 24 in the Statistical Bulletin pdf file.

The following symbols are used in the tables: p provisional, r revised, .. Not available, * grossed up total less than 9,500.

The four-character identification codes appearing in the tables are the ONS references for the data series appearing in the Labour Market statistics dataset which is available on the website at:

<http://www.ons.gov.uk/ons/rel/lms/labour-market-statistics/may-2013/dataset--labour-market-statistics.html>

SUMMARY

United Kingdom
(thousands) seasonally
adjusted

1 Summary of headline LFS¹ indicators

	LFS household population ¹		Headline indicators					
			Employment		Unemployment		Inactivity	
	All aged 16 & over	All aged 16 to 64	All aged 16 & over	All aged 16 to 64	All aged 16 & over	All aged 16 & over	All aged 16 to 64	All aged 16 to 64
	MGSL	LF2O	MGRZ	LF24	MGSC	MGSX	LF2M	LF2S
People								
Jan-Mar 2011	50,047	40,104	29,229	70.7	2,460	7.8	9,315	23.2
Jan-Mar 2012	50,411	40,180	29,274	70.6	2,610	8.2	9,214	22.9
Apr-Jun 2012	50,502	40,186	29,476	71.0	2,564	8.0	9,098	22.6
Jul-Sep 2012	50,594	40,198	29,576	71.2	2,514	7.8	9,073	22.6
Oct-Dec 2012	50,686	40,214	29,751	71.6	2,503	7.8	8,955	22.3
Jan-Mar 2013	50,778	40,231	29,708	71.4	2,518	7.8	9,003	22.4
<i>Change on quarter</i>	92	17	-43	-0.2	15	0.1	47	0.1
<i>Change %</i>	0.2	0.0	-0.1		0.6		0.5	
<i>Change on year</i>	367	51	434	0.8	-92	-0.4	-212	-0.6
<i>Change %</i>	0.7	0.1	1.5		-3.5		-2.3	
Men	MGSM	YBTG	MGSA	MGSV	MGSD	MGSY	YBSO	YBTM
Jan-Mar 2011	24,444	19,971	15,643	75.8	1,433	8.4	3,421	17.1
Jan-Mar 2012	24,639	20,012	15,695	75.8	1,494	8.7	3,378	16.9
Apr-Jun 2012	24,690	20,017	15,838	76.3	1,464	8.5	3,299	16.5
Jul-Sep 2012	24,740	20,025	15,877	76.5	1,426	8.2	3,301	16.5
Oct-Dec 2012	24,790	20,035	15,947	76.6	1,412	8.1	3,288	16.4
Jan-Mar 2013	24,841	20,046	15,889	76.2	1,430	8.3	3,346	16.7
<i>Change on quarter</i>	51	11	-58	-0.4	18	0.1	58	0.3
<i>Change %</i>	0.2	0.1	-0.4		1.3		1.8	
<i>Change on year</i>	201	34	194	0.5	-65	-0.4	-32	-0.2
<i>Change %</i>	0.8	0.2	1.2		-4.3		-0.9	
Women	MGSN	LF2P	MGSB	LF25	MGSE	MGSZ	LF2N	LF2T
Jan-Mar 2011	25,603	20,133	13,586	65.6	1,027	7.0	5,894	29.3
Jan-Mar 2012	25,771	20,168	13,579	65.6	1,116	7.6	5,837	28.9
Apr-Jun 2012	25,812	20,169	13,637	65.8	1,099	7.5	5,798	28.7
Jul-Sep 2012	25,854	20,173	13,699	66.0	1,089	7.4	5,772	28.6
Oct-Dec 2012	25,896	20,179	13,804	66.5	1,091	7.3	5,667	28.1
Jan-Mar 2013	25,937	20,185	13,819	66.6	1,088	7.3	5,657	28.0
<i>Change on quarter</i>	42	6	15	0.1	-3	0.0	-10	-0.1
<i>Change %</i>	0.2	0.0	0.1		-0.3		-0.2	
<i>Change on year</i>	166	17	240	1.0	-27	-0.3	-180	-0.9
<i>Change %</i>	0.6	0.1	1.8		-2.5		-3.1	

Source: Labour Force Survey
Labour market statistics enquiries: labour.market@ons.gov.uk

1. The Labour Force Survey (LFS) is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation.
2. The headline employment rate is the number of people aged 16 to 64 in employment divided by the population aged 16 to 64.
3. The headline unemployment rate is the number of unemployed people (aged 16+) divided by the economically active population (aged 16+). The economically active population is defined as those in employment plus those who are unemployed.
4. The headline inactivity rate is the number of economically inactive people aged 16 to 64 divided by the population aged 16 to 64.

Note on headline employment, unemployment and inactivity rates

The headline employment and inactivity rates are based on the population aged 16 to 64 but the headline unemployment rate is based on the economically active population aged 16 and over. The employment and inactivity rates for those aged 16 and over are affected by the inclusion of the retired population in the denominators and are therefore less meaningful than the rates for those aged from 16 to 64. However, for the unemployment rate for those aged 16 and over, no such effect occurs as the denominator for the unemployment rate is the economically active population which only includes people in work or actively seeking and able to work.

Note on headline employment, unemployment and inactivity levels

The headline employment and unemployment levels are for those aged 16 and over; they measure all people in work or actively seeking and able to work. However, the headline inactivity level is for those aged 16 to 64. The inactivity level for those aged 16 and over is less meaningful as it includes elderly people who have retired from the labour force.

SUMMARY

2(1) Labour market status by age group

United Kingdom (thousands) seasonally adjusted

	Aged 16 and over						Aged 16-64					
	Employment		Unemployment		Inactivity		Employment		Unemployment		Inactivity	
	Level	Rate	Level	Rate	Level	Rate	Level	Rate	Level	Rate	Level	Rate
People	MGRZ	MGSR	MGSC	MGSX	MGSI	YBTC	LF2G	LF24	LF2I	LF2Q	LF2M	LF2S
Jan-Mar 2011	29,229	58.4	2,460	7.8	18,358	36.7	28,346	70.7	2,443	7.9	9,315	23.2
Jan-Mar 2012	29,274	58.1	2,610	8.2	18,527	36.8	28,384	70.6	2,582	8.3	9,214	22.9
Apr-Jun 2012	29,476	58.4	2,564	8.0	18,463	36.6	28,544	71.0	2,544	8.2	9,098	22.6
Jul-Sep 2012	29,576	58.5	2,514	7.8	18,504	36.6	28,631	71.2	2,494	8.0	9,073	22.6
Oct-Dec 2012	29,751	58.7	2,503	7.8	18,432	36.4	28,778	71.6	2,481	7.9	8,955	22.3
Jan-Mar 2013	29,708	58.5	2,518	7.8	18,552	36.5	28,728	71.4	2,500	8.0	9,003	22.4
Change on quarter	-43	-0.2	15	0.1	120	0.2	-49	-0.2	19	0.1	47	0.1
Change %	-0.1		0.6		0.7		-0.2		0.8		0.5	
Change on year	434	0.4	-92	-0.4	26	-0.2	344	0.8	-82	-0.3	-212	-0.6
Change %	1.5		-3.5		0.1		1.2		-3.2		-2.3	
Men	MGSA	MGSS	MGSD	MGSY	MGSJ	YBTD	YBSF	MGSV	YBSI	YBTJ	YBSO	YBTM
Jan-Mar 2011	15,643	64.0	1,433	8.4	7,368	30.1	15,129	75.8	1,421	8.6	3,421	17.1
Jan-Mar 2012	15,695	63.7	1,494	8.7	7,450	30.2	15,159	75.8	1,475	8.9	3,378	16.9
Apr-Jun 2012	15,838	64.1	1,464	8.5	7,387	29.9	15,265	76.3	1,453	8.7	3,299	16.5
Jul-Sep 2012	15,877	64.2	1,426	8.2	7,437	30.1	15,312	76.5	1,412	8.4	3,301	16.5
Oct-Dec 2012	15,947	64.3	1,412	8.1	7,431	30.0	15,354	76.6	1,394	8.3	3,288	16.4
Jan-Mar 2013	15,889	64.0	1,430	8.3	7,522	30.3	15,284	76.2	1,416	8.5	3,346	16.7
Change on quarter	-58	-0.4	18	0.1	91	0.3	-70	-0.4	23	0.2	58	0.3
Change %	-0.4		1.3		1.2		-0.5		1.6		1.8	
Change on year	194	0.3	-65	-0.4	72	0.0	125	0.5	-59	-0.4	-32	-0.2
Change %	1.2		-4.3		1.0		0.8		-4.0		-0.9	
Women	MGSB	MGST	MGSE	MGSZ	MGSK	YBTE	LF2H	LF25	LF2J	LF2R	LF2N	LF2T
Jan-Mar 2011	13,586	53.1	1,027	7.0	10,990	42.9	13,217	65.6	1,022	7.2	5,894	29.3
Jan-Mar 2012	13,579	52.7	1,116	7.6	11,076	43.0	13,225	65.6	1,106	7.7	5,837	28.9
Apr-Jun 2012	13,637	52.8	1,099	7.5	11,076	42.9	13,279	65.8	1,091	7.6	5,798	28.7
Jul-Sep 2012	13,699	53.0	1,089	7.4	11,066	42.8	13,319	66.0	1,082	7.5	5,772	28.6
Oct-Dec 2012	13,804	53.3	1,091	7.3	11,000	42.5	13,424	66.5	1,088	7.5	5,667	28.1
Jan-Mar 2013	13,819	53.3	1,088	7.3	11,030	42.5	13,444	66.6	1,084	7.5	5,657	28.0
Change on quarter	15	0.0	-3	0.0	30	0.0	20	0.1	-4	0.0	-10	-0.1
Change %	0.1		-0.3		0.3		0.2		-0.4		-0.2	
Change on year	240	0.6	-27	-0.3	-46	-0.5	219	1.0	-23	-0.3	-180	-0.9
Change %	1.8		-2.5		-0.4		1.7		-2.1		-3.1	
	Aged 16-17						Aged 18-24					
	Employment		Unemployment		Inactivity		Employment		Unemployment		Inactivity	
	Level	Rate	Level	Rate	Level	Rate	Level	Rate	Level	Rate	Level	Rate
People	YBTO	YBUA	YBVH	YBVK	YCAS	LWEX	YBTR	YBUD	YBVN	YBVQ	YCAV	LWFA
Jan-Mar 2011	355	23.7	209	37.1	932	62.3	3,379	58.0	726	17.7	1,720	29.5
Jan-Mar 2012	346	23.5	206	37.3	919	62.5	3,304	56.8	810	19.7	1,701	29.2
Apr-Jun 2012	352	24.0	203	36.5	912	62.2	3,338	57.5	809	19.5	1,663	28.6
Jul-Sep 2012	359	24.5	189	34.5	916	62.6	3,327	57.4	774	18.9	1,699	29.3
Oct-Dec 2012	327	22.3	197	37.6	941	64.2	3,393	58.7	778	18.6	1,613	27.9
Jan-Mar 2013	317	21.7	190	37.5	958	65.4	3,357	58.2	768	18.6	1,644	28.5
Change on quarter	-10	-0.7	-7	-0.2	17	1.2	-36	-0.5	-9	0.0	31	0.6
Change %	-3.0		-3.7		1.8		-1.1		-1.2		1.9	
Change on year	-29	-1.9	-16	0.2	38	2.9	53	1.4	-42	-1.1	-56	-0.7
Change %	-8.4		-7.6		4.2		1.6		-5.2		-3.3	
Men	YBTP	YBUB	YBVI	YBVL	YCAT	LWEY	YBTS	YBUE	YBVO	YBVR	YCAW	LWFB
Jan-Mar 2011	159	20.7	107	40.4	500	65.3	1,776	59.9	434	19.7	754	25.4
Jan-Mar 2012	165	21.9	106	39.1	482	64.0	1,702	57.6	504	22.9	747	25.3
Apr-Jun 2012	164	21.9	103	38.6	484	64.4	1,723	58.4	505	22.7	722	24.5
Jul-Sep 2012	159	21.1	93	37.0	498	66.4	1,726	58.6	473	21.5	745	25.3
Oct-Dec 2012	140	18.7	108	43.6	502	66.9	1,747	59.5	462	20.9	726	24.7
Jan-Mar 2013	141	18.9	100	41.5	508	67.7	1,734	59.2	445	20.4	750	25.6
Change on quarter	2	0.2	-8	-2.1	6	0.8	-13	-0.3	-17	-0.5	23	0.8
Change %	1.2		-7.3		1.2		-0.8		-3.7		3.2	
Change on year	-24	-3.0	-6	2.4	26	3.7	32	1.6	-59	-2.4	3	0.3
Change %	-14.3		-5.4		5.4		1.9		-11.8		0.4	
Women	YBTQ	YBUC	YBVJ	YBVM	YCAU	LWEZ	YBTT	YBUF	YBVP	YBVS	YCAX	LWFC
Jan-Mar 2011	196	26.9	102	34.2	432	59.1	1,603	56.0	292	15.4	967	33.8
Jan-Mar 2012	181	25.2	99	35.4	438	60.9	1,602	56.0	306	16.0	954	33.3
Apr-Jun 2012	188	26.2	100	34.7	428	59.9	1,615	56.5	304	15.9	941	32.9
Jul-Sep 2012	200	28.0	96	32.5	418	58.5	1,601	56.1	301	15.8	954	33.4
Oct-Dec 2012	187	26.2	89	32.2	439	61.4	1,646	57.8	315	16.1	887	31.1
Jan-Mar 2013	176	24.6	90	33.8	450	62.9	1,623	57.1	323	16.6	895	31.5
Change on quarter	-11	-1.6	1	1.5	11	1.5	-23	-0.7	8	0.5	8	0.3
Change %	-6.1		0.6		2.5		-1.4		2.6		0.9	
Change on year	-6	-0.7	-10	-1.7	13	2.0	21	1.1	18	0.6	-59	-1.8
Change %	-3.0		-9.9		2.9		1.3		5.7		-6.2	

Source: Labour Force Survey

Labour market statistics enquiries: labour.market@ons.gov.uk

SUMMARY

2(2) Labour market status by age group

United Kingdom (thousands) seasonally adjusted

	Aged 25-34						Aged 35-49					
	Employment		Unemployment		Inactivity		Employment		Unemployment		Inactivity	
	Level	Rate	Level	Rate	Level	Rate	Level	Rate	Level	Rate	Level	Rate
People	YBTU	YBUG	YCGM	YCGP	YCAY	LWFD	YBTX	YBUJ	YCGS	YCGV	YCBB	LWFG
Jan-Mar 2011	6,486	78.9	522	7.5	1,207	14.7	10,756	81.2	607	5.3	1,880	14.2
Jan-Mar 2012	6,601	78.2	566	7.9	1,273	15.1	10,684	81.6	609	5.4	1,806	13.8
Apr-Jun 2012	6,661	78.4	555	7.7	1,278	15.0	10,691	81.9	594	5.3	1,775	13.6
Jul-Sep 2012	6,730	78.7	555	7.6	1,264	14.8	10,679	82.0	600	5.3	1,741	13.4
Oct-Dec 2012	6,787	78.9	539	7.4	1,278	14.9	10,642	82.0	600	5.3	1,735	13.4
Jan-Mar 2013	6,831	78.9	547	7.4	1,281	14.8	10,588	81.8	607	5.4	1,743	13.5
Change on quarter	44	0.0	8	0.1	3	-0.1	-55	-0.2	7	0.1	7	0.1
Change %	0.7		1.4		0.2		-0.5		1.1		0.4	
Change on year	230	0.7	-19	-0.5	8	-0.3	-96	0.3	-3	0.0	-63	-0.3
Change %	3.5		-3.3		0.6		-0.9		-0.4		-3.5	
Men	YBTV	YBUH	YCGN	YCGQ	YCAZ	LWFE	YBTY	YBUK	YCGT	YCGW	YCBC	LWFH
Jan-Mar 2011	3,554	85.6	294	7.6	302	7.3	5,687	87.0	331	5.5	522	8.0
Jan-Mar 2012	3,652	85.5	302	7.6	316	7.4	5,667	87.5	314	5.2	493	7.6
Apr-Jun 2012	3,701	86.1	295	7.4	303	7.0	5,681	88.0	309	5.2	466	7.2
Jul-Sep 2012	3,723	86.0	296	7.4	310	7.2	5,681	88.3	303	5.1	453	7.0
Oct-Dec 2012	3,766	86.4	291	7.2	302	6.9	5,649	88.0	291	4.9	478	7.5
Jan-Mar 2013	3,769	85.9	316	7.7	304	6.9	5,589	87.3	317	5.4	493	7.7
Change on quarter	3	-0.5	24	0.6	2	0.0	-59	-0.7	26	0.5	14	0.2
Change %	0.1		8.4		0.7		-1.1		9.0		3.0	
Change on year	118	0.4	13	0.1	-12	-0.5	-78	-0.2	3	0.1	0	0.1
Change %	3.2		4.3		-3.7		-1.4		1.0		0.0	
Women	YBTW	YBUI	YCGO	YCGR	YCBA	LWFF	YBTZ	YBUL	YCGU	YCGX	YCBD	LWFI
Jan-Mar 2011	2,932	72.1	229	7.2	906	22.3	5,069	75.6	277	5.2	1,358	20.3
Jan-Mar 2012	2,950	70.7	263	8.2	957	23.0	5,016	75.7	295	5.6	1,313	19.8
Apr-Jun 2012	2,960	70.6	260	8.1	975	23.2	5,011	75.9	285	5.4	1,309	19.8
Jul-Sep 2012	3,007	71.3	259	7.9	953	22.6	4,997	75.9	297	5.6	1,288	19.6
Oct-Dec 2012	3,021	71.2	248	7.6	976	23.0	4,994	76.1	309	5.8	1,257	19.2
Jan-Mar 2013	3,062	71.7	231	7.0	977	22.9	4,998	76.5	290	5.5	1,250	19.1
Change on quarter	41	0.5	-17	-0.6	1	-0.1	5	0.3	-20	-0.4	-7	0.0
Change %	1.4		-6.8		0.1		0.1		-6.3		-0.6	
Change on year	113	1.0	-32	-1.2	19	-0.1	-18	0.7	-6	-0.1	-63	-0.7
Change %	3.8		-12.1		2.0		-0.4		-2.0		-4.8	
	Aged 50-64						Age 65+					
	Employment		Unemployment		Inactivity		Employment		Unemployment		Inactivity	
	Level	Rate	Level	Rate	Level	Rate	Level	Rate	Level	Rate	Level	Rate
People	LF26	LF2U	LF28	LF2E	LF2A	LF2W	LFK4	LFK6	K5HU	K5HW	LFL4	LFL6
Jan-Mar 2011	7,370	65.1	378	4.9	3,575	31.6	883	8.9	17	1.8	9,042	90.9
Jan-Mar 2012	7,449	65.6	391	5.0	3,515	31.0	890	8.7	28	3.1	9,312	91.0
Apr-Jun 2012	7,502	66.1	384	4.9	3,470	30.6	931	9.0	20	2.1	9,366	90.8
Jul-Sep 2012	7,537	66.3	377	4.8	3,453	30.4	945	9.1	20	2.1	9,431	90.7
Oct-Dec 2012	7,628	67.0	367	4.6	3,388	29.8	973	9.3	22	2.2	9,476	90.5
Jan-Mar 2013	7,634	67.0	388	4.8	3,377	29.6	980	9.3	18	1.8	9,549	90.5
Change on quarter	7	0.0	21	0.2	-11	-0.1	7	0.0	-4	-0.4	73	0.0
Change %	0.1		5.7		-0.3		0.7		-18.1		0.8	
Change on year	186	1.4	-3	-0.2	-138	-1.3	90	0.6	-11	-1.3	237	-0.5
Change %	2.5		-0.7		-3.9		10.1		-37.3		2.5	
Men	MGUX	YBUN	MGVM	MGXF	MGWB	LWFK	MGVA	YBUQ	MGVP	MGXI	MGWE	LWFN
Jan-Mar 2011	3,954	71.2	254	6.0	1,344	24.2	514	11.5	12	2.3	3,947	88.2
Jan-Mar 2012	3,974	71.4	248	5.9	1,340	24.1	536	11.6	19	3.4	4,073	88.0
Apr-Jun 2012	3,996	71.9	241	5.7	1,324	23.8	573	12.3	12	2.0	4,088	87.5
Jul-Sep 2012	4,023	72.3	247	5.8	1,295	23.3	565	12.0	13	2.3	4,136	87.7
Oct-Dec 2012	4,052	72.7	241	5.6	1,279	23.0	593	12.5	18	2.9	4,143	87.1
Jan-Mar 2013	4,049	72.6	238	5.6	1,291	23.1	605	12.6	13	2.1	4,176	87.1
Change on quarter	-2	-0.1	-3	-0.1	12	0.2	12	0.1	-5	-0.8	33	0.0
Change %	-0.1		-1.1		0.9		2.0		-27.3		0.8	
Change on year	76	1.1	-10	-0.3	-49	-0.9	69	1.0	-6	-1.3	104	-0.9
Change %	1.9		-4.1		-3.6		12.9		-30.7		2.5	
Women	LF27	LF2V	LF29	LF2F	LF2B	LF2X	LFK5	LFK7	K5HV	K5HX	LFL5	LFL7
Jan-Mar 2011	3,417	59.2	124	3.5	2,231	38.7	370	6.8	*	*	5,096	93.2
Jan-Mar 2012	3,475	60.0	143	3.9	2,175	37.5	354	6.3	*	*	5,240	93.5
Apr-Jun 2012	3,506	60.5	143	3.9	2,145	37.0	358	6.3	*	*	5,277	93.5
Jul-Sep 2012	3,513	60.6	130	3.6	2,158	37.2	380	6.7	*	*	5,295	93.2
Oct-Dec 2012	3,576	61.5	126	3.4	2,109	36.3	380	6.6	*	*	5,333	93.3
Jan-Mar 2013	3,585	61.6	150	4.0	2,086	35.8	375	6.5	*	*	5,373	93.4
Change on quarter	9	0.1	24	0.6	-23	-0.5	-5	-0.1	*	*	40	0.1
Change %	0.2		18.6		-1.1		-1.4		*	*	0.7	
Change on year	110	1.6	7	0.1	-89	-1.7	21	0.2	*	*	133	-0.1
Change %	3.2		5.1		-4.1		5.8		*	*	2.5	

Source: Labour Force Survey

Labour market statistics enquiries: labour.market@ons.gov.uk

EMPLOYMENT AND JOBS

3 Full-time, part-time & temporary workers

United Kingdom (thousands of people aged 16 and over), seasonally adjusted

	All in employment					Full-time and part-time workers ¹							Total workers with second jobs
	Total	Employees	Self employed	Unpaid family workers	Government supported training & employment programmes ²	Total people working full-time	Total people working part-time	Employees working full-time	Employees working part-time	Self-employed people working full-time	Self-employed people working part-time		
												1	
People	MGRZ	MGRN	MGRQ	MGRT	MGRW	YCBE	YCBH	YCBK	YCBN	YCBQ	YCBT	YCBW	
Jan-Mar 2011	29,229	25,050	3,960	97	122	21,301	7,928	18,385	6,665	2,870	1,090	1,156	
Jan-Mar 2012	29,274	24,892	4,163	97	123	21,275	7,999	18,235	6,657	2,981	1,182	1,141	
Apr-Jun 2012	29,476	25,020	4,202	109	144	21,405	8,070	18,308	6,712	3,020	1,182	1,124	
Jul-Sep 2012	29,576	25,107	4,191	112	166	21,456	8,120	18,373	6,735	2,987	1,204	1,107	
Oct-Dec 2012	29,751	25,258	4,218	111	163	21,669	8,081	18,553	6,705	3,023	1,195	1,149	
Jan-Mar 2013	29,708	25,280	4,176	105	147	21,680	8,028	18,565	6,715	3,022	1,155	1,098	
Change on quarter	-43	21	-42	-6	-16	10	-53	11	10	-2	-40	-51	
Change %	-0.1	0.1	-1.0	-5.5	-9.6	0.0	-0.7	0.1	0.1	-0.1	-3.4	-4.4	
Change on year	434	388	13	8	25	404	29	330	58	41	-28	-43	
Change %	1.5	1.6	0.3	8.3	20.2	1.9	0.4	1.8	0.9	1.4	-2.3	-3.7	
Men	MGSA	MGRO	MGRR	MGRU	MGRX	YCBF	YCBI	YCBL	YCBO	YCBR	YCBU	YCBX	
Jan-Mar 2011	15,643	12,753	2,784	31	75	13,630	2,013	11,292	1,461	2,315	469	492	
Jan-Mar 2012	15,695	12,673	2,907	43	72	13,585	2,110	11,146	1,527	2,399	507	485	
Apr-Jun 2012	15,838	12,743	2,963	41	91	13,687	2,151	11,178	1,565	2,460	503	490	
Jul-Sep 2012	15,877	12,772	2,946	49	111	13,740	2,137	11,237	1,534	2,431	514	468	
Oct-Dec 2012	15,947	12,864	2,929	45	110	13,844	2,103	11,348	1,516	2,431	497	458	
Jan-Mar 2013	15,889	12,820	2,924	39	106	13,818	2,072	11,325	1,495	2,425	499	432	
Change on quarter	-58	-44	-4	-6	-4	-27	-31	-23	-21	-6	2	-25	
Change %	-0.4	-0.3	-0.1	-12.6	-3.5	-0.2	-1.5	-0.2	-1.4	-0.3	0.4	-5.5	
Change on year	194	146	18	-4	34	233	-39	179	-32	26	-8	-53	
Change %	1.2	1.2	0.6	-9.7	47.6	1.7	-1.8	1.6	-2.1	1.1	-1.6	-10.8	
Women	MGSA	MGRP	MGRS	MGRV	MGRY	YCBG	YCBJ	YCBM	YCBP	YCBS	YCBV	YCBY	
Jan-Mar 2011	13,586	12,296	1,176	67	47	7,672	5,915	7,093	5,203	555	622	663	
Jan-Mar 2012	13,579	12,219	1,256	54	51	7,691	5,889	7,089	5,130	582	675	656	
Apr-Jun 2012	13,637	12,278	1,239	68	53	7,719	5,919	7,131	5,147	559	679	634	
Jul-Sep 2012	13,699	12,336	1,245	63	56	7,717	5,982	7,135	5,200	556	689	640	
Oct-Dec 2012	13,804	12,395	1,290	66	53	7,825	5,979	7,205	5,189	592	697	692	
Jan-Mar 2013	13,819	12,460	1,252	66	41	7,862	5,957	7,240	5,220	597	655	666	
Change on quarter	15	65	-38	0	-12	37	-22	35	31	4	-42	-26	
Change %	0.1	0.5	-2.9	-0.7	-22.4	0.5	-0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	-6.0	-3.7	
Change on year	240	241	-4	12	-9	172	68	151	90	15	-19	10	
Change %	1.8	2.0	-0.3	22.9	-18.6	2.2	1.2	2.1	1.8	2.6	-2.9	1.5	
	Temporary employees (reasons for temporary working)						Part-time workers (reasons for working part-time) ³						
	Total as % of all employees	Could not find permanent job	% that could not find permanent job	Did not want permanent job	Had a contract with period of training	Some other reason	Total ⁴	Could not find full-time job	% that could not find full-time job	Did not want full-time job	Ill or disabled	Student or at school	
	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
People	YCBZ	YCCC	YCCF	YCCI	YCCL	YCCO	YCCR	YCCU	YCCX	YCDA	YCDD	YCDG	YCDJ
Jan-Mar 2011	1,586	6.3	576	36.3	358	100	552	7,755	1,182	15.2	5,288	181	1,051
Jan-Mar 2012	1,564	6.3	619	39.6	336	89	520	7,839	1,406	17.9	5,167	189	1,030
Apr-Jun 2012	1,580	6.3	631	39.9	323	101	526	7,891	1,422	18.0	5,186	183	1,051
Jul-Sep 2012	1,615	6.4	655	40.5	323	93	543	7,939	1,411	17.8	5,263	177	1,037
Oct-Dec 2012	1,660	6.6	662	39.9	338	97	563	7,900	1,382	17.5	5,274	183	998
Jan-Mar 2013	1,617	6.4	651	40.3	332	103	530	7,869	1,408	17.9	5,234	176	999
Change on quarter	-43	-0.2	-11	0.4	-6	6	-33	-31	26	0.4	-41	-7	1
Change %	-2.6		-1.6		-1.7	6.4	-5.9	-0.4	1.9		-0.8	-3.9	0.1
Change on year	52	0.1	32	0.7	-4	14	11	30	2	0.0	67	-13	-31
Change %	3.3		5.1		-1.1	15.3	2.0	0.4	0.1		1.3	-6.9	-3.0
Men	YCCA	YCCD	YCCG	YCCJ	YCCM	YCCP	YCCS	YCCV	YCCY	YCDB	YCDE	YCDH	YCDK
Jan-Mar 2011	752	5.9	301	40.0	148	56	248	1,930	525	27.2	863	80	440
Jan-Mar 2012	744	5.9	324	43.5	138	43	239	2,034	637	31.3	861	72	453
Apr-Jun 2012	735	5.8	319	43.4	132	48	237	2,067	654	31.7	864	75	454
Jul-Sep 2012	758	5.9	335	44.2	126	47	250	2,049	637	31.1	880	69	442
Oct-Dec 2012	798	6.2	362	45.4	135	44	257	2,014	640	31.8	877	66	401
Jan-Mar 2013	761	5.9	343	45.1	138	41	239	1,994	639	32.0	872	59	400
Change on quarter	-37	-0.3	-19	-0.3	3	-3	-18	-20	-1	0.2	-5	-7	-1
Change %	-4.6		-5.3		2.2	-6.1	-6.9	-1.0	-0.2		-0.6	-10.4	-0.3
Change on year	17	0.1	20	1.6	0	-2	0	-40	2	0.7	11	-13	-53
Change %	2.3		6.0		-0.1	-5.4	0.0	-2.0	0.4		1.3	-17.6	-11.7
Women	YCCB	YCCE	YCCH	YCCK	YCCN	YCCQ	YCCT	YCCW	YCCZ	YCDC	YCDE	YCDI	YCDL
Jan-Mar 2011	834	6.8	275	33.0	211	44	304	5,825	658	11.3	4,425	100	611
Jan-Mar 2012	820	6.7	296	36.1	197	46	281	5,804	769	13.3	4,306	117	577
Apr-Jun 2012	845	6.9	312	36.9	191	53	290	5,824	768	13.2	4,322	109	597
Jul-Sep 2012	857	6.9	319	37.3	198	46	293	5,890	774	13.1	4,383	108	596
Oct-Dec 2012	862	7.0	300	34.8	203	53	307	5,886	741	12.6	4,397	117	597
Jan-Mar 2013	855	6.9	308	36.0	194	62	291	5,875	769	13.1	4,361	117	599
Change on quarter	-7	-0.1	8	1.2	-9	9	-15	-11	28	0.5	-35	0	2
Change %	-0.8		2.7		-4.3	16.8	-5.0	-0.2	3.7		-0.8	-0.2	0.3
Change on year	35	0.2	12	-0.1	-3	16	10	71	0	-0.2	55	0	22
Change %	4.3		4.1		-1.8	34.7	3.7	1.2	0.0		1.3	-0.3	3.8

Relationship between columns: 1= 2+3+4+5; 1=6+7; 2=8+9; 3=10+11; 13=15+17+18+19; 20=9+11; 14=13/2; 16=15/13; 22=21/20

Source: Labour Force Survey

1. The split between full-time and part-time employment is based on respondents' self-classification. Labour market statistics enquiries: labour.market@ons.gov.uk

2. This series does not include all people on these programmes; it only includes those engaging in any form of work, work experience or work-related training.

3. These series cover Employees and Self-employed only. These series include some temporary employees recorded in columns 13 to 19.

4. The total includes those who did not give a reason for working part-time and it therefore does not equal the sum of columns 21, 23, 24 and 25.

EMPLOYMENT AND JOBS

4 Public and private sector employment

United Kingdom (thousands of people aged 16 and over), seasonally adjusted

	Public sector ¹		Private sector ²		Total employment ³	Public sector excluding English Further Education Corporations and Sixth Form College Corporations		Private sector including English Further Education Corporations and Sixth Form College Corporations		Publicly owned English Further Education Corporations and Sixth Form College Corporations ⁸
	(000s)	(%)	(000s)	(%)		(000s)	(%)	(000s)	(%)	
	1	2	3	4		5	6	7	8	
	G7AU	G9BZ	G7K5	G9C2	G7GO	KX5M	KX5N	KX5O	KX5P	KSL8
Dec 10	6,221	21.3	22,946	78.7	29,167	6,015	20.6	23,152	79.4	206
Mar 11	6,196	21.2	23,032	78.8	29,228	5,990	20.5	23,238	79.5	206
Jun 11	6,102	20.9	23,028	79.1	29,130	5,901	20.3	23,229	79.7	201
Sep 11	6,069	20.9	23,033	79.1	29,102	5,874	20.2	23,228	79.8	195
Dec 11	6,035	20.7	23,106	79.3	29,141	5,839	20.0	23,302	80.0	196
Mar 12	5,999	20.5	23,325	79.5	29,324	5,803	19.8	23,521	80.2	196
Jun 12	5,769	19.5	23,791	80.5	29,560	5,769	19.5	23,791	80.5	0
Sep 12	5,742	19.4	23,859	80.6	29,601	5,742	19.4	23,859	80.6	0
Dec 12	5,722	19.2	24,010	80.8	29,732	5,722	19.2	24,010	80.8	0
Change on quarter	-20	-0.2	151	0.2	131	-20	-0.2	151	0.2	0
Change %	-0.3		0.6		0.4	-0.3		0.6		-1.6
Change on year	-313	-1.5	904	1.5	590	-117	-0.8	708	0.8	-196
Change %	-5.2		3.9		2.0	-2.0		3.0		-100.0

Enquiries 01633 456776

Relationship between columns: 2 = 1/5*100; 3 = 5-1; 4 = 3/5*100,5=6+8, 6=1-10, 8=3+10

Source: Labour Force Survey (LFS) and returns from public sector organisations

See footnotes under table 4(2)

4(1) Public sector employment by industry

United Kingdom (thousands of people aged 16 and over), seasonally adjusted

	Construction	HM Forces ⁴	Police (including civilians)	Public administration	Of which: Civil Service ⁵	Education ⁶	National Health Service	Other health and social work	Other (including financial corporations) ¹	Total public sector employment ^{1,6}
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	G7ER	G7EU	G7EX	G7F2	G7D6	G7F5	G7FG	G7FJ	G7FM	G7AU
Dec 10	46	195	285	1,186	506	1,670	1,592	347	895	6,221
Mar 11	45	194	281	1,174	513	1,667	1,591	347	897	6,196
Jun 11	44	193	276	1,132	488	1,683	1,565	340	881	6,102
Sep 11	43	191	271	1,118	480	1,688	1,558	330	865	6,069
Dec 11	42	189	269	1,103	471	1,677	1,562	331	855	6,035
Mar 12	42	187	266	1,093	464	1,692	1,561	321	837	5,999
Jun 12	43	186	264	1,093	458	1,495	1,556	314	829	5,769
Sep 12	43	183	263	1,082	455	1,486	1,553	305	824	5,742
Dec 12	43	178	261	1,083	451	1,470	1,560	302	818	5,722
Change on quarter	0	-5	-2	1	-4	-16	7	-3	-6	-20
Change %	0.0	-2.7	-0.8	0.1	-0.9	-1.1	0.5	-1.0	-0.7	-0.3
Change on year	1	-11	-8	-20	-20	-207	-2	-29	-37	-313
Change %	2.4	-5.8	-3.0	-1.8	-4.2	-12.3	-0.1	-8.8	-4.3	-5.2

Enquiries 01633 456776

Source: returns from public sector organisations

See footnotes under table 4(2)

4(2) Public sector employment including and excluding financial corporations, English further education corporations and sixth form college corporations

United Kingdom (thousands of people aged 16 and over), seasonally adjusted

	Public sector excluding financial corporations, English Further Education Corporations and Sixth Form College Corporations	Publicly owned financial corporations ⁷	Publicly owned English Further Education Corporations and Sixth Form College Corporations ⁸	Total public sector employment ^{1,6}
	11	12	13	14
	KSM2	K8PD	KSL8	G7AU
Dec 10	5,810	205	206	6,221
Mar 11	5,785	205	206	6,196
Jun 11	5,698	203	201	6,102
Sep 11	5,674	200	195	6,069
Dec 11	5,643	196	196	6,035
Mar 12	5,611	192	196	5,999
Jun 12	5,580	189	0	5,769
Sep 12	5,557	185	0	5,742
Dec 12	5,540	182	0	5,722
Change on quarter	-17	-3	0	-20
Change %	-0.3	-1.6	-1.6	-0.3
Change on year	-103	-14	-196	-313
Change %	-1.8	-7.1	-100.0	-5.2

Enquiries 01633 456776

Source: returns from public sector organisations

- This series includes publicly owned financial corporations. Royal Bank of Scotland Group plc and Lloyds Banking Group plc are classified to the public sector from 13 October 2008. They are therefore included in the public sector estimates from December 2008 onwards but not for earlier periods. Further Education Corporations and Sixth Form College Corporations in England are classified to the private sector from 1 April 2012; previously they were in the public sector. They are therefore included in the public sector estimates up to March 2012 but not for later periods.
- Estimated as the difference between LFS total employment and the data from public sector organisations.
- LFS employment data for March refer to February-April, June refers to May-July, September refers to August-October and December refers to November-January.
- This series excludes locally engaged staff stationed outside the United Kingdom.
- This series excludes the Northern Ireland Civil Service.
- These series may not exactly equal the sum of their components because each component is independently seasonally adjusted.
- This series includes publicly owned financial corporations, excluding insurance and pension funding, as defined by Section 64 of Standard Industrial Classification 2007.
- English further education colleges and sixth form college corporations are classified to the private sector from June 2012; previously they were in the public sector.

More detailed estimates are available in the Public Sector Employment Statistical Bulletin at

<http://www.ons.gov.uk/ons/rel/pse/public-sector-employment/index.html>

EMPLOYMENT AND JOBS

5 Workforce jobs

United Kingdom (thousands), seasonally adjusted

	Workforce jobs 1	Employee jobs 2	Self-employment jobs ¹ 3	HM Forces 4	Government-supported trainees ¹ 5
	DYDC	BCAJ	DYZN	LOJX	LOJU
Dec 10	31,382	27,210	3,928	195	50
Mar 11	31,465	27,317	3,919	194	35
Jun 11	31,384	27,233	3,928	193	30
Sep 11	31,563	27,261	4,090	191	21
Dec 11	31,696	27,446	4,038	190	22
Mar 12	32,137	27,820	4,109	187	21
Jun 12	32,152	27,759	4,187	186	21
Sep 12	32,098	27,694	4,204	183	18
Dec 12	32,102	27,775	4,131	179	17
<i>Change on quarter</i>	4	80	-73	-4	0
<i>Change %</i>	0.0	0.3	-1.7	-2.1	-1.8
<i>Change on year</i>	406	329	92	-11	-5
<i>Change %</i>	1.3	1.2	2.3	-5.6	-21.3

Relationship between columns: 1=2+3+4+5

See footnotes under table 6

6 Workforce jobs by industry

Standard Industrial Classification (2007)

United Kingdom (thousands), seasonally adjusted

SIC 2007 sections	All jobs A-T	Agriculture, forestry & fishing A	Mining & quarrying B	Manufacturing C	Electricity, gas, steam & air conditioning supply D	Water supply, sewerage, waste & remediation activities E	Construction F	Wholesale & retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motor cycles G	Transport & storage H	Accommodation & food service activities I	Information & communication J
	DYDC	JWR5	JWR6	JWR7	JWR8	JWR9	JWS2	JWS3	JWS4	JWS5	JWS6
Dec 10	31,382	436	65	2,554	122	181	2,022	4,830	1,454	1,915	1,189
Mar 11	31,465	401	62	2,552	132	190	2,028	4,827	1,494	1,911	1,226
Jun 11	31,384	399	60	2,555	121	190	2,033	4,789	1,485	1,956	1,229
Sep 11	31,563	428	64	2,559	122	188	2,065	4,802	1,482	1,978	1,229
Dec 11	31,696	440	65	2,547	118	191	2,059	4,816	1,505	2,005	1,238
Mar 12	32,137	437	70	2,611	115	194	2,047	4,932	1,558	2,090	1,251
Jun 12	32,152	428	73	2,641	115	201	2,005	4,898	1,559	2,118	1,266
Sep 12	32,098	403	72	2,638	115	204	1,994	4,876	1,571	2,107	1,288
Dec 12	32,102	375	69	2,628	112	199	1,989	4,881	1,584	2,064	1,312
<i>Change on quarter</i>	4	-28	-3	-10	-3	-4	-4	5	13	-43	23
<i>Change %</i>	0.0	-6.9	-3.7	-0.4	-2.9	-2.2	-0.2	0.1	0.8	-2.1	1.8
<i>Change on year</i>	406	-65	4	82	-7	9	-70	65	79	59	74
<i>Change %</i>	1.3	-14.8	6.7	3.2	-5.7	4.6	-3.4	1.4	5.2	2.9	6.0
SIC 2007 sections	Financial & insurance activities K	Real estate activities L	Professional scientific & technical activities M	Administrative & support service activities N	Public admin & defence; compulsory social security ² O	Education P	Human health & social work activities Q	Arts, entertainment & recreation R	Other service activities S	People employed by households etc. T	Total services G-T
	JWS7	JWS8	JWS9	JWT2	JWT3	JWT4	JWT5	JWT6	JWT7	KW78	JWT8
Dec 10	1,110	448	2,376	2,423	1,711	2,742	4,041	881	810	70	26,003
Mar 11	1,121	463	2,366	2,417	1,694	2,765	4,047	875	820	73	26,099
Jun 11	1,129	465	2,382	2,412	1,644	2,759	4,020	871	808	76	26,025
Sep 11	1,130	480	2,405	2,460	1,624	2,758	4,020	870	821	80	26,138
Dec 11	1,120	483	2,432	2,527	1,605	2,756	4,029	867	825	69	26,277
Mar 12	1,154	485	2,442	2,520	1,590	2,789	4,081	885	814	71	26,661
Jun 12	1,149	485	2,506	2,573	1,590	2,775	4,028	876	801	66	26,689
Sep 12	1,137	498	2,484	2,576	1,581	2,778	4,042	873	793	70	26,673
Dec 12	1,157	503	2,566	2,498	1,579	2,759	4,084	863	801	77	26,729
<i>Change on quarter</i>	20	5	82	-78	-2	-19	42	-10	9	8	56
<i>Change %</i>	1.8	1.0	3.3	-3.0	-0.1	-0.7	1.0	-1.1	1.1	10.9	0.2
<i>Change on year</i>	38	20	134	-29	-26	3	55	-3	-24	8	452
<i>Change %</i>	3.4	4.1	5.5	-1.1	-1.6	0.1	1.4	-0.4	-2.9	11.2	1.7

Workforce jobs enquiries 01633 456776

Sources: Employer surveys, Labour Force Survey and administrative sources

1. Workforce Jobs figures are a measure of jobs rather than people. For this reason estimates of self-employment jobs and government supported trainee jobs differ from estimates of people in self-employment and in government supported training and employment programmes shown at Table 3. The estimates for government supported trainees shown in this table exclude trainees with contracts of employment as such people are included in the estimates of employee jobs.

2. This series is not exclusively a public sector series as it includes some private sector jobs. See table 4 for estimates of public and private sector employment.

EMPLOYMENT AND JOBS

7 Actual weekly hours worked

United Kingdom (hours worked by people aged 16 and over), seasonally adjusted

People	Average (mean) actual weekly hours worked				
	Total weekly hours (millions) ^{1,2}	All workers ¹	Full-time workers ³	Part-time workers ³	Second Jobs
	YBUS	YBUV	YBUY	YBVB	YBVE
Jan-Mar 2011	924.8	31.7	37.1	15.7	9.7
Jan-Mar 2012	930.1	31.8	37.3	15.7	9.2
Apr-Jun 2012	934.7	31.7	37.2	15.8	9.7
Jul-Sep 2012	945.3	32.0	37.5	15.8	9.5
Oct-Dec 2012	947.8	31.9	37.3	15.9	9.4
Jan-Mar 2013	950.3	32.0	37.5	15.9	9.3
Change on quarter	2.4	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0
Change %	0.3	0.4	0.3	-0.2	-0.2
Change on year	20.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Change %	2.2	0.7	0.5	1.0	2.0
Men	YBUT	YBUW	YBUZ	YBVC	YBVF
Jan-Mar 2011	567.9	36.4	39.0	15.7	11.1
Jan-Mar 2012	571.1	36.4	39.2	15.6	10.0
Apr-Jun 2012	574.2	36.3	39.1	15.5	10.7
Jul-Sep 2012	580.4	36.6	39.4	15.3	11.0
Oct-Dec 2012	580.5	36.4	39.2	15.9	10.1
Jan-Mar 2013	581.6	36.6	39.4	15.9	9.9
Change on quarter	1.1	0.2	0.2	0.0	-0.3
Change %	0.2	0.6	0.4	-0.2	-2.6
Change on year	10.5	0.2	0.2	0.3	-0.1
Change %	1.8	0.6	0.4	1.7	-1.4
Women	YBUU	YBUX	YBVA	YBVD	YBVG
Jan-Mar 2011	356.9	26.3	33.8	15.7	8.6
Jan-Mar 2012	359.0	26.4	33.9	15.8	8.5
Apr-Jun 2012	360.5	26.4	33.8	15.9	8.9
Jul-Sep 2012	364.9	26.6	34.1	16.0	8.5
Oct-Dec 2012	367.3	26.6	34.1	15.9	8.8
Jan-Mar 2013	368.6	26.7	34.1	15.9	9.0
Change on quarter	1.3	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1
Change %	0.4	0.2	0.2	-0.2	1.6
Change on year	9.6	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.5
Change %	2.7	0.9	0.7	0.7	5.5

Source: Labour Force Survey

Labour market statistics enquiries: labour.market@ons.gov.uk

1. Main and second job.

2. Total actual weekly hours worked including paid and unpaid overtime.

3. Main job only. The split between full-time and part-time employment is based on respondents' self-classification.

7(1) Usual weekly hours of work¹

United Kingdom, seasonally adjusted

	All in Employment (%)			Employees (%)			Self-Employed (%)		
	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women
Jan-Mar 2012									
Less than 6 Hours	1.5	0.9	2.3	1.2	0.7	1.7	3.0	1.5	6.7
6 up to 15 hours	7.0	3.8	10.8	6.6	3.4	9.9	9.3	5.0	19.2
16 up to 30 hours	20.2	10.0	31.9	19.9	8.6	31.7	21.6	16.2	34.1
31 up to 45 hours	51.9	57.7	45.1	54.3	61.0	47.3	37.9	43.7	24.6
Over 45 hours	19.4	27.6	9.9	18.0	26.3	9.4	28.1	33.6	15.4
Total (thousands)	29,274	15,695	13,579	24,892	12,673	12,219	4,163	2,907	1,256
Oct-Dec 2012									
Less than 6 Hours	1.6	1.0	2.3	1.2	0.7	1.8	3.1	1.7	6.1
6 up to 15 hours	7.0	3.6	11.0	6.7	3.3	10.1	8.5	4.6	17.6
16 up to 30 hours	20.1	10.1	31.6	19.7	8.6	31.2	22.8	16.7	36.7
31 up to 45 hours	52.1	58.3	44.9	54.5	61.6	47.2	37.8	43.7	24.5
Over 45 hours	19.3	27.1	10.2	17.9	25.8	9.7	27.8	33.4	15.1
Total (thousands)	29,751	15,947	13,804	25,258	12,864	12,395	4,218	2,929	1,290
Jan-Mar 2013									
Less than 6 Hours	1.5	1.0	2.2	1.2	0.8	1.6	3.5	1.8	7.5
6 up to 15 hours	6.9	3.6	10.7	6.6	3.3	10.0	8.2	4.7	16.3
16 up to 30 hours	20.1	9.8	31.8	19.8	8.4	31.4	22.0	15.9	36.5
31 up to 45 hours	52.1	58.1	45.2	54.4	61.3	47.4	38.3	44.3	24.4
Over 45 hours	19.4	27.5	10.1	18.0	26.3	9.6	28.0	33.4	15.4
Total (thousands)	29,708	15,889	13,819	25,280	12,820	12,460	4,176	2,924	1,252

1. Total usual weekly hours worked by people aged 16 and over in main job including paid and unpaid overtime.

Source: Labour Force Survey

Labour market statistics enquiries: labour.market@ons.gov.uk

EMPLOYMENT AND JOBS

8 Employment levels and rates by country of birth and nationality

United Kingdom (thousands of people aged 16 and over) not seasonally adjusted

				European Union (EU)				Countries not in the European Union (non-EU)							
	Total ¹	UK	Non UK	Of which:				Total non-EU	Africa excluding South Africa	South Africa	Australia and New Zealand	India	Pakistan and Bangladesh	USA	Rest of the world
				Total EU (EU26) ²	EU14 ³	EUA8 ⁴	Romania and Bulgaria								
Levels (aged 16 and over)															
By country of birth	MGTM	JF6F	JF6G	EQ4Q	JJR3	JJR5	EQ4R	EQ4S	JJR9	JJS3	JJS5	JJS7	JJS9	JJR7	EQ4T
Jan - Mar 2011	29,134	25,102	4,022	1,465	702	627	110	2,557	596	159	109	378	250	102	964
Jan - Mar 2012	29,178	25,134	4,038	1,519	725	674	97	2,519	558	129	123	403	273	103	930
Apr - Jun 2012	29,414	25,213	4,193	1,558	737	694	104	2,635	597	135	116	415	277	117	979
Jul - Sep 2012	29,692	25,420	4,267	1,531	716	678	112	2,736	601	136	134	408	299	130	1,027
Oct - Dec 2012	29,816	25,492	4,316	1,580	739	707	102	2,736	609	149	123	406	287	131	1,031
Jan - Mar 2013	29,600	25,326	4,262	1,576	746	687	112	2,686	604	156	124	407	277	112	1,006
<i>Change on year</i>	423	192	225	58	21	13	14	167	46	27	1	4	4	9	76
<i>Change %</i>	1.4	0.8	5.6	3.8	2.9	1.9	14.9	6.6	8.2	20.8	1.0	1.0	1.4	9.0	8.2
By nationality	MGTM	JF6H	JF6I	EQ4U	JJR4	JJR6	EQ4V	EQ4W	JJS2	JJS4	JJS6	JJS8	JJT2	JJR8	EQ4X
Jan - Mar 2011	29,134	26,644	2,484	1,300	586	612	97	1,184	215	66	62	187	80	74	500
Jan - Mar 2012	29,178	26,639	2,534	1,383	628	660	90	1,151	201	52	83	173	99	75	467
Apr - Jun 2012	29,414	26,834	2,578	1,398	625	677	91	1,180	208	45	77	198	96	83	473
Jul - Sep 2012	29,692	27,071	2,617	1,380	612	658	102	1,238	219	46	88	209	100	94	482
Oct - Dec 2012	29,816	27,169	2,643	1,414	620	691	93	1,228	225	49	76	210	89	94	486
Jan - Mar 2013	29,600	27,004	2,592	1,415	641	664	103	1,177	205	59	77	202	78	85	471
<i>Change on year</i>	423	365	58	32	13	4	13	26	4	7	-6	29	-21	10	4
<i>Change %</i>	1.4	1.4	2.3	2.3	2.0	0.6	14.9	2.3	2.1	13.0	-7.8	16.5	-21.0	12.8	0.9
Rates (aged 16 to 64)															
By country of birth	LF9D	LFM6	LFM7	EQ4Y	LFM8	LFM9	EQ4Z	EQ52	LFN3	LFN4	LFN5	LFN6	LFN7	LFN2	EQ53
Jan - Mar 2011	70.4	71.0	67.3	76.0	71.4	81.7	79.7	63.1	61.6	81.6	83.6	71.0	48.6	69.4	61.6
Jan - Mar 2012	70.4	71.3	65.5	74.1	69.2	80.9	72.2	61.2	60.3	81.2	82.9	72.0	49.4	66.8	57.5
Apr - Jun 2012	70.9	71.6	67.0	74.6	71.4	79.4	72.9	63.2	63.7	79.7	81.8	72.0	49.9	68.7	60.3
Jul - Sep 2012	71.5	72.2	68.2	76.3	73.1	80.0	78.0	64.3	63.3	79.6	81.0	71.7	51.4	71.9	62.9
Oct - Dec 2012	71.7	72.5	67.9	76.7	74.8	79.4	74.2	63.7	62.3	79.7	78.7	74.1	50.3	72.2	61.7
Jan - Mar 2013	71.1	71.9	67.4	75.6	73.5	79.0	71.1	63.3	62.8	81.6	78.3	74.8	49.8	70.3	60.2
<i>Change on year</i>	0.7	0.6	1.9	1.5	4.3	-1.9	-1.1	2.1	2.5	0.4	-4.7	2.8	0.4	3.5	2.7
By nationality	LF9D	LFN8	LFN9	EQ54	LFO2	LFO3	EQ55	EQ56	LFO5	LFO6	LFO7	LFO8	LFO9	LFO4	EQ57
Jan - Mar 2011	70.4	70.7	67.7	76.9	71.7	82.4	79.6	59.9	57.1	89.4	86.0	70.6	46.9	65.5	55.2
Jan - Mar 2012	70.4	70.8	66.4	75.3	70.4	81.1	72.7	58.1	53.0	88.5	86.6	69.0	50.5	67.1	52.6
Apr - Jun 2012	70.9	71.3	67.2	76.0	72.8	79.6	74.0	59.2	56.0	80.1	83.0	69.7	46.7	69.8	54.7
Jul - Sep 2012	71.5	71.9	68.6	77.4	74.1	80.3	79.7	60.9	58.5	76.3	83.7	68.2	48.7	73.2	56.6
Oct - Dec 2012	71.7	72.1	68.2	77.4	75.1	79.8	76.1	60.0	57.5	77.5	82.8	72.4	44.9	73.2	54.9
Jan - Mar 2013	71.1	71.5	67.5	76.9	75.4	79.5	70.5	58.9	54.6	80.2	80.2	74.6	43.2	72.4	53.4
<i>Change on year</i>	0.7	0.7	1.2	1.6	5.0	-1.6	-2.2	0.8	1.6	-8.3	-6.5	5.6	-7.4	5.3	0.7

Source: Labour Force Survey

Labour market statistics enquiries: labour.market@ons.gov.uk

1. The total series includes people who do not state their country of birth or nationality. The total levels series MGTM does not therefore equal the sum of the "UK" and "Non-UK" series.
2. This series consists of all 26 EU member states excluding the UK. It does not equal the sum of the EU14, EUA8, and "Romania & Bulgaria" series as it also includes Cyprus and Malta.
3. Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Portugal, Spain and Sweden.
4. Czech Republic, Estonia, Hungary, Latvia, Lithuania, Poland, Slovak Republic and Slovenia.

The estimates shown in this table relate to the number of people in employment and should not be used as a proxy for flows of foreign migrants into the UK.

UNEMPLOYMENT

9(1) Unemployment by age and duration

United Kingdom (thousands), seasonally adjusted

	All aged 16 & over							All aged 16-64						
	All	Rate(%) ¹	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	% over 12 months	All over 24 months	All	Rate(%) ¹	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	% over 12 months	All over 24 months
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
People	MGSC	MGSX	YBWF	YBWF	YBWH	YBWI	YBWL	LF2I	LF2Q	LF2Y	LF32	LF34	LF36	LF38
Jan-Mar 2011	2,460	7.8	1,173	437	850	34.5	386	2,443	7.9	1,169	435	838	34.3	381
Jan-Mar 2012	2,610	8.2	1,215	515	881	33.8	426	2,582	8.3	1,204	510	867	33.6	419
Apr-Jun 2012	2,564	8.0	1,180	502	882	34.4	422	2,544	8.2	1,172	496	875	34.4	417
Jul-Sep 2012	2,514	7.8	1,168	452	894	35.5	443	2,494	8.0	1,164	450	880	35.3	436
Oct-Dec 2012	2,503	7.8	1,186	437	880	35.1	442	2,481	7.9	1,175	434	872	35.1	436
Jan-Mar 2013	2,518	7.8	1,189	427	902	35.8	464	2,500	8.0	1,185	424	891	35.6	458
Change on quarter	15	0.1	3	-11	23	0.7	21	19	0.1	10	-10	19	0.5	22
Change %	0.6		0.2	-2.5	2.6		4.8	0.8		0.9	-2.4	2.2		5.1
Change on year	-92	-0.4	-26	-88	21	2.1	38	-82	-0.3	-19	-86	23	2.0	39
Change %	-3.5		-2.1	-17.1	2.4		8.9	-3.2		-1.6	-16.9	2.7		9.3
Men	MGSD	MGSY	MGYK	MGYM	MGYO	YBWJ	YBWM	YBSI	YBTJ	YBWP	YBWS	YBWW	YBWW	YBWB
Jan-Mar 2011	1,433	8.4	614	250	569	39.7	272	1,421	8.6	611	248	562	39.5	269
Jan-Mar 2012	1,494	8.7	648	294	552	37.0	291	1,475	8.9	641	290	544	36.9	286
Apr-Jun 2012	1,464	8.5	627	280	558	38.1	286	1,453	8.7	625	276	552	38.0	281
Jul-Sep 2012	1,426	8.2	611	265	549	38.5	301	1,412	8.4	607	262	543	38.4	297
Oct-Dec 2012	1,412	8.1	614	241	557	39.4	306	1,394	8.3	608	239	547	39.2	300
Jan-Mar 2013	1,430	8.3	632	230	568	39.7	306	1,416	8.5	628	227	561	39.6	303
Change on quarter	18	0.1	18	-11	11	0.3	0	23	0.2	21	-11	14	0.3	3
Change %	1.3		2.9	-4.5	2.0		0.1	1.6		3.4	-4.8	2.5		1.0
Change on year	-65	-0.4	-17	-63	15	2.7	15	-59	-0.4	-13	-62	16	2.7	17
Change %	-4.3		-2.6	-21.6	2.8		5.2	-4.0		-2.0	-21.5	2.9		5.8
Women	MGSE	MGSZ	MGYL	MGYN	MGYP	YBWK	YBWN	LF2J	LF2R	LF2Z	LF33	LF35	LF37	LF39
Jan-Mar 2011	1,027	7.0	559	187	281	27.4	113	1,022	7.2	558	187	277	27.1	112
Jan-Mar 2012	1,116	7.6	566	221	329	29.4	135	1,106	7.7	563	220	323	29.2	133
Apr-Jun 2012	1,099	7.5	553	222	324	29.5	136	1,091	7.6	547	220	323	29.6	136
Jul-Sep 2012	1,089	7.4	557	187	345	31.7	142	1,082	7.5	557	188	337	31.2	140
Oct-Dec 2012	1,091	7.3	572	196	323	29.6	137	1,088	7.5	568	195	325	29.9	136
Jan-Mar 2013	1,088	7.3	557	196	335	30.8	158	1,084	7.5	557	196	330	30.5	156
Change on quarter	-3	0.0	-15	0	12	1.2	21	-4	0.0	-10	1	5	0.6	19
Change %	-0.3		-2.6	0.0	3.7		15.1	-0.4		-1.8	0.5	1.7		14.2
Change on year	-27	-0.3	-9	-25	6	1.3	23	-23	-0.3	-6	-24	7	1.3	22
Change %	-2.5		-1.6	-11.1	1.9		16.9	-2.1		-1.1	-10.9	2.3		16.8

	16-17							18-24						
	All	Rate(%) ¹	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	% over 12 months	All over 24 months	All	Rate(%) ¹	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	% over 12 months	All over 24 months
	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
People	YBVH	YBVK	YBXD	YBXG	YBXJ	YBXM	YBXP	YBVN	YBVQ	YBXS	YBXV	YBXY	YBYB	YBYE
Jan-Mar 2011	209	37.1	146	37	26	12.4	*	726	17.7	393	135	198	27.3	82
Jan-Mar 2012	206	37.3	130	43	32	15.7	*	810	19.7	412	168	231	28.5	99
Apr-Jun 2012	203	36.5	135	38	29	14.3	*	809	19.5	396	176	236	29.2	98
Jul-Sep 2012	189	34.5	122	34	34	17.9	*	774	18.9	397	144	232	30.0	103
Oct-Dec 2012	197	37.6	131	38	29	14.5	*	778	18.6	399	131	248	31.8	102
Jan-Mar 2013	190	37.5	128	33	29	15.1	*	768	18.6	401	122	245	31.9	99
Change on quarter	-7	-0.2	-2	-5	0	0.6	*	-9	0.0	3	-9	-3	0.0	-3
Change %	-3.7		-1.8	-13.1	0.0		*	-1.2		0.6	-7.0	-1.0		-2.7
Change on year	-16	0.2	-2	-10	-4	-0.6	*	-42	-1.1	-10	-45	14	3.4	0
Change %	-7.6		-1.3	-23.9	-11.4		*	-5.2		-2.5	-27.1	6.2		0.3
Men	YBVI	YBVL	YBXE	YBXH	YBKK	YBXN	YBXQ	YBVO	YBVR	YBXT	YBXW	YBXZ	YBYC	YBYF
Jan-Mar 2011	107	40.4	75	18	15	13.5	*	434	19.7	214	86	134	30.7	54
Jan-Mar 2012	106	39.1	67	21	18	17.0	*	504	22.9	239	107	158	31.3	73
Apr-Jun 2012	103	38.6	73	15	15	14.5	*	505	22.7	229	112	163	32.3	71
Jul-Sep 2012	93	37.0	59	20	14	15.2	*	473	21.5	224	91	158	33.4	71
Oct-Dec 2012	108	43.6	70	21	17	15.7	*	462	20.9	211	80	171	37.1	71
Jan-Mar 2013	100	41.5	67	19	15	15.3	*	445	20.4	217	63	165	37.1	68
Change on quarter	-8	-2.1	-4	-3	-2	-0.5	*	-17	-0.5	6	-17	-6	0.0	-4
Change %	-7.3		-5.1	-12.5	-10.0		*	-3.7		2.7	-21.0	-3.7		-5.0
Change on year	-6	2.4	0	-3	-3	-1.7	*	-59	-2.4	-23	-44	7	5.8	-6
Change %	-5.4		-0.4	-12.9	-15.1		*	-11.8		-9.5	-41.0	4.7		-7.8
Women	YBVJ	YBVM	YBXF	YBXI	YBXL	YBXO	YBXR	YBVP	YBVS	YBXU	YBXX	YBYA	YBYD	YBYG
Jan-Mar 2011	102	34.2	72	19	11	11.1	*	292	15.4	179	48	65	22.2	27
Jan-Mar 2012	99	35.4	63	22	14	14.3	*	306	16.0	173	60	73	23.9	25
Apr-Jun 2012	100	34.7	62	23	14	14.0	*	304	15.9	167	64	73	24.0	27
Jul-Sep 2012	96	32.5	62	14	20	20.5	*	301	15.8	174	53	74	24.7	33
Oct-Dec 2012	89	32.2	61	17	12	13.0	*	315	16.1	188	51	76	24.1	30
Jan-Mar 2013	90	33.8	62	14	13	14.8	*	323	16.6	185	59	80	24.7	31
Change on quarter	1	1.5	1	-2	2	1.8	*	8	0.5	-3	8	4	0.5	1
Change %	0.6		1.9	-14.0	14.7		*	2.6		-1.7	14.9	4.9		2.6
Change on year	-10	-1.7	-1	-8	-1	0.5	*	18	0.6	12	-1	7	0.8	6
Change %	-9.9		-2.2	-34.5	-6.7		*	5.7		7.1	-2.4	9.3		23.7

Relationship between columns: 1=3+4+5; 8=10+11+12; 15=17+18+19; 22=24+25+26.

Source: Labour Force Survey

1. Denominator = economically active for that age group.

Labour market statistics enquiries: labour.market@ons.gov.uk

UNEMPLOYMENT

9(2) Unemployment by age and duration

United Kingdom (thousands), seasonally adjusted

	25-49							50 and over						
	All	Rate(%) ¹	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	% over 12 months	All over 24 months	All	Rate(%) ¹	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	% over 12 months	All over 24 months
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
People	MGVI	MGXB	YBYH	YBYK	YBYN	YBYQ	YBYT	YBVT	YBVW	YBYW	YBYZ	YBZC	YBZF	YBZI
Jan-Mar 2011	1,130	6.2	484	201	446	39.4	210	394	4.6	150	65	180	45.6	91
Jan-Mar 2012	1,175	6.4	511	234	430	36.6	209	419	4.8	162	69	188	44.9	117
Apr-Jun 2012	1,149	6.2	490	221	438	38.2	218	403	4.6	159	66	178	44.2	103
Jul-Sep 2012	1,155	6.2	515	204	436	37.7	222	397	4.5	134	70	192	48.4	115
Oct-Dec 2012	1,139	6.1	510	203	426	37.4	234	389	4.3	147	65	177	45.6	104
Jan-Mar 2013	1,154	6.2	502	205	446	38.7	250	406	4.5	157	67	182	44.9	112
Change on quarter	14	0.1	-8	2	20	1.3	16	17	0.2	10	2	5	-0.6	8
Change %	1.3		-1.5	0.9	4.7		6.8	4.3		6.9	2.4	2.9		7.9
Change on year	-21	-0.2	-9	-29	17	2.1	41	-13	-0.3	-5	-3	-6	0.1	-5
Change %	-1.8		-1.7	-12.5	3.9		19.7	-3.2		-3.0	-4.1	-3.1		-4.6
Men	MGVJ	MGXC	YBYI	YBYL	YBYO	YBYR	YBYU	YBVU	YBVX	YBYX	YBZA	YBZD	YBZG	YBZJ
Jan-Mar 2011	625	6.3	231	103	291	46.5	151	266	5.6	93	43	130	48.9	66
Jan-Mar 2012	616	6.2	249	121	247	40.0	132	267	5.6	94	44	130	48.6	85
Apr-Jun 2012	604	6.1	236	111	258	42.6	141	252	5.2	89	42	122	48.3	73
Jul-Sep 2012	599	6.0	250	104	245	41.0	143	261	5.4	79	51	131	50.3	87
Oct-Dec 2012	582	5.8	244	94	244	41.9	159	259	5.3	89	46	124	48.0	73
Jan-Mar 2013	633	6.3	257	104	272	43.0	165	251	5.1	92	44	115	45.9	72
Change on quarter	51	0.5	13	10	28	1.0	7	-8	-0.2	3	-2	-9	-2.1	-2
Change %	8.7		5.2	10.9	11.4		4.2	-3.0		3.3	-3.6	-7.2		-2.2
Change on year	16	0.1	8	-17	25	3.0	33	-16	-0.5	-2	0	-15	-2.7	-14
Change %	2.6		3.2	-14.0	10.2		25.2	-6.0		-1.8	1.0	-11.3		-16.1
Women	MGVK	MGXD	YBYJ	YBYM	YBYP	YBYS	YBYV	YBVV	YBVY	YBYW	YBZB	YBZE	YBZH	YBZK
Jan-Mar 2011	505	5.9	253	98	155	30.7	59	128	3.3	56	22	50	38.8	25
Jan-Mar 2012	559	6.6	263	113	183	32.8	77	152	3.8	68	26	58	38.2	32
Apr-Jun 2012	544	6.4	253	110	181	33.2	77	151	3.8	70	24	56	37.4	29
Jul-Sep 2012	556	6.5	265	100	190	34.2	79	136	3.4	55	20	61	44.7	29
Oct-Dec 2012	557	6.5	266	109	182	32.7	75	130	3.2	58	19	53	40.7	30
Jan-Mar 2013	521	6.1	246	101	175	33.5	84	154	3.8	65	23	67	43.4	40
Change on quarter	-36	-0.4	-20	-8	-8	0.8	9	25	0.6	7	3	14	2.7	10
Change %	-6.5		-7.6	-7.8	-4.2		12.4	18.9		12.6	16.2	26.8		32.1
Change on year	-38	-0.5	-17	-12	-9	0.7	8	2	-0.1	-3	-3	9	5.1	8
Change %	-6.7		-6.4	-10.9	-4.7		10.0	1.6		-4.6	-12.6	15.3		26.2

Relationship between columns: 1=3+4+5; 8=10+11+12.

1. Denominator = economically active for that age group.

Source: Labour Force Survey
Labour market statistics enquiries: labour.market@ons.gov.uk

CLAIMANT COUNT

10 Claimant count¹ levels and rates

United Kingdom (thousands)
seasonally adjusted

	Claimant count (all aged 18+)		Inflows: all aged 18+ (standardised)	Outflows: all aged 18+ (standardised)	Claimant count (all aged 16+) (not seasonally adjusted)	
	Level	Rate (%) ²	Level	Level	Level	Rate (%) ²
	BCJD	BCJE	DPRD	DPRE	BCJA	BCJB
People	2012					
April #	1,588.6	4.7	286.3	302.1	1,616.8	4.8
May	1,595.3	4.8	303.9	300.9	1,590.7	4.7
June #	1,596.6	4.8	294.8	287.7	1,564.2	4.7
July	1,586.9	4.7	303.9	309.3	1,572.7	4.7
August	1,569.9	4.7	297.8	316.2	1,569.9	4.7
September #	1,565.6	4.7	299.9	304.7	1,553.0	4.6
October	1,572.9	4.7	307.6	302.2	1,547.4	4.6
November	1,567.9	4.7	300.1	307.3	1,535.0	4.6
December #	1,554.0	4.6	289.9	303.3	1,523.2	4.5
	2013					
January	1,543.3	4.6	293.4	298.2	1,581.8	4.7
February #	1,538.0	4.6	285.6	290.7	1,613.8	4.8
March (r)	1,528.1	4.6	275.8	287.7	1,584.5	4.7
April (p)	1,520.8	4.5	275.7	293.5	1,538.6	4.6
<i>Change on month</i>	-7.3	0.0	-0.1	5.8	-45.9	-0.1
<i>Change %</i>	-0.5		0.0	2.0	-2.9	
<i>Change on year</i>	-67.8	-0.2	-10.6	-8.6	-78.3	-0.2
<i>Change %</i>	-4.3		-3.7	-2.8	-4.8	
	DPAE	DPAH	GDZX	GEYR	DPAA	DPAC
Men	2012					
April #	1,067.2	5.9	190.2	200.5	1,092.4	6.1
May	1,071.5	6.0	199.9	197.3	1,076.0	6.0
June #	1,066.4	5.9	189.1	190.1	1,047.4	5.8
July	1,056.4	5.9	196.2	203.5	1,039.2	5.8
August	1,040.7	5.8	191.5	209.0	1,025.0	5.7
September #	1,033.2	5.7	192.0	199.3	1,007.6	5.6
October	1,033.9	5.7	196.6	196.5	1,004.5	5.6
November	1,026.9	5.7	191.4	199.4	999.1	5.6
December #	1,017.6	5.7	186.1	197.0	1,002.2	5.6
	2013					
January	1,009.1	5.6	189.5	192.3	1,044.1	5.8
February #	1,005.0	5.6	184.6	187.9	1,066.0	5.9
March (r)	997.3	5.5	177.9	187.1	1,045.4	5.8
April (p)	991.8	5.5	177.5	190.3	1,012.1	5.6
<i>Change on month</i>	-5.5	0.0	-0.4	3.2	-33.3	-0.2
<i>Change %</i>	-0.6		-0.2	1.7	-3.2	
<i>Change on year</i>	-75.4	-0.4	-12.7	-10.2	-80.3	-0.4
<i>Change %</i>	-7.1		-6.7	-5.1	-7.3	
	DPAF	DPAI	GEYS	GEYT	DPAB	DPAD
Women	2012					
April #	521.4	3.4	96.1	101.6	524.5	3.4
May	523.8	3.4	104.0	103.6	514.7	3.3
June #	530.2	3.4	105.7	97.6	516.8	3.3
July	530.5	3.4	107.7	105.8	533.5	3.4
August	529.2	3.4	106.3	107.2	545.0	3.5
September #	532.4	3.4	107.9	105.4	545.4	3.5
October	539.0	3.5	111.0	105.7	543.0	3.5
November	541.0	3.5	108.7	107.9	535.9	3.5
December #	536.4	3.5	103.8	106.3	521.0	3.4
	2013					
January	534.2	3.4	103.9	105.9	537.7	3.5
February #	533.0	3.4	101.0	102.8	547.8	3.5
March (r)	530.8	3.4	97.9	100.6	539.1	3.5
April (p)	529.0	3.4	98.2	103.2	526.5	3.4
<i>Change on month</i>	-1.8	0.0	0.3	2.6	-12.6	-0.1
<i>Change %</i>	-0.3		0.3	2.6	-2.3	
<i>Change on year</i>	7.6	0.0	2.1	1.6	2.0	0.0
<i>Change %</i>	1.5		2.2	1.6	0.4	

1. The claimant count measures the number of people claiming Jobseeker's Allowance. Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system

The level measures the number of claimants on the second Thursday of each month (the "count date").

The flows figures are collected for 4 or 5 week periods between count dates; the figures are then standardised to a 4 ¹/₃ week month. The levels and flows are independently seasonally adjusted. For these reasons, movements in the flows do not tally exactly with movements in the levels.

2. Denominator = Claimant count + Workforce jobs.

More detailed estimates are available from Nomis® at:

<http://www.nomisweb.co.uk>

Months where there are 5 weeks between count dates; the rest are 4 week periods.

Labour market statistics enquiries: labour.market@ons.gov.uk

CLAIMANT COUNT

10(1) Lone Parent¹ Claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance by Age of Youngest Child² (Not designated as National Statistics³)

Great Britain
not seasonally adjusted

	Claimant Count (all aged 16+) ⁴	Age of Youngest Child					
		Lone Parents on Claimant Count ⁵	Age 0-4	Age 5-6	Age 7-9	Age 10-11	Age 12-15
		BCJG	KO24	KO25	JDA3	JDA4	JDA5
People 2012							
March	1,604,500	117,150	6,770	2,355	48,435	23,285	36,305
April#	1,554,500	115,570	6,725	2,600	47,565	22,950	35,735
May	1,529,000	114,600	6,780	2,935	47,005	22,605	35,270
June#	1,502,400	122,100	6,835	11,960	46,080	22,235	34,990
July	1,508,900	128,930	6,950	19,175	46,045	22,115	34,645
August	1,505,200	134,885	6,960	25,395	46,470	21,875	34,185
September#	1,488,700	143,645	6,995	35,215	46,040	21,565	33,835
October	1,484,000	147,095	7,225	41,295	44,565	20,830	33,180
November	1,471,700	150,910	7,195	47,135	43,620	20,340	32,620
December#	1,459,600	148,745	7,160	47,050	42,660	19,890	31,985
2013							
January	1,515,800	154,015	8,015	48,830	43,610	20,440	33,115
February#	1,547,600	158,575	8,445	50,640	44,530	20,910	34,050
March	1,519,200	156,600	8,515	49,985	43,865	20,720	33,510
<i>Change on month</i>		-1,975	70	-655	-665	-190	-540
<i>Change %</i>		-1.2	0.8	-1.3	-1.5	-0.9	-1.6
<i>Change on year</i>		39,450	1,745	47,630	-4,570	-2,565	-2,795
<i>Change %</i>		33.7	25.8	2,022.5	-9.4	-11.0	-7.7

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system and HM Revenue & Customs child benefit data
Labour market statistics enquiries: labour.market@ons.gov.uk

1. Lone Parents are defined as those claiming Child Benefit for at least one child aged under 16 at the Jobseeker's Allowance (JSA) count date (second Thursday of the month) who have their marital status recorded as single, widowed, divorced or separated.
2. Age of youngest child relates to the age of the youngest child at the JSA count date.
3. These figures are not designated as National Statistics and may be subject to retrospective changes as and when the Department for Work and Pensions (DWP) receive updated Child Benefit data.
4. The number of people claiming JSA in Great Britain. These figures are different from the figures at table 10 (series BCJA) which relate to the UK. Series BCJA (shown at Table 10) and BCJG (shown above) also include clerical claims which are not used in producing the subsequent lone parent series and are therefore slightly different to JSA figures published by the DWP on similar tables in their publications. Therefore, there may be some lone parents included in the GB total which have not been included in the subsequent breakdowns.
5. Some JSA claimants have their marital status coded as "not known". Such claimants who are claiming Child Benefit for at least one child under 16 may be lone parents but are not recorded as such in the above table.

The estimates for Lone Parent claimants shown in the above table are produced a month later than the Claimant Count estimates shown at Table 10.

From 24 November 2008 most lone parents with older children are no longer entitled to Income Support if they are only claiming it because they are a lone parent. Instead those able to work may be entitled to claim Jobseeker's Allowance. This change has been introduced for most lone parents with: (i) a youngest child aged 12 or over from 24 November 2008, (ii) a youngest child aged 10 or over from 26 October 2009, (iii) a youngest child aged 7 or over from 25 October 2010. The Welfare Reform Act 2012 introduced further changes and, from 21 May 2012, lone parents are eligible to claim Income Support until their youngest child is five years old.

Further estimates of lone parents claiming JSA are available from DWP at <http://statistics.dwp.gov.uk/asd/>

Months where there are 5 weeks between count dates. All the rest are 4 week periods.

CLAIMANT COUNT

11(1) Claimant count¹ by age and duration²

United Kingdom (thousands), seasonally adjusted

People	All aged 18 and over						18-24						
	All claimants aged 18+	Computerised claims: All aged 18+ ²	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	Percentage claiming over 12 months	All over 24 months	All computerised claims ²	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	Percentage claiming over 12 months	All over 24 months
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
	BCJD	AGLX	AGLZ	AGMC	AGMD	AGMY	AGMZ	AGNA	AGNB	AGNC	AGND	AGNE	AGNF
2012													
April #	1,588.6	1,585.3	859.6	340.7	385.0	24.3	95.9	462.7	296.8	104.4	61.5	13.3	5.3
May	1,595.3	1,592.1	865.8	332.2	394.1	24.8	100.2	464.4	297.8	102.4	64.2	13.8	5.6
June #	1,596.6	1,592.8	862.7	321.5	408.6	25.7	106.3	459.7	293.3	98.2	68.2	14.8	6.0
July	1,586.9	1,583.4	854.1	313.3	416.0	26.3	111.5	453.4	285.8	96.1	71.5	15.8	6.5
August	1,569.9	1,566.0	850.3	294.5	421.2	26.9	117.6	441.4	281.4	86.3	73.7	16.7	7.2
September #	1,565.6	1,562.2	859.7	274.2	428.3	27.4	125.9	435.1	281.0	75.9	78.2	18.0	8.9
October	1,572.9	1,569.1	873.8	266.3	429.0	27.3	132.9	433.5	282.1	72.8	78.6	18.1	10.2
November	1,567.9	1,564.7	871.7	262.2	430.8	27.5	141.5	428.9	279.3	70.7	78.9	18.4	11.5
December #	1,554.0	1,550.8	859.3	258.6	432.9	27.9	152.3	419.8	273.2	68.2	78.4	18.7	13.0
2013													
January	1,543.3	1,539.5	852.1	256.8	430.6	28.0	159.9	417.5	274.0	65.8	77.7	18.6	14.2
February #	1,538.0	1,534.4	843.2	260.4	430.8	28.1	172.3	413.6	270.5	65.8	77.3	18.7	16.1
March (r)	1,528.1	1,524.9	823.5	271.1	430.3	28.2	184.3	409.2	263.9	69.5	75.8	18.5	18.1
April (p)	1,520.8	1,518.1	810.2	278.0	429.9	28.3	195.6	403.2	259.4	69.9	73.9	18.3	20.1
Change on month	-7.3	-6.8	-13.3	6.9	-0.4	0.1	11.3	-6.0	-4.5	0.4	-1.9	-0.2	2.0
Change %	-0.5	-0.4	-1.6	2.5	-0.1		6.1	-1.5	-1.7	0.6	-2.5		11.0
Change on year	-67.8	-67.2	-49.4	-62.7	44.9	4.0	99.7	-59.5	-37.4	-34.5	12.4	5.0	14.8
Change %	-4.3	-4.2	-5.7	-18.4	11.7		104.0	-12.9	-12.6	-33.0	20.2		279.2
Men	DPAE	AGNG	AGXK	ELNP	ELON	GBHG	IKBS	JLGC	JLGD	JLGE	JLGF	JLGG	JLGH
2012													
April #	1,067.2	1,065.0	568.8	228.1	268.1	25.2	72.2	309.4	196.1	70.6	42.7	13.8	3.9
May	1,071.5	1,069.3	573.2	221.9	274.2	25.6	75.3	309.9	196.4	69.1	44.4	14.3	4.1
June #	1,066.4	1,063.8	565.1	215.0	283.7	26.7	79.6	305.6	192.5	66.2	46.9	15.3	4.4
July	1,056.4	1,054.1	555.0	210.4	288.7	27.4	83.0	302.4	187.9	64.9	49.6	16.4	4.8
August	1,040.7	1,038.1	549.1	197.5	291.5	28.1	87.3	292.9	184.0	58.1	50.8	17.3	5.3
September #	1,033.2	1,031.0	550.0	184.3	296.7	28.8	93.2	288.8	183.4	51.2	54.2	18.8	6.5
October	1,033.9	1,031.4	554.1	180.0	297.3	28.8	98.2	287.3	183.5	49.0	54.8	19.1	7.4
November	1,026.9	1,024.8	549.8	176.7	298.3	29.1	103.7	283.5	181.2	47.5	54.8	19.3	8.2
December #	1,017.6	1,015.4	545.0	171.0	299.4	29.5	110.8	277.4	177.8	45.5	54.1	19.5	9.2
2013													
January	1,009.1	1,006.5	541.0	167.5	298.0	29.6	115.1	275.6	178.0	43.8	53.8	19.5	10.1
February #	1,005.0	1,002.5	536.5	167.2	298.8	29.8	123.2	272.9	175.4	43.8	53.7	19.7	11.4
March (r)	997.3	995.2	525.2	171.2	298.8	30.0	131.2	269.5	171.0	45.9	52.6	19.5	12.8
April (p)	991.8	989.9	518.0	173.4	298.5	30.2	138.9	265.3	168.2	46.1	51.0	19.2	14.2
Change on month	-5.5	-5.3	-7.2	2.2	-0.3	0.1	7.7	-4.2	-2.8	0.2	-1.6	-0.3	1.4
Change %	-0.6	-0.5	-1.4	1.3	-0.1		5.9	-1.6	-1.6	0.4	-3.0		10.9
Change on year	-75.4	-75.1	-50.8	-54.7	30.4	5.0	66.7	-44.1	-27.9	-24.5	8.3	5.4	10.3
Change %	-7.1	-7.1	-8.9	-24.0	11.3		92.4	-14.3	-14.2	-34.7	19.4		264.1
Women	DPAF	JLGI	JLJK	JLJG	JLGL	JLGM	JLGN	JLGO	JLGP	JLQQ	JLGR	JLGS	JLGT
2012													
April #	521.4	520.3	290.8	112.6	116.9	22.5	23.7	153.3	100.7	33.8	18.8	12.3	1.4
May	523.8	522.8	292.6	110.3	119.9	22.9	24.9	154.5	101.4	33.3	19.8	12.8	1.5
June #	530.2	529.0	297.6	106.5	124.9	23.6	26.7	154.1	100.8	32.0	21.3	13.8	1.6
July	530.5	529.3	299.1	102.9	127.3	24.1	28.5	151.0	97.9	31.2	21.9	14.5	1.7
August	529.2	527.9	301.2	97.0	129.7	24.6	30.3	148.5	97.4	28.2	22.9	15.4	1.9
September #	532.4	531.2	309.7	89.9	131.6	24.8	32.7	146.3	97.6	24.7	24.0	16.4	2.4
October	539.0	537.7	319.7	86.3	131.7	24.5	34.7	146.2	98.6	23.8	23.8	16.3	2.8
November	541.0	539.9	321.9	85.5	132.5	24.5	37.8	145.4	98.1	23.2	24.1	16.6	3.3
December #	536.4	535.4	314.3	87.6	133.5	24.9	41.5	142.4	95.4	22.7	24.3	17.1	3.8
2013													
January	534.2	533.0	311.1	89.3	132.6	24.9	44.8	141.9	96.0	22.0	23.9	16.8	4.1
February #	533.0	531.9	306.7	93.2	132.0	24.8	49.1	140.7	95.1	22.0	23.6	16.8	4.7
March (r)	530.8	529.7	298.3	99.9	131.5	24.8	53.1	139.7	92.9	23.6	23.2	16.6	5.3
April (p)	529.0	528.2	292.2	104.6	131.4	24.9	56.7	137.9	91.2	23.8	22.9	16.6	5.9
Change on month	-1.8	-1.5	-6.1	4.7	-0.1	0.1	3.6	-1.8	-1.7	0.2	-0.3	0.0	0.6
Change %	-0.3	-0.3	-2.0	4.7	-0.1		6.8	-1.3	-1.8	0.8	-1.3		11.3
Change on year	7.6	7.9	1.4	-8.0	14.5	2.4	33.0	-15.4	-9.5	-10.0	4.1	4.3	4.5
Change %	1.5	1.5	0.5	-7.1	12.4		139.2	-10.0	-9.4	-29.6	21.8		321.4

Relationship between columns: 2= 3+4+5; 6= 5/2; 8= 9+10+11; 12= 11/8.

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system

1. The number of people claiming Jobseeker's Allowance.

Labour market statistics enquiries: labour.market@ons.gov.uk

2. Only computerised claims are analysed by age and duration on a monthly basis. The figures in column 2 onwards therefore differ from the figures in column 1 and in table 10. The differences reflect numbers of clerically processed claims, which currently amount to around 0.5 per cent of the total claimant count, and minor effects of rounding.

Months where there are 5 weeks between count dates. All the rest are 4 week periods.

CLAIMANT COUNT

11(2) Claimant count¹ by age and duration²

United Kingdom (thousands), seasonally adjusted

	25-49						50 and over					
	All computerised claims ²	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	Percentage claiming over 12 months	All over 24 months	All computerised claims ²	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	Percentage claiming over 12 months	All over 24 months
	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
People	JLGU	JLGV	JLGW	JLGX	JLGY	JLGZ	JLHA	JLHB	JLHC	JLHD	JLHE	JLHF
2012												
April #	871.7	442.4	186.6	242.7	27.8	64.3	250.9	120.4	49.7	80.8	32.2	26.3
May	874.4	445.9	181.4	247.1	28.3	67.1	253.3	122.1	48.4	82.8	32.7	27.5
June #	879.1	448.9	175.9	254.3	28.9	70.8	254.0	120.5	47.4	86.1	33.9	29.5
July	876.8	449.3	170.8	256.7	29.3	73.9	253.2	119.0	46.4	87.8	34.7	31.1
August	872.2	451.0	163.0	258.2	29.6	77.5	252.4	117.9	45.2	89.3	35.4	32.9
September #	874.4	460.1	154.7	259.6	29.7	82.0	252.7	118.6	43.6	90.5	35.8	35.0
October	880.9	471.1	150.7	259.1	29.4	85.7	254.7	120.6	42.8	91.3	35.8	37.0
November	881.1	472.3	149.0	259.8	29.5	90.7	254.7	120.1	42.5	92.1	36.2	39.3
December #	875.7	465.8	149.1	260.8	29.8	97.0	255.3	120.3	41.3	93.7	36.7	42.3
2013												
January	867.3	458.6	150.2	258.5	29.8	101.3	254.7	119.5	40.8	94.4	37.1	44.4
February #	865.2	453.4	153.7	258.1	29.8	108.9	255.6	119.3	40.9	95.4	37.3	47.3
March (r)	859.8	441.7	160.0	258.1	30.0	116.0	255.9	117.9	41.6	96.4	37.7	50.2
April (p)	858.4	434.1	165.5	258.8	30.1	122.8	256.5	116.7	42.6	97.2	37.9	52.7
Change on month	-1.4	-7.6	5.5	0.7	0.1	6.8	0.6	-1.2	1.0	0.8	0.2	2.5
Change %	-0.2	-1.7	3.4	0.3		5.9	0.2	-1.0	2.4	0.8		5.0
Change on year	-13.3	-8.3	-21.1	16.1	2.3	58.5	5.6	-3.7	-7.1	16.4	5.7	26.4
Change %	-1.5	-1.9	-11.3	6.6		91.0	2.2	-3.1	-14.3	20.3		100.4
Men	AGMA	JLHG	JLHH	JLHI	JLHJ	JLHK	JLHL	JLHM	JLHN	JLHO	JLHP	JLHQ
2012												
April #	589.9	296.5	124.9	168.5	28.6	49.0	165.7	76.2	32.6	56.9	34.3	19.3
May	591.8	299.3	121.0	171.5	29.0	51.0	167.6	77.5	31.8	58.3	34.8	20.2
June #	590.3	296.2	117.7	176.4	29.9	53.6	167.9	76.4	31.1	60.4	36.0	21.6
July	584.4	291.7	115.1	177.6	30.4	55.5	167.3	75.4	30.4	61.5	36.8	22.7
August	578.9	290.8	109.9	178.2	30.8	58.0	166.3	74.3	29.5	62.5	37.6	24.0
September #	575.6	291.8	104.7	179.1	31.1	61.2	166.6	74.8	28.4	63.4	38.1	25.5
October	576.1	294.5	103.2	178.4	31.0	63.7	168.0	76.1	27.8	64.1	38.2	27.1
November	573.3	292.8	101.7	178.8	31.2	66.9	168.0	75.8	27.5	64.7	38.5	28.6
December #	569.4	291.0	98.9	179.5	31.5	70.9	168.6	76.2	26.6	65.8	39.0	30.7
2013												
January	563.0	287.7	97.4	177.9	31.6	72.8	167.9	75.3	26.3	66.3	39.5	32.2
February #	561.5	286.1	97.2	178.2	31.7	77.6	168.1	75.0	26.2	66.9	39.8	34.2
March (r)	557.8	280.3	98.7	178.8	32.1	82.2	167.9	73.9	26.6	67.4	40.1	36.2
April (p)	556.5	276.7	100.1	179.7	32.3	86.8	168.1	73.1	27.2	67.8	40.3	37.9
Change on month	-1.3	-3.6	1.4	0.9	0.2	4.6	0.2	-0.8	0.6	0.4	0.2	1.7
Change %	-0.2	-1.3	1.4	0.5		5.6	0.1	-1.1	2.3	0.6		4.7
Change on year	-33.4	-19.8	-24.8	11.2	3.7	37.8	2.4	-3.1	-5.4	10.9	6.0	18.6
Change %	-5.7	-6.7	-19.9	6.6		77.1	1.4	-4.1	-16.6	19.2		96.4
Women	JLHR	JLHS	JLHT	JLHU	JLHV	JLHW	JLHX	JLHY	JLHZ	JLIA	JLIB	JLIC
2012												
April #	281.8	145.9	61.7	74.2	26.3	15.3	85.2	44.2	17.1	23.9	28.1	7.0
May	282.6	146.6	60.4	75.6	26.8	16.1	85.7	44.6	16.6	24.5	28.6	7.3
June #	288.8	152.7	58.2	77.9	27.0	17.2	86.1	44.1	16.3	25.7	29.8	7.9
July	292.4	157.6	55.7	79.1	27.1	18.4	85.9	43.6	16.0	26.3	30.6	8.4
August	293.3	160.2	53.1	80.0	27.3	19.5	86.1	43.6	15.7	26.8	31.1	8.9
September #	298.8	168.3	50.0	80.5	26.9	20.8	86.1	43.8	15.2	27.1	31.5	9.5
October	304.8	176.6	47.5	80.7	26.5	22.0	86.7	44.5	15.0	27.2	31.4	9.9
November	307.8	179.5	47.3	81.0	26.3	23.8	86.7	44.3	15.0	27.4	31.6	10.7
December #	306.3	174.8	50.2	81.3	26.5	26.1	86.7	44.1	14.7	27.9	32.2	11.6
2013												
January	304.3	170.9	52.8	80.6	26.5	28.5	86.8	44.2	14.5	28.1	32.4	12.2
February #	303.7	167.3	56.5	79.9	26.3	31.3	87.5	44.3	14.7	28.5	32.6	13.1
March (r)	302.0	161.4	61.3	79.3	26.3	33.8	88.0	44.0	15.0	29.0	33.0	14.0
April (p)	301.9	157.4	65.4	79.1	26.2	36.0	88.4	43.6	15.4	29.4	33.3	14.8
Change on month	-0.1	-4.0	4.1	-0.2	-0.1	2.2	0.4	-0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.8
Change %	0.0	-2.5	6.7	-0.3		6.5	0.5	-0.9	2.7	1.4		5.7
Change on year	20.1	11.5	3.7	4.9	-0.1	20.7	3.2	-0.6	-1.7	5.5	5.2	7.8
Change %	7.1	7.9	6.0	6.6		135.3	3.8	-1.4	-9.9	23.0		111.4

Relationship between columns: 14 = 15+16+17; 18 = 17/14; 20 = 21+22+23; 24 = 23/20.

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system

1. The number of people claiming Jobseeker's Allowance.

Labour market statistics enquiries: labour.market@ons.gov.uk

2. Only computerised claims are analysed by age and duration on a monthly basis. The figures in column 2 onwards therefore differ from the figures in column 1 and in table 10. The differences reflect numbers of clerically processed claims, which currently amount to around 0.5 per cent of the total claimant count, and minor effects of rounding.

Months where there are 5 weeks between count dates. All the rest are 4 week periods.

ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY

12 Economic activity by age

United Kingdom (thousands), seasonally adjusted

	All aged 16 & over	16 - 64	16 - 17	18 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 49	50 - 64	65+
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Economically active levels								
People	MGSF	LF2K	YBZL	YBZO	YBZR	YBZU	LF3A	LFK8
Jan-Mar 2011	31,689	30,789	565	4,105	7,008	11,363	7,748	900
Jan-Mar 2012	31,884	30,966	552	4,114	7,167	11,293	7,840	918
Apr-Jun 2012	32,039	31,088	554	4,147	7,216	11,285	7,885	951
Jul-Sep 2012	32,090	31,125	548	4,100	7,285	11,278	7,913	965
Oct-Dec 2012	32,254	31,259	524	4,171	7,326	11,242	7,995	995
Jan-Mar 2013	32,226	31,228	507	4,126	7,378	11,195	8,022	998
<i>Change on quarter</i>	-28	-31	-17	-45	52	-48	28	3
<i>Change %</i>	-0.1	-0.1	-3.3	-1.1	0.7	-0.4	0.3	0.3
<i>Change on year</i>	342	262	-45	11	211	-98	183	79
<i>Change %</i>	1.1	0.8	-8.1	0.3	3.0	-0.9	2.3	8.6
Men	MMSG	YBSL	YBZM	YBZP	YBZS	YBZV	YBZY	YCAE
Jan-Mar 2011	17,076	16,550	266	2,210	3,848	6,018	4,208	526
Jan-Mar 2012	17,189	16,634	271	2,206	3,954	5,981	4,222	555
Apr-Jun 2012	17,302	16,718	267	2,228	3,997	5,990	4,237	585
Jul-Sep 2012	17,303	16,724	252	2,199	4,019	5,984	4,270	579
Oct-Dec 2012	17,359	16,747	248	2,210	4,057	5,940	4,293	611
Jan-Mar 2013	17,319	16,700	242	2,179	4,085	5,907	4,288	618
<i>Change on quarter</i>	-40	-47	-6	-31	28	-33	-5	7
<i>Change %</i>	-0.2	-0.3	-2.5	-1.4	0.7	-0.6	-0.1	1.1
<i>Change on year</i>	129	66	-29	-27	131	-74	66	63
<i>Change %</i>	0.8	0.4	-10.8	-1.2	3.3	-1.2	1.6	11.4
Women	MGSF	LF2L	YBZN	YBZQ	YBZT	YBZW	LF3B	LFK9
Jan-Mar 2011	14,613	14,239	298	1,895	3,161	5,345	3,540	374
Jan-Mar 2012	14,695	14,331	281	1,908	3,213	5,312	3,618	363
Apr-Jun 2012	14,737	14,370	287	1,920	3,219	5,295	3,649	366
Jul-Sep 2012	14,788	14,401	297	1,901	3,266	5,294	3,643	386
Oct-Dec 2012	14,895	14,512	276	1,961	3,269	5,303	3,702	384
Jan-Mar 2013	14,907	14,528	265	1,947	3,293	5,288	3,735	379
<i>Change on quarter</i>	12	16	-11	-15	24	-15	32	-4
<i>Change %</i>	0.1	0.1	-3.9	-0.7	0.7	-0.3	0.9	-1.1
<i>Change on year</i>	212	197	-15	38	81	-24	117	16
<i>Change %</i>	1.4	1.4	-5.5	2.0	2.5	-0.5	3.2	4.4
Economic activity rates (%)¹								
People	MGGW	LF22	YCAG	YCAJ	YCAM	YCAP	LF2C	LFL2
Jan-Mar 2011	63.3	76.8	37.7	70.5	85.3	85.8	68.4	9.1
Jan-Mar 2012	63.2	77.1	37.5	70.8	84.9	86.2	69.0	9.0
Apr-Jun 2012	63.4	77.4	37.8	71.4	85.0	86.4	69.4	9.2
Jul-Sep 2012	63.4	77.4	37.4	70.7	85.2	86.6	69.6	9.3
Oct-Dec 2012	63.6	77.7	35.8	72.1	85.1	86.6	70.2	9.5
Jan-Mar 2013	63.5	77.6	34.6	71.5	85.2	86.5	70.4	9.5
<i>Change on quarter</i>	-0.2	-0.1	-1.2	-0.6	0.1	-0.1	0.1	0.0
<i>Change on year</i>	0.2	0.6	-2.9	0.7	0.3	0.3	1.3	0.5
Men	MGGH	MGGP	YCAH	YCAK	YCAN	YCAQ	MGGW	MGGT
Jan-Mar 2011	69.9	82.9	34.7	74.6	92.7	92.0	75.8	11.8
Jan-Mar 2012	69.8	83.1	36.0	74.7	92.6	92.4	75.9	12.0
Apr-Jun 2012	70.1	83.5	35.6	75.5	93.0	92.8	76.2	12.5
Jul-Sep 2012	69.9	83.5	33.6	74.7	92.8	93.0	76.7	12.3
Oct-Dec 2012	70.0	83.6	33.1	75.3	93.1	92.5	77.0	12.9
Jan-Mar 2013	69.7	83.3	32.3	74.4	93.1	92.3	76.9	12.9
<i>Change on quarter</i>	-0.3	-0.3	-0.8	-0.8	0.0	-0.2	-0.2	0.0
<i>Change on year</i>	0.0	0.2	-3.7	-0.3	0.5	-0.1	0.9	0.9
Women	MGGI	LF23	YCAI	YCAL	YCAO	YCAR	LF2D	LFL3
Jan-Mar 2011	57.1	70.7	40.9	66.2	77.7	79.7	61.3	6.8
Jan-Mar 2012	57.0	71.1	39.1	66.7	77.0	80.2	62.5	6.5
Apr-Jun 2012	57.1	71.3	40.1	67.1	76.8	80.2	63.0	6.5
Jul-Sep 2012	57.2	71.4	41.5	66.6	77.4	80.4	62.8	6.8
Oct-Dec 2012	57.5	71.9	38.6	68.9	77.0	80.8	63.7	6.7
Jan-Mar 2013	57.5	72.0	37.1	68.5	77.1	80.9	64.2	6.6
<i>Change on quarter</i>	0.0	0.1	-1.5	-0.3	0.1	0.0	0.5	-0.1
<i>Change on year</i>	0.5	0.9	-2.0	1.8	0.1	0.7	1.7	0.1

Relationship between columns: 1= 2+8; 2=3+4+5+6+7.

1. Denominator = all persons in the relevant age group.

Source: Labour Force Survey
Labour market statistics enquiries: labour.market@ons.gov.uk

ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY

13 Economic inactivity: reasons

United Kingdom (thousands), seasonally adjusted

	Economic inactivity by reason (aged 16 to 64)								Wanting/not wanting a job (aged 16 to 64)	
	All aged 16-64									
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	Student	Looking after family / home	Temporary sick	Long-term sick	Discouraged	Retired	Other	Does not want a job	Wants a job ¹	
	LF2M	LF63	LF65	LF67	LF69	LFL8	LF6B	LF6D	LFL9	LFM2
People										
Jan-Mar 2011	9,315	2,262	2,288	165	2,166	85	1,543	805	6,951	2,364
Jan-Mar 2012	9,214	2,260	2,311	179	2,124	88	1,470	783	6,876	2,338
Apr-Jun 2012	9,098	2,173	2,294	180	2,123	77	1,461	791	6,712	2,386
Jul-Sep 2012	9,073	2,230	2,322	184	2,041	70	1,432	793	6,741	2,332
Oct-Dec 2012	8,955	2,211	2,327	197	2,028	66	1,380	746	6,635	2,321
Jan-Mar 2013	9,003	2,246	2,282	179	2,035	73	1,381	806	6,704	2,299
Change on quarter	47	35	-44	-18	7	7	1	60	70	-22
Change %	0.5	1.6	-1.9	-9.1	0.3	10.8	0.1	8.0	1.0	-1.0
Change on year	-212	-13	-28	0	-89	-15	-89	23	-172	-40
Change %	-2.3	-0.6	-1.2	0.2	-4.2	-16.8	-6.1	2.9	-2.5	-1.7
Men	YBSO	BEEEX	BEAQ	BEDI	BEDL	YCFP	BEDR	BEDU	YBWA	YBWD
Jan-Mar 2011	3,421	1,138	195	77	1,150	53	463	345	2,411	1,011
Jan-Mar 2012	3,378	1,138	220	81	1,075	54	462	347	2,375	1,002
Apr-Jun 2012	3,299	1,091	203	86	1,052	41	467	360	2,325	974
Jul-Sep 2012	3,301	1,134	217	93	1,009	39	463	346	2,352	949
Oct-Dec 2012	3,288	1,140	224	99	1,016	35	467	307	2,350	938
Jan-Mar 2013	3,346	1,172	220	89	1,041	41	464	318	2,411	935
Change on quarter	58	32	-4	-10	25	6	-3	12	60	-3
Change %	1.8	2.8	-2.0	-9.8	2.5	18.2	-0.7	3.9	2.6	-0.3
Change on year	-32	34	0	8	-34	-12	2	-29	36	-67
Change %	-0.9	3.0	-0.1	10.4	-3.2	-22.6	0.4	-8.4	1.5	-6.7
Women	LF2N	LF64	LF66	LF68	LF6A	LFM3	LF6C	LF6E	LFM4	LFM5
Jan-Mar 2011	5,894	1,124	2,093	88	1,016	32	1,080	461	4,541	1,353
Jan-Mar 2012	5,837	1,122	2,091	98	1,048	35	1,008	436	4,501	1,336
Apr-Jun 2012	5,798	1,082	2,091	94	1,071	36	994	431	4,386	1,412
Jul-Sep 2012	5,772	1,096	2,105	90	1,032	31	969	447	4,389	1,383
Oct-Dec 2012	5,667	1,071	2,102	98	1,012	31	913	440	4,284	1,383
Jan-Mar 2013	5,657	1,074	2,063	90	994	32	917	487	4,293	1,364
Change on quarter	-10	4	-40	-8	-18	1	4	48	9	-19
Change %	-0.2	0.4	-1.9	-8.4	-1.8	2.6	0.4	10.8	0.2	-1.4
Change on year	-180	-47	-28	-8	-54	-3	-91	52	-207	28
Change %	-3.1	-4.2	-1.3	-8.2	-5.2	-7.9	-9.0	11.8	-4.6	2.1
Percentage of economically inactive aged from 16 to 64 (%)										
People	LF6V	LF6X	LF6Z	LF73	LF75	LF77	LF79	LF7B	LF7D	LF7F
Jan-Mar 2011	100	24.3	24.6	1.8	23.3	0.9	16.6	8.6	74.6	25.4
Jan-Mar 2012	100	24.5	25.1	1.9	23.0	1.0	16.0	8.5	74.6	25.4
Apr-Jun 2012	100	23.9	25.2	2.0	23.3	0.8	16.1	8.7	73.8	26.2
Jul-Sep 2012	100	24.6	25.6	2.0	22.5	0.8	15.8	8.7	74.3	25.7
Oct-Dec 2012	100	24.7	26.0	2.2	22.6	0.7	15.4	8.3	74.1	25.9
Jan-Mar 2013	100	25.0	25.4	2.0	22.6	0.8	15.3	9.0	74.5	25.5
Men	BEBP	BEEH	BEEK	BEEEN	BEEQ	BREET	BEEW	BEEZ	BEAS	BEGT
Jan-Mar 2011	100	33.3	5.7	2.2	33.6	1.5	13.5	10.1	70.5	29.5
Jan-Mar 2012	100	33.7	6.5	2.4	31.8	1.6	13.7	10.3	70.3	29.7
Apr-Jun 2012	100	33.1	6.1	2.6	31.9	1.2	14.1	10.9	70.5	29.5
Jul-Sep 2012	100	34.4	6.6	2.8	30.6	1.2	14.0	10.5	71.2	28.8
Oct-Dec 2012	100	34.7	6.8	3.0	30.9	1.1	14.2	9.3	71.5	28.5
Jan-Mar 2013	100	35.0	6.6	2.7	31.1	1.2	13.9	9.5	72.1	27.9
Women	LF6W	LF6Y	LF72	LF74	LF76	LF78	LF7A	LF7C	LF7E	LF7G
Jan-Mar 2011	100	19.1	35.5	1.5	17.2	0.5	18.3	7.8	77.0	23.0
Jan-Mar 2012	100	19.2	35.8	1.7	18.0	0.6	17.3	7.5	77.1	22.9
Apr-Jun 2012	100	18.7	36.1	1.6	18.5	0.6	17.1	7.4	75.6	24.4
Jul-Sep 2012	100	19.0	36.5	1.6	17.9	0.5	16.8	7.7	76.0	24.0
Oct-Dec 2012	100	18.9	37.1	1.7	17.9	0.6	16.1	7.8	75.6	24.4
Jan-Mar 2013	100	19.0	36.5	1.6	17.6	0.6	16.2	8.6	75.9	24.1

Relationship between columns : 1=2+3+4+5+6+7+8; 1=9+10.

Source: Labour Force Survey

Labour market statistics enquiries: labour.market@ons.gov.uk

1. This series comprises those who say they would like a regular paid job, but who do not meet the internationally agreed definition of unemployment because they have not been looking for work in the last four weeks and/or they were unable to start working within two weeks.

ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY

14 Educational status, economic activity and inactivity of people aged from 16 to 24

January to March 2013

United Kingdom (thousands) seasonally adjusted

	All aged 16 to 24				In full-time education (FTE)				Not in full-time education (FTE) ¹			
	Total	Employed	Unemployed	Economically inactive	Total	Employed ²	Unemployed ²	Economically inactive	Total	Employed	Unemployed	Economically inactive
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12

Levels

People													
16-17	1,465	317	190	958	1,224	244	138	842	241	73	52	116	
18-24	5,770	3,357	768	1,644	1,816	598	152	1,066	3,954	2,759	616	578	
16-24	7,235	3,675	958	2,602	3,040	842	290	1,908	4,195	2,832	668	694	
Men													
16-17	750	141	100	508	606	97	66	443	143	44	34	65	
18-24	2,929	1,734	445	750	906	246	89	571	2,023	1,488	356	179	
16-24	3,678	1,876	545	1,257	1,512	343	155	1,013	2,166	1,532	390	244	
Women													
16-17	716	176	90	450	618	147	72	399	98	29	18	51	
18-24	2,841	1,623	323	895	910	352	63	496	1,931	1,271	261	399	
16-24	3,557	1,799	413	1,345	1,528	499	135	895	2,029	1,300	278	450	

Changes on quarter

People													
16-17	0	-10	-7	17	-2	-2	-13	13	2	-8	5	5	
18-24	-14	-36	-9	31	29	20	-22	32	-44	-55	12	-1	
16-24	-14	-46	-17	48	28	18	-34	44	-42	-64	18	4	
Men													
16-17	0	2	-8	6	-12	4	-12	-3	12	-2	4	10	
18-24	-7	-13	-17	23	26	7	-8	27	-34	-20	-9	-4	
16-24	-8	-12	-25	29	15	11	-20	24	-22	-22	-5	5	
Women													
16-17	0	-11	1	11	10	-5	-1	16	-9	-6	1	-5	
18-24	-7	-23	8	8	3	12	-14	4	-10	-35	22	3	
16-24	-7	-34	9	19	13	7	-15	20	-19	-41	23	-1	

Rates(%)³

People													
16-17		21.7	37.5	65.4		20.0	36.1	68.8		30.3	41.5	48.2	
18-24		58.2	18.6	28.5		32.9	20.3	58.7		69.8	18.3	14.6	
16-24		50.8	20.7	36.0		27.7	25.6	62.8		67.5	19.1	16.5	
Men													
16-17		18.9	41.5	67.7		16.1	40.5	73.0		30.8	43.7	45.4	
18-24		59.2	20.4	25.6		27.2	26.6	63.0		73.6	19.3	8.8	
16-24		51.0	22.5	34.2		22.7	31.2	67.0		70.7	20.3	11.3	
Women													
16-17		24.6	33.8	62.9		23.8	32.9	64.6		29.6	38.0	52.3	
18-24		57.1	16.6	31.5		38.7	15.1	54.4		65.8	17.0	20.7	
16-24		50.6	18.7	37.8		32.6	21.3	58.5		64.1	17.6	22.2	

Changes on quarter

People													
16-17		-0.7	-0.2	1.2		-0.1	-1.9	1.1		-3.7	5.1	1.6	
18-24		-0.5	0.0	0.6		0.5	-2.8	0.8		-0.6	0.6	0.1	
16-24		-0.5	-0.1	0.7		0.3	-2.6	0.9		-0.8	0.7	0.3	
Men													
16-17		0.2	-2.1	0.8		0.9	-4.9	0.8		-4.2	4.0	3.3	
18-24		-0.3	-0.5	0.8		0.0	-2.3	1.2		0.2	-0.2	-0.1	
16-24		-0.2	-0.7	0.9		0.5	-3.3	0.9		-0.3	0.0	0.4	
Women													
16-17		-1.6	1.5	1.5		-1.2	0.5	1.6		-3.1	6.4	0.2	
18-24		-0.7	0.5	0.3		1.2	-3.2	0.3		-1.5	1.6	0.3	
16-24		-0.9	0.6	0.6		0.2	-2.0	0.8		-1.4	1.7	0.1	

Relationship between columns: 1=5+9; 2=6+10; 3=7+11; 4=8+12.

Source: Labour Force Survey

Labour market statistics enquiries: labour.market@ons.gov.uk

1. Not in full-time education includes people in part-time education and/or some form of training. Estimates of the number of young people who are not in employment, education or training ("NEET") cannot therefore be derived from this table.

2. People in full-time education are employed if they have a part-time job or unemployed if they are looking for part-time employment.

3. Denominator = all persons in the relevant age group for economically active, total in employment and economically inactive; economically active for unemployment.

EARNINGS & LABOUR PRODUCTIVITY

15 Average Weekly Earnings - total pay¹

Standard Industrial Classification (2007)

Great Britain, seasonally adjusted

	Whole Economy (100%) ²			Private sector (79%) ^{2,4,5}			Public sector (21%) ^{2,4,5}		
	Weekly Earnings (£)	% changes year on year		Weekly Earnings (£)	% changes year on year		Weekly Earnings (£)	% changes year on year	
		Single month	3 month average ³		Single month	3 month average ³		Single month	3 month average ³
	KAB9	KAC2	KAC3	KAC4	KAC5	KAC6	KAC7	KAC8	KAC9
Mar 11	461	2.6	2.7	456	2.4	2.7	478	3.8	3.1
Jan 12 (r)	464	0.0	1.3	460	-0.2	1.3	478	0.7	1.2
Feb 12 (r)	463	0.9	0.9	458	0.7	0.8	480	1.4	1.1
Mar 12 (r)	466	1.2	0.7	462	1.2	0.6	482	0.7	0.9
Apr 12	471	2.3	1.5	468	2.7	1.5 (r)	481	1.4	1.2 (r)
May 12	469	1.8	1.8 (r)	466	2.0	2.0 (r)	482	1.6	1.2
Jun 12	471	1.3	1.8	467	1.8	2.2	484	1.0	1.3
Jul 12	471	1.5	1.6	468	1.6	1.8	486	1.4	1.3
Aug 12	473	2.3	1.7	469	2.2	1.9	491	3.1	1.8
Sep 12	471	1.8	1.8	467	1.7	1.9	488	2.2	2.2
Oct 12	471	1.3	1.8	467	1.3	1.7	488	2.0	2.4
Nov 12	471	1.4	1.5	468	1.4	1.5	487	1.9	2.0
Dec 12	470	1.3	1.3	466	1.2	1.3	488	2.0	2.0
Jan 13 (r)	469	1.0	1.2	464	0.8	1.1	487	1.9	1.9
Feb 13 (r)	466	0.8	1.0	460	0.6	0.9	486	1.1	1.7
Mar 13 (p)	463	-0.7	0.4	456	-1.3	0.0	487	1.1	1.4
	Services, SIC 2007 sections G-S (85%) ²			Finance and business services, SIC 2007 sections K-N (20%) ²			Public sector excluding financial services (20%) ^{2,5}		
	Weekly Earnings (£)	% changes year on year		Weekly Earnings (£)	% changes year on year		Weekly Earnings (£)	% changes year on year	
		Single month	3 month average ³		Single month	3 month average ³		Single month	3 month average ³
	K5BZ	K5C2	K5C3	K5C4	K5C5	K5C6	KAD8	KAD9	KAE2
Mar 11	447	3.2	3.2	606	8.3	7.5	465	1.8	1.8
Jan 12 (r)	450	-0.2	1.3	603	-3.4	1.1	466	0.4	0.8
Feb 12 (r)	449	1.0	1.0	594	-1.5	-0.5	468	0.9	0.7
Mar 12 (r)	454	1.5	0.8	617	1.8	-1.1	469	0.9	0.7
Apr 12	457	2.3	1.6	628	4.0	1.4 (r)	469	1.0	0.9
May 12	455	1.6	1.8 (r)	613	0.9	2.2 (r)	471	1.2	1.0
Jun 12	456	1.0	1.7	617	-1.3	1.2	474	2.4	1.5
Jul 12	457	1.4	1.4	619	0.8	0.1	476	2.5	2.0
Aug 12	459	2.4	1.6	620	2.9	0.8	477	2.2	2.4
Sep 12	458	2.0	1.9	614	1.3	1.6	476	2.1	2.3
Oct 12	457	1.3	1.9	611	0.0	1.4	477	2.2	2.2
Nov 12	458	1.4	1.6	610	-0.2	0.3	476	2.0	2.1
Dec 12	456	1.5	1.4	607	0.2	0.0	476	2.2	2.1
Jan 13 (r)	455	1.1	1.3	604	0.2	0.1	475	2.0	2.1
Feb 13 (r)	453	0.8	1.1	592	-0.3	0.0	473	1.1	1.8
Mar 13 (p)	450	-0.9	0.3	594	-3.8	-1.3	475	1.2	1.5
	Manufacturing, SIC 2007 section C (9%) ²			Construction, SIC 2007 section F (4%) ²			Wholesaling, retailing, hotels & restaurants, SIC 2007 sections G & I (23%) ²		
	Weekly Earnings (£)	% changes year on year		Weekly Earnings (£)	% changes year on year		Weekly Earnings (£)	% changes year on year	
		Single month	3 month average ³		Single month	3 month average ³		Single month	3 month average ³
	K5CA	K5CB	K5CC	K5CD	K5CE	K5CF	K5CG	K5CH	K5CI
Mar 11	530	0.4	1.3	538	-1.4	-0.6	302	-3.6	-1.2
Jan 12 (r)	535	1.0	1.5	542	0.7	1.9	305	2.8	2.3
Feb 12 (r)	537	1.9	1.4	535	-1.6	0.5	305	3.9	2.9
Mar 12 (r)	529	-0.2	0.9	544	1.2	0.1	306	1.3	2.7
Apr 12	542	2.4	1.4	548	2.8	0.7 (r)	304	1.8	2.3 (r)
May 12	543	2.9	1.7 (r)	557	3.3	2.4 (r)	307	2.4	1.8 (r)
Jun 12	545	2.7	2.7	553	1.8	2.6	308	2.0	2.1
Jul 12	543	2.0	2.6	551	1.7	2.3	307	2.1	2.1
Aug 12	545	2.6	2.4	544	-0.3	1.1	310	3.7	2.6
Sep 12	542	1.2	2.0	542	-0.7	0.2	308	3.1	2.9
Oct 12	544	2.1	2.0	544	0.4	-0.2	309	2.6	3.1
Nov 12	544	1.5	1.6	541	-0.8	-0.4	310	2.7	2.8
Dec 12	544	1.8	1.8	540	-0.9	-0.5	308	1.9	2.4
Jan 13 (r)	543	1.5	1.6	530	-2.2	-1.3	307	0.8	1.8
Feb 13 (r)	547	1.8	1.7	534	-0.3	-1.2	307	0.5	1.0
Mar 13 (p)	545	2.9	2.1	522	-4.1	-2.2	309	1.1	0.8

Source: Monthly Wages & Salaries Survey

Earnings enquiries: 01633 456773

1. Estimates of total pay include bonuses but exclude arrears of pay.

2. The figure in brackets is the percentage of whole economy employment in that sector or industry for the latest time period.

3. The three month average figures are the changes in the average seasonally adjusted values for the three months ending with the relevant month compared with the same period a year earlier.

4. From July 2009 Royal Bank of Scotland Group plc and Lloyds Banking Group plc are classified to the public sector; previously they are in the private sector.

5. Between June 2010 and May 2012 English Further Education Corporations and Sixth Form College Corporations are classified to the public sector.

Before June 2010 and after May 2012 they are classified to the private sector.

EARNINGS & LABOUR PRODUCTIVITY

15(1) Average Weekly Earnings - bonus pay

Standard Industrial Classification (2007)

Great Britain, seasonally adjusted

	Whole Economy (100%) ¹			Private sector (79%) ^{1,3,4}			Public sector (21%) ^{1,3,4}		
	Weekly Earnings (£)	% changes year on year		Weekly Earnings (£)	% changes year on year		Weekly Earnings (£)	% changes year on year	
		Single month	3 month average ²		Single month	3 month average ²		Single month	3 month average ²
	KAF4	KAF5	KAF6	KAF7	KAF8	KAF9	KAG2	KAG3	KAG4
Mar 11	27	7.1	11.2	34	6.2	11.5	7	47.7	12.1
Jan 12 (r)	26	-14.9	-2.8	32	-16.3	-4.0	7	44.7	7.3
Feb 12 (r)	25	-7.1	-7.0	30	-8.2	-8.4	5	-17.2	5.4
Mar 12 (r)	27	-3.3	-8.7	33	-3.3	-9.5	6	-19.8	-1.0
Apr 12	31	15.6	1.7 (r)	38	15.0	1.2 (r)	5	-3.5	-14.2 (r)
May 12	27	3.7	5.3 (r)	34	0.4	4.0 (r)	5	9.2	-6.3 (r)
Jun 12	28	-7.0	3.7	34	-4.5	3.4	5	-13.1	-3.1
Jul 12	29	-5.7	-3.3	36	-2.1	-2.1	6	-63.8	-39.5
Aug 12	30	6.7	-2.2	36	4.3	-0.8	7	32.4	-35.3
Sep 12	29	6.9	2.4	34	4.7	2.2	7	25.4	-27.6
Oct 12	28	0.2	4.6	33	-2.9	2.0	7	111.6	49.2
Nov 12	27	0.7	2.6	33	-1.1	0.2	5	7.9	40.5
Dec 12	26	0.3	0.4	31	-1.4	-1.8	8	53.7	51.7
Jan 13 (r)	26	0.8	0.6	32	-1.1	-1.2	6	-20.5	9.3
Feb 13 (r)	25	-0.6	0.2	30	-1.2	-1.2	4	-10.7	3.9
Mar 13 (p)	24	-8.6	-2.9	29	-9.9	-4.1	5	-2.5	-12.1
	Services, SIC 2007 sections G-S (85%) ¹			Finance and business services, SIC 2007 sections K-N (20%) ¹			Public sector excluding financial services (20%) ^{1,4}		
	Weekly Earnings (£)	% changes year on year		Weekly Earnings (£)	% changes year on year		Weekly Earnings (£)	% changes year on year	
		Single month	3 month average ²		Single month	3 month average ²		Single month	3 month average ²
	K5CS	K5CT	K5CU	K5CV	K5CW	K5CX	KAH3	KAH4	KAH5
Mar 11	28	9.2	12.5	77	17.6	22.1	2	-58.2	-37.8
Jan 12 (r)	27	-16.3	-3.4	69	-27.5	-8.1	2	56.5	8.1
Feb 12 (r)	26	-7.4	-7.4	65	-12.1	-14.1	1	-25.4	-1.4
Mar 12 (r)	27	-2.3	-9.0	73	-4.4	-15.7	2	-6.4	3.3
Apr 12	32	18.2	2.8 (r)	93	22.6	2.1 (r)	1	-30.9	-21.4 (r)
May 12	27	2.8	6.2 (r)	69	-13.0	1.5 (r)	2	7.6	-11.5 (r)
Jun 12	28	-8.6	3.6	71	-22.0	-5.3	2	52.5	1.7
Jul 12	31	-7.2	-4.7	80	-10.3	-15.2	2	1.4	16.1
Aug 12	31	7.6	-3.0	81	11.3	-8.3	1	-33.8	-0.3
Sep 12	30	10.6	3.0	70	-4.1	-1.7	2	44.0	2.4
Oct 12	28	-0.9	5.7	68	-7.4	-0.1	3	151.0	40.4
Nov 12	28	0.9	3.4	66	-13.2	-8.3	2	8.5	58.3
Dec 12	27	2.5	0.8	70	0.6	-6.9	2	63.9	65.6
Jan 13 (r)	27	1.2	1.6	69	-0.7	-4.7	2	-22.9	10.2
Feb 13 (r)	26	0.3	1.4	65	0.0	0.0	1	-31.5	-1.3
Mar 13 (p)	25	-9.4	-2.7	65	-11.7	-4.4	1	-31.3	-27.9
	Manufacturing, SIC 2007 section C (9%) ¹			Construction, SIC 2007 section F (4%) ¹			Wholesaling, retailing, hotels & restaurants, SIC 2007 sections G & I (23%) ¹		
	Weekly Earnings (£)	% changes year on year		Weekly Earnings (£)	% changes year on year		Weekly Earnings (£)	% changes year on year	
		Single month	3 month average ²		Single month	3 month average ²		Single month	3 month average ²
	K5D3	K5D4	K5D5	K5D6	K5D7	K5D8	K5D9	K5DA	K5DB
Mar 11	22	-1.0	3.4	19	-16.8	-5.2	18	-20.8	-16.3
Jan 12 (r)	22	-8.1	-2.2	18	-7.2	11.6	19	10.5	1.8
Feb 12 (r)	23	11.9	-0.7	16	-29.6	-11.4	18	14.2	7.7
Mar 12 (r)	18	-15.3	-4.1	17	-7.8	-15.8	18	0.4	8.2
Apr 12	24	4.2	0.2 (r)	23	15.7	-8.4 (r)	18	3.4	5.8 (r)
May 12	25	20.7	3.0 (r)	21	17.7	8.6 (r)	21	10.1	4.8 (r)
Jun 12	25	15.5	13.2	24	18.1	17.2	20	-12.5	-0.6
Jul 12	22	-4.2	10.4	22	26.8	20.7	19	-11.3	-5.3
Aug 12	27	30.7	13.6	18	-2.2	14.1	24	27.7	0.0
Sep 12	19	-16.6	2.5	18	-8.2	4.8	22	12.1	8.8
Oct 12	22	3.6	5.2	26	17.9	3.4	21	10.6	16.7
Nov 12	25	8.9	-1.6	17	-20.2	-3.1	20	12.2	11.6
Dec 12	20	-4.5	2.8	18	-8.3	-3.1	19	0.2	7.6
Jan 13 (r)	19	-12.2	-2.4	17	-7.0	-12.3	19	2.1	4.7
Feb 13 (r)	20	-13.9	-10.3	15	-7.4	-7.6	19	5.0	2.4
Mar 13 (p)	20	7.6	-7.1	11	-35.7	-16.8	18	2.7	3.2

Source: Monthly Wages & Salaries Survey
Earnings enquiries: 01633 456773

1. The figure in brackets is the percentage of whole economy employment in that sector or industry for the latest time period.

2. The three month average figures are the changes in the average seasonally adjusted values for the three months ending with the relevant month compared with the same period a year earlier.

3. From July 2009 Royal Bank of Scotland Group plc and Lloyds Banking Group plc are classified to the public sector; previously they are in the private sector.

4. Between June 2010 and May 2012 English Further Education Corporations and Sixth Form College Corporations are classified to the public sector.

Before June 2010 and after May 2012 they are classified to the private sector.

EARNINGS & LABOUR PRODUCTIVITY

16 Average Weekly Earnings - regular pay¹

Standard Industrial Classification (2007)

Great Britain, seasonally adjusted

	Whole Economy (100%) ²			Private sector (79%) ^{2,4,5}			Public sector (21%) ^{2,4,5}		
	Weekly Earnings (£)	% changes year on year		Weekly Earnings (£)	% changes year on year		Weekly Earnings (£)	% changes year on year	
		Single month	3 month average ³		Single month	3 month average ³		Single month	3 month average ³
	KAI7	KAI8	KAI9	KAJ2	KAJ3	KAJ4	KAJ5	KAJ6	KAJ7
Mar 11	433	1.8	2.1	421	1.4	1.9	470	2.8	2.5
Jan 12 (r)	438	1.1	1.6	428	1.4	1.9	472	0.8	1.3
Feb 12 (r)	440	1.8	1.6	430	2.1	1.9	474	1.3	1.1
Mar 12 (r)	441	1.9	1.6	431	2.4	1.9	476	1.3	1.1
Apr 12	441	1.7	1.8	431	2.0	2.2 (r)	476	1.3	1.3
May 12	442	1.8	1.8	432	2.0	2.1	477	1.5	1.4 (r)
Jun 12	443	2.0	1.8	433	2.2	2.1	480	2.2	1.7
Jul 12	443	1.9	1.9	433	1.9	2.0	481	2.6	2.1
Aug 12	444	2.1	2.0	434	2.1	2.1	484	2.9	2.6
Sep 12	443	1.6	1.9	433	1.6	1.9	482	2.1	2.6
Oct 12	443	1.3	1.7	433	1.4	1.7	482	1.8	2.3
Nov 12	444	1.4	1.4	434	1.5	1.5	482	1.8	1.9
Dec 12	444	1.3	1.3	434	1.3	1.4	482	1.8	1.8
Jan 13	442 (r)	1.1	1.3	432	1.0	1.3	481	1.9	1.8
Feb 13 (r)	443	0.8	1.0	433	0.8	1.0	480	1.1	1.6
Mar 13 (p)	444	0.6	0.8	434	0.6	0.8	482	1.2	1.4
	Services, SIC 2007 sections G-S (85%) ²			Finance and business services, SIC 2007 sections K-N (20%) ²			Public sector excluding financial services (20%) ^{2,5}		
	Weekly Earnings (£)	% changes year on year		Weekly Earnings (£)	% changes year on year		Weekly Earnings (£)	% changes year on year	
		Single month	3 month average ³		Single month	3 month average ³		Single month	3 month average ³
	K5DL	K5DM	K5DN	K5DO	K5DP	K5DQ	KAK6	KAK7	KAK8
Mar 11	418	2.2	2.5	525	3.7	4.9	464	2.6	2.4
Jan 12	423	1.2	1.8	537	1.6	2.8	464	0.4	0.7
Feb 12	425	1.9	1.7	541	2.9 (r)	2.7	467	0.9	0.7
Mar 12 (r)	426	2.0	1.7	544	3.5	2.7	468	0.8	0.7
Apr 12	426	1.6	1.8	542	2.8	3.1	467	1.0	0.9
May 12	427	1.6	1.7	541	1.9	2.7	468	1.1	1.0 (r)
Jun 12	428	1.9	1.7	543	2.3	2.3	472	2.0	1.4
Jul 12	428	1.9	1.8	540	1.8	2.0	474	2.6	1.9
Aug 12	429	2.3	2.0	543	2.6	2.2	475	2.5	2.4
Sep 12	429	1.6	1.9	541	1.6	2.0	475	2.0	2.4
Oct 12	429	1.3	1.7	539	0.2	1.4	475	2.0	2.2
Nov 12	430	1.5	1.5	539	0.5	0.8	474	2.0	2.0
Dec 12	430	1.3	1.4	538	-0.4	0.1	473	1.9	2.0
Jan 13	428	1.2	1.3	537	0.0	0.0	474	2.0	2.0
Feb 13 (r)	428	0.6	1.0	539	-0.2	-0.2	472	1.1	1.7
Mar 13 (p)	428	0.5	0.7	539	-0.9	-0.4	473	1.2	1.4
	Manufacturing, SIC 2007 section C (9%) ²			Construction, SIC 2007 section F (4%) ²			Wholesaling, retailing, hotels & restaurants, SIC 2007 sections G & I (23%) ²		
	Weekly Earnings (£)	% changes year on year		Weekly Earnings (£)	% changes year on year		Weekly Earnings (£)	% changes year on year	
		Single month	3 month average ³		Single month	3 month average ³		Single month	3 month average ³
	K5DU	K5DV	K5DW	K5DX	K5DY	K5DZ	K5E2	K5E3	K5E4
Mar 11	507	0.6	1.1	527	0.5	0.3	278	-0.1	0.6
Jan 12	513	1.4	1.7	526	0.3	1.4	286	2.3	2.2
Feb 12 (r)	514	1.7	1.6	525	0.2	0.9	286	3.0	2.6
Mar 12 (r)	516	1.8	1.6	536	1.7	0.7	286	2.6	2.6
Apr 12	518	2.3	1.9 (r)	528	2.3	1.4	286	1.7	2.4
May 12	520	2.5	2.2	535	3.1	2.4	287	1.9	2.1
Jun 12	520	2.3	2.3	532	1.3	2.2	289	3.1	2.2
Jul 12	521	2.2	2.3	529	1.3	1.9	289	2.9	2.6
Aug 12	522	2.2	2.2	518	-0.3	0.8	288	2.5	2.8
Sep 12	521	1.7	2.0	520	-0.4	0.2	288	2.6	2.7
Oct 12	522	2.0	2.0	521	-0.2	-0.3	289	2.2	2.4
Nov 12	521	1.4	1.7	524	0.0	-0.2	291	2.3	2.4
Dec 12	524	2.1	1.8	515	-0.5	-0.2	289	1.9	2.1
Jan 13	523	2.0	1.8	514	-2.2	-0.9	288 (r)	0.6	1.6
Feb 13 (r)	527	2.5	2.2	525	-0.2	-1.0	287	0.3	0.9
Mar 13 (p)	528	2.4	2.3	530	-1.2	-1.2	289	1.1	0.7

Source: Monthly Wages & Salaries Survey
Earnings enquiries: 01633 456773

1. Estimates of regular pay exclude bonuses and arrears of pay.

2. The figure in brackets is the percentage of whole economy employment in that sector or industry for the latest time period.

3. The three month average figures are the changes in the average seasonally adjusted values for the three months ending with the relevant month compared with the same period a year earlier.

4. From July 2009 Royal Bank of Scotland Group plc and Lloyds Banking Group plc are classified to the public sector; previously they are in the private sector.

5. Between June 2010 and May 2012 English Further Education Corporations and Sixth Form College Corporations are classified to the public sector.

Before June 2010 and after May 2012 they are classified to the private sector.

EARNINGS & LABOUR PRODUCTIVITY

17 Labour productivity¹

United Kingdom
Seasonally adjusted

	Whole economy				Manufacturing ²			Services ²	
	Output per worker	Output per job	Output per hour	Unit labour costs	Unit wage costs	Output per job	Output per hour	Output per job	Output per hour
Indices (2009=100)									
	A4YM	LNNN	LZVB	LNNL	DIX4	DJ4P	DJK6	DJE3	DJP9
2010 Q4	101.4	101.5	101.0	101.1	96.8	108.0	104.7	100.1	100.0
2011 Q1	101.5	101.5	101.5	101.4	96.1	109.4	106.2	99.9	100.1
2011 Q2	101.7	101.6	102.8	101.5	95.1	110.5	109.5	100.0	101.3
2011 Q3	102.8	102.8	102.5	101.8	95.0	111.5	110.0	101.4	101.4
2011 Q4	102.2	102.4	102.0	103.4	95.4	111.2	109.9	101.1	100.8
2012 Q1	101.7	101.7	101.2	104.7	96.3	110.1	108.1	100.9	100.3
2012 Q2	100.7	100.7	100.4	104.9	100.4	107.5	105.5	100.0	99.5
2012 Q3	101.3	101.4	100.2	104.7	100.8	107.1	105.0	100.7	99.3
2012 Q4	100.5	100.6	99.7	105.2	102.5	105.4	104.2	99.9	98.8
Per cent change on quarter a year ago									
	A4YN	LNNP	LZVD	DMWN	DJ4J	DJ4R	DJK8	DJE5	DJQ3
2010 Q4	0.7	0.7	1.3	-0.5	-3.2	6.3	4.8	-0.6	0.3
2011 Q1	0.1	-0.1	-1.0	0.5	-3.5	4.9	2.5	-1.2	-1.9
2011 Q2	0.0	-0.1	1.5	0.4	-2.4	4.1	5.1	-0.4	1.0
2011 Q3	1.1	1.1	0.6	1.4	-1.9	3.5	4.0	1.2	0.8
2011 Q4	0.8	0.9	1.0	2.2	-1.4	3.0	5.0	1.0	0.8
2012 Q1	0.2	0.2	-0.3	3.3	0.2	0.6	1.8	1.0	0.2
2012 Q2	-1.0	-0.9	-2.3	3.4	5.6	-2.7	-3.7	0.0	-1.8
2012 Q3	-1.5	-1.4	-2.2	2.9	6.1	-3.9	-4.5	-0.7	-2.1
2012 Q4	-1.7	-1.8	-2.3	1.8	7.4	-5.2	-5.2	-1.2	-2.0
Per cent change on previous quarter									
	A4YO	DMWR	TXBB	DMWO	DJ4I	DJ4Q	DJK7	DJE4	DJQ2
2010 Q4	-0.3	-0.2	-0.9	0.8	0.0	0.3	-1.0	-0.1	-0.6
2011 Q1	0.1	0.0	0.5	0.3	-0.7	1.3	1.4	-0.2	0.1
2011 Q2	0.2	0.1	1.3	0.1	-1.0	1.0	3.1	0.1	1.2
2011 Q3	1.1	1.2	-0.3	0.3	-0.1	0.9	0.5	1.4	0.1
2011 Q4	-0.6	-0.4	-0.5	1.5	0.4	-0.3	-0.1	-0.3	-0.6
2012 Q1	-0.5	-0.7	-0.8	1.3	0.9	-1.0	-1.6	-0.2	-0.5
2012 Q2	-1.0	-1.0	-0.8	0.2	4.3	-2.4	-2.4	-0.9	-0.8
2012 Q3	0.6	0.7	-0.2	-0.2	0.4	-0.4	-0.5	0.7	-0.2
2012 Q4	-0.8	-0.8	-0.5	0.5	1.7	-1.6	-0.8	-0.8	-0.5

1. More detailed estimates are available in the Labour Productivity Statistical Bulletin at

<http://www.ons.gov.uk/ons/rel/productivity/labour-productivity/index.html>

2. The manufacturing and services series are as defined by Standard Industrial Classification 2007 (SIC 2007).

Source: Office for National Statistics

Labour productivity and unit labour cost enquiries

Tel: 01633 455981

E-mail: productivity@ons.gsi.gov.uk

REGIONAL AND INTERNATIONAL SUMMARY

18(1) Regional summary of labour market headline indicators¹

Thousands, seasonally adjusted

Headline estimates for January to March 2013

	Economically active		Employment		Unemployment		Economically inactive	
	Aged 16+	Aged 16-64	Aged 16+	Aged 16-64	Aged 16+	Aged 16+	Aged 16-64	Aged 16-64
	Level	Rate (%) ²	Level	Rate (%) ²	Level	Rate (%) ³	Level	Rate (%) ²
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
North East	1,288	74.0	1,161	66.6	127	9.8	440	26.0
North West	3,445	75.5	3,168	69.3	277	8.0	1,086	24.5
Yorkshire and The Humber	2,762	77.8	2,513	70.6	250	9.0	767	22.2
East Midlands	2,285	76.9	2,107	70.8	177	7.8	664	23.1
West Midlands	2,743	77.2	2,490	69.9	253	9.2	781	22.8
East of England	3,106	80.2	2,896	74.7	210	6.8	737	19.8
London	4,311	77.1	3,943	70.4	368	8.5	1,245	22.9
South East	4,506	80.1	4,207	74.6	299	6.6	1,082	19.9
South West	2,719	79.7	2,552	74.6	166	6.1	666	20.3
England	27,164	77.9	25,036	71.6	2,127	7.8	7,468	22.1
Wales	1,482	75.8	1,361	69.5	121	8.2	459	24.2
Scotland	2,716	77.6	2,517	71.8	199	7.3	758	22.4
Great Britain	31,363	77.8	28,915	71.6	2,447	7.8	8,685	22.2
Northern Ireland	863	72.6	793	66.6	70	8.1	318	27.4
United Kingdom	32,226	77.6	29,708	71.4	2,518	7.8	9,003	22.4

Change on quarter (change since October to December 2012)⁴

	Economically active		Employment		Unemployment		Economically inactive	
	Aged 16+	Aged 16-64	Aged 16+	Aged 16-64	Aged 16+	Aged 16+	Aged 16-64	Aged 16-64
	Level	Rate (%) ²	Level	Rate (%) ²	Level	Rate (%) ³	Level	Rate (%) ²
North East	-10	-1.1	-11	-1.1	1	0.2	18	1.1
North West	-34	-0.8	-16	-0.5	-18	-0.5	37	0.8
Yorkshire and The Humber	21	0.5	16	0.4	4	0.1	-17	-0.5
East Midlands	-19	-0.7	-19	-0.7	0	0.1	20	0.7
West Midlands	-17	-0.5	-32	-1.0	16	0.6	18	0.5
East of England	-18	-0.2	-15	-0.2	-2	0.0	9	0.2
London	11	0.1	5	0.0	5	0.1	-3	-0.1
South East	-31	-0.3	-34	-0.4	3	0.1	17	0.3
South West	15	0.4	-2	-0.1	17	0.6	-14	-0.4
England	-82	-0.2	-107	-0.3	25	0.1	86	0.2
Wales	10	0.5	16	0.8	-6	-0.5	-10	-0.5
Scotland	47	0.9	54	1.1	-7	-0.4	-30	-0.9
Great Britain	-24	-0.1	-37	-0.1	12	0.0	45	0.1
Northern Ireland	-3	-0.2	-6	-0.4	2	0.3	2	0.2
United Kingdom	-28	-0.1	-43	-0.2	15	0.1	47	0.1

Change on year (change since January to March 2012)

	Economically active		Employment		Unemployment		Economically inactive	
	Aged 16+	Aged 16-64	Aged 16+	Aged 16-64	Aged 16+	Aged 16+	Aged 16-64	Aged 16-64
	Level	Rate (%) ²	Level	Rate (%) ²	Level	Rate (%) ³	Level	Rate (%) ²
North East	-18	-1.4	3	-0.2	-21	-1.5	24	1.4
North West	6	0.0	58	1.1	-52	-1.5	0	0.0
Yorkshire and The Humber	73	1.7	64	1.5	8	0.1	-58	-1.7
East Midlands	-38	-1.4	-33	-1.4	-5	-0.1	41	1.4
West Midlands	71	1.8	45	1.0	26	0.7	-64	-1.8
East of England	1	-0.2	0	-0.3	2	0.1	12	0.2
London	172	2.3	212	3.1	-40	-1.3	-116	-2.3
South East	14	0.0	-4	-0.3	18	0.4	1	0.0
South West	35	1.3	43	1.4	-8	-0.4	-42	-1.3
England	316	0.6	389	0.8	-72	-0.4	-201	-0.6
Wales	10	0.7	21	1.4	-12	-0.8	-14	-0.7
Scotland	10	-0.2	30	0.4	-21	-0.8	4	0.2
Great Britain	335	0.6	440	0.8	-105	-0.4	-211	-0.6
Northern Ireland	6	0.1	-6	-0.9	12	1.4	0	-0.1
United Kingdom	342	0.6	434	0.8	-92	-0.4	-212	-0.6

Relationship between columns: 1=3+5

1. Labour Force Survey is tabulated by region of residence.

2. Denominator = all persons aged 16 to 64.

3. Denominator = Total economically active.

4. Quarter on quarter changes at regional level are particularly subject to sampling variability and should be interpreted in the context of changes over several quarters rather than in isolation.

Source: Labour Force Survey

Labour market statistics enquiries: labour.market@ons.gov.uk

REGIONAL AND INTERNATIONAL SUMMARY

18(2) Regional labour market summary

Thousands, seasonally adjusted

	Employer Surveys ¹		Jobcentre Plus administrative system ¹					
	Workforce jobs ² (December 2012)		Claimant count ³ (April 2013)					
	Total		Total		Men		Women	
	Level		Level	Rate (%) ⁴	Level	Rate (%) ⁴	Level	Rate (%) ⁴
North East	1,160		90.2	7.3	60.5	9.1	29.7	5.2
North West	3,442		191.0	5.4	127.6	6.8	63.4	3.8
Yorkshire and The Humber	2,597		160.0	6.0	106.6	7.3	53.4	4.4
East Midlands	2,215		103.2	4.4	66.8	5.3	36.4	3.5
West Midlands	2,687		158.5	5.6	102.2	6.8	56.3	4.3
East of England	2,789		110.2	3.7	70.2	4.3	40.0	2.9
London	5,051		216.8	4.1	129.0	4.5	87.8	3.7
South East	4,541		129.6	2.8	84.0	3.4	45.6	2.1
South West	2,783		82.5	2.9	54.6	3.7	27.9	2.1
England	27,266		1242.0	4.4	801.5	5.3	440.5	3.4
Wales	1,384		77.7	5.3	51.9	6.7	25.8	3.8
Scotland	2,620		136.8	4.9	92.9	6.2	43.9	3.4
Great Britain	31,271		1456.5	4.5	946.3	5.4	510.2	3.4
Northern Ireland	810		64.3	7.1	45.5	9.3	18.8	4.5
United Kingdom	32,102		1520.8	4.5	991.8	5.5	529.0	3.4

Changes on period (period specified below):

	Employer Surveys ¹		Jobcentre Plus administrative system ¹					
	Workforce jobs ² (Change on September 2012)		Claimant count ³ (Change on March 2013)					
	Total		Total		Men		Women	
	Level		Level	Rate (%) ⁴	Level	Rate (%) ⁴	Level	Rate (%) ⁴
North East	2		-0.7	-0.1	-0.5	-0.1	-0.2	0.0
North West	12		-1.1	0.0	-0.8	0.0	-0.3	0.0
Yorkshire and The Humber	14		-0.7	0.0	-0.4	0.0	-0.3	0.0
East Midlands	11		-0.4	0.0	-0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0
West Midlands	15		-0.8	0.0	-0.9	-0.1	0.1	0.0
East of England	-15		-0.7	0.0	-0.5	0.0	-0.2	0.0
London	27		-1.4	0.0	-1.0	0.0	-0.4	0.0
South East	-31		-1.4	0.0	-1.0	0.0	-0.4	0.0
South West	3		-0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	-0.2	0.0
England	38		-7.4	0.0	-5.5	0.0	-1.9	0.0
Wales	-19		0.2	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0
Scotland	-18		0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
Great Britain	1		-7.1	0.0	-5.3	0.0	-1.8	0.0
Northern Ireland	3		-0.2	0.0	-0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0
United Kingdom	4		-7.3	0.0	-5.5	0.0	-1.8	0.0

Labour market statistics enquiries: labour.market@ons.gov.uk

1. Workforce jobs are tabulated by region of workplace. Claimant count is tabulated by region of claimant's residence.
2. HM Forces stationed abroad are included in the UK jobs estimates but not in the regional jobs estimates.
3. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.
4. Denominator = Claimant count + Workforce jobs.

19 International comparisons of employment and unemployment

As published by EUROSTAT: (not seasonally adjusted)				As published by EUROSTAT on 30 April 2013 (seasonally adjusted)						
	Latest period	Employment rate (%) ^{1,2}	Change on year %	Latest Period	Unemployment rate (%) ³	Change on period % ⁴	Change on year %			
European Union (EU)				European Union (EU)						
Austria	YXSN	Oct-Dec 12	72.4	0.1	Austria	ZXDS	Mar 13	4.7	-0.1	0.5
Belgium	YXSO	Oct-Dec 12	61.9	-0.3	Belgium	ZXDI	Mar 13	8.2	0.0	0.9
Bulgaria	A495	Oct-Dec 12	59.4	0.8	Bulgaria	A492	Mar 13	12.6	0.0	0.4
Cyprus	A4AC	Oct-Dec 12	64.2	-2.2	Cyprus	A4AN	Mar 13	14.2	0.3	3.5
Czech Republic	A4AD	Oct-Dec 12	67.0	0.9	Czech Republic	A4AO	Mar 13	7.3	0.1	0.4
Denmark	YXSP	Oct-Dec 12	72.4	-0.5	Denmark	ZXDJ	Mar 13	7.2	-0.2	-0.4
Estonia	A4AE	Oct-Dec 12	67.2	1.4	Estonia	A4AP	Feb 13	9.4	-0.5	-1.2
Finland	YXSQ	Oct-Dec 12	68.5	-0.1	Finland	ZXDU	Mar 13	8.2	0.1	0.6
France	YXSR	Oct-Dec 12	63.8	0.2	France	ZXDN	Mar 13	11.0	0.1	1.0
Germany	YXSS	Oct-Dec 12	73.3	0.0	Germany	ZXDK	Mar 13	5.4	0.0	-0.1
Greece	YXST	Oct-Dec 12	50.2	-3.3	Greece	ZXDL	Jan 13	27.2	1.5	5.7
Hungary	A4AF	Oct-Dec 12	57.8	1.3	Hungary	A4AQ	Feb 13	11.2	0.0	0.1
Ireland	YXSU	Oct-Dec 12	59.3	0.3	Ireland	ZXDO	Mar 13	14.1	0.0	-0.9
Italy	YXSV	Oct-Dec 12	56.5	-0.4	Italy	ZXDP	Mar 13	11.5	0.0	1.1
Latvia	A4AG	Oct-Dec 12	64.2	2.2	Latvia	A4AR	2012 Q4	14.3	-0.2	-1.3
Lithuania	A4AH	Oct-Dec 12	62.4	1.1	Lithuania	A4AS	Mar 13	13.1	-0.1	-0.5
Luxembourg	YXSW	Oct-Dec 12	66.4	2.4	Luxembourg	ZXDQ	Mar 13	5.7	0.2	0.7
Malta	A4AI	Oct-Dec 12	59.5	2.2	Malta	A4AT	Mar 13	6.5	-0.1	0.2
Netherlands	YXSX	Oct-Dec 12	75.0	-0.3	Netherlands	ZXDR	Mar 13	6.4	0.2	1.4
Poland	A4AJ	Oct-Dec 12	60.0	0.1	Poland	A4AU	Mar 13	10.7	0.1	0.7
Portugal	YXSY	Oct-Dec 12	60.5	-2.4	Portugal	ZXDT	Mar 13	17.5	0.0	2.4
Romania	A494	Oct-Dec 12	59.3	1.4	Romania	A48Z	Mar 13	6.7	0.0	-0.6
Slovak Republic	A4AK	Oct-Dec 12	59.4	-0.1	Slovak Republic	A4AV	Mar 13	14.5	-0.1	0.9
Slovenia	A4AL	Oct-Dec 12	64.2	-0.2	Slovenia	A4AW	Mar 13	9.9	0.2	1.8
Spain	YXSZ	Oct-Dec 12	54.6	-2.2	Spain	ZXDM	Mar 13	26.7	0.2	2.6
Sweden	YXTA	Oct-Dec 12	73.5	0.1	Sweden	ZXDV	Mar 13	8.4	0.2	0.9
United Kingdom	ANZ6	Oct-Dec 12	70.8	1.2	United Kingdom ¹	ZXDW	Jan 13	7.8	0.1	-0.4
Total EU⁵	A496	Oct-Dec 12	64.2	-0.1	Total EU⁵	A493	Mar 13	10.9	0.0	0.6
Eurozone ⁵	YXTC	Oct-Dec 12	63.7	-0.5	Eurozone ⁵	ZXDH	Mar 13	12.1	0.1	1.1
As published by national statistical offices				As published by national statistical offices (seasonally adjusted)						
Canada (NSA)	IUUK	Jan-Mar 13	71.2	0.6	Canada	ZXDZ	Apr 13	7.2	0.0	-0.1
Japan (NSA)	YXTF	Jan-Mar 13	70.8	0.9	Japan	ZXDY	Mar 13	4.1	-0.2	-0.4
United Kingdom (SA)	LF24	Jan-Mar 13	71.4	0.8	United Kingdom ⁴	MG SX	Jan-Mar 13	7.8	0.1	-0.4
United States (NSA)	YXTE	Jan-Mar 13	67.3	0.3	United States	ZXD X	Apr 13	7.5	-0.1	-0.6

Sources: Eurostat, national statistical offices.
Labour market statistics enquiries: labour.market@ons.gov.uk

1. The UK employment rate shown in the lower part of the table - as published by the Office for National Statistics - is seasonally adjusted; all other employment rates are unadjusted.

2. All employment rates for EU countries published by EUROSTAT (including the rate for the UK) are based on the population aged 15-64. The rates for Canada and Japan are also based on the population aged 15-64, but the rate for the US is for those aged 16-64. The employment rate for the UK published by the Office for National Statistics is based on the population aged 16-64.

5. The "Total EU" series consist of all 27 EU countries. The Eurozone figures consist of the following EU countries: Austria, Belgium, Cyprus, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Portugal, Slovak Republic, Slovenia and Spain.

6. Change on previous month except "Latvia" and "United Kingdom as published by national statistical office" (change on previous quarter).

3. Unemployment rates published by EUROSTAT for most EU countries (but not for the UK), are calculated by extrapolating from the most recent LFS data using monthly registered unemployment data. A standard population basis (15-74) is used by EUROSTAT except for Spain, Italy and the UK (16-74). The unemployment rate for the US is based on those aged 16 and over, but the rates for Canada and Japan are for those aged 15 and over. All unemployment rates are seasonally adjusted.

4. The unemployment rate for the UK published by EUROSTAT is based on the population aged 16-74 but the unemployment rate for the UK published by the Office for National Statistics is based on those aged 16 and over. There are other minor definitional differences.

20 Labour disputes

United Kingdom, not seasonally adjusted

	Working days lost (thousands) ^{1,2}	Working days lost in the Public Sector (thousands) ^{1,2}	Working days lost in the Private Sector (thousands) ^{1,2}	Number of stoppages ^{3,4}		Workers involved (thousands) ^{1,3}	
				Public Sector ⁴	Private Sector ⁴		
	1	2	3	4	5	7	
	BBFW	F8XZ	F8Y2	BLUU	F8Y3	F8Y4	BLUT
2011 Mar	49	16	34	12	7	5	38
2012 Mar	29	24	5	11	6	5	29
Apr	6	5	1	11	7	4	3
May	112	106	6	20	11	9	127
Jun	35	22	12	19	8	11	40
Jul	7	6	1	17	11	6	3
Aug	10	9	1	16	8	8	8
Sep	8	4	4	14	6	8	6
Oct	3	1	3	18	7	11	3
Nov	9	6	3	18	7	11	8
Dec	4	1	3	16	7	9	3
2013 Jan	5	1	4	8	4	4	1
Feb	3 (r)	2	0	9	6	3	2
Mar (p)	87	87	0	11	7	4	100
Cumulative totals 12 months to:							
Mar 12	1,383	1,294	90	135	80	55	1,530
Mar 13 (p)	289	250	39	128	64	64	291

Relationship between columns 1=2+3; 4=5+6

Source: ONS Labour Disputes Inquiry
Labour disputes enquiries 01633 456724

1. Estimates of working days lost and workers involved are shown to the nearest thousand. Unrounded estimates of less than 500 therefore round to zero.

2. Due to rounding the working days lost for the public and private sectors may not add up to the total working days lost.

3. The latest 12 month cumulative totals for the figures in these columns will not necessarily equal the sum of the 12 months as some disputes continue for over one month. These disputes appear in each month's data, but only once in the total.

4. These series exclude disputes which do not result in a stoppage of work, those involving fewer than ten workers or lasting less than one day unless the total number of working days lost in the dispute is 100 or more.

VACANCIES

21 Vacancies¹ by size of business

United Kingdom (thousands), seasonally adjusted

	All Vacancies	Number of employees				
		1-9	10-49	50-249	250-2499	2500+
		AP2Y	ALY5	ALY6	ALY7	ALY8
Levels						
Feb-Apr 2011	468	69	62	56	92	189
Feb-Apr 2012	(r) 463	67	62	60	87	187
Mar-May 2012	469	68	61	61	89	190
Apr-Jun 2012	474	67	62	63	90	192
May-Jul 2012	478	69	61	63	92	194
Jun-Aug 2012	480	70	61	65	89	194
Jul-Sep 2012	482	74	59	64	89	196
Aug-Oct 2012	485	75	58	64	88	200
Sep-Nov 2012	490	74	61	62	88	204
Oct-Dec 2012	495	75	64	63	87	205
Nov-Jan 2013	(r) 492	77	61	63	88	203
Dec-Feb 2013	(r) 496	78	59	65	90	204
Jan-Mar 2013	(r) 499	75	58	68	91	208
Feb-Apr 2013	(p) 503	76	59	66	91	211
Change on quarter	*	11	-1	-2	3	9
Change %	*	2.3	-1.7	-2.6	3.9	4.3
Change on year		40	9	-2	6	24
Change %		8.7	12.8	-3.9	10.6	12.8

1. Excludes Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing.

Source: ONS Vacancy Survey
Labour market statistics enquiries: labour.market@ons.gov.uk

* Change on previous non-overlapping three month rolling average time period.

21(1) Vacancies¹ and Unemployment

United Kingdom (thousands), seasonally adjusted

	All Vacancies ¹	Unemployment ²	Number of unemployed people per vacancy
	AP2Y	MGSC	JPC5
Levels			
Jan-Mar 2011	475	2,460	5.2
Jan-Mar 2012	461	2,610	5.7
Apr-Jun 2012	474	2,564	5.4
Jul-Sep 2012	482	2,514	5.2
Oct-Dec 2012	495	2,503	5.1
Jan-Mar 2013	499 (r)	2,518	5.0
Change on quarter	5	15	0.0
Change %	0.9	0.6	
Change on year	38	-92	-0.6
Change %	8.3	-3.5	

Source: ONS Vacancy Survey/ Labour Force Survey

Labour market statistics enquiries: labour.market@ons.gov.uk

1. Excludes Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing.

2. Unemployment estimates are produced from the Labour Force Survey (LFS) and are always one period behind the ONS Vacancy Survey estimates. This table therefore shows estimates for the same periods as shown in table 1 (which shows LFS estimates).

VACANCIES

22 Vacancies by industry

Standard Industrial Classification (2007)

United Kingdom (thousands), seasonally adjusted

SIC 2007 sections	All vacancies ¹	Mining & quarrying	Manufacturing	Electricity, gas, steam & air conditioning supply ²	Water supply, sewerage, waste & remediation activities ²	Construction	Wholesale & retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motor cycles	Transport & storage	Accommodation & food service activities	Information & communication
	B-S	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J
Levels (thousands)	AP2Y	JP9H	JP9I	JP9J	JP9K	JP9L	JP9M	JP9N	JP9O	JP9P
Feb-Apr 2011	468	2	40	3	2	12	91	20	45	33
Feb-Apr 2012	463	2	40	3	1	13	90	20	44	33
Mar-May 2012	469	2	38	3	2	14	90	20	44	33
Apr-Jun 2012	474	2	38	3	2	14	93	20	45	32
May-Jul 2012	478	2	37	4	2	14	96	20	46	30
Jun-Aug 2012	480	2	37	3	2	12	98	20	46	29
Jul-Sep 2012	482	2	36	3	2	13	98	20	49	27
Aug-Oct 2012	485	2	38	3	2	14	98	20	51	26
Sep-Nov 2012	490	2	37	3	2	14	99	19	53	27
Oct-Dec 2012	495	2	36	3	2	13	96	19	52	28
Nov-Jan 2013 (r)	492	2	36	3	2	13	97	17	49	28
Dec-Feb 2013 (r)	496	2	36	3	2	13	94	19	46	28
Jan-Mar 2013 (r)	499	2	36	3	2	12	98	19	45	29
Feb-Apr 2013 (p)	503	2	36	3	2	12	100	20	47	30
Change on quarter *	11	0	0	0	0	-1	3	3	-3	2
Change % *	2.3	-4.2	-0.3	9.7	-11.8	-8.5	3.2	17.2	-5.1	6.8
Change on year	40	0	-4	0	0	-1	10	0	3	-3
Change %	8.7	21.1	-10.4	9.7	15.4	-10.6	10.8	-0.5	7.1	-7.7
Vacancies per 100 employee jobs	AP2Z	JPA2	JPA3	JPA4	JPA5	JPA6	JPA7	JPA8	JPA9	JPB2
Feb-Apr 2011	1.7	2.6	1.7	2.4	1.0	0.9	2.1	1.6	2.4	3.1
Feb-Apr 2012 (r)	1.7	3.2	1.6	2.8	0.7	1.1	2.0	1.5	2.2	2.9
Mar-May 2012	1.7	3.2	1.6	3.0	0.8	1.2	2.0	1.5	2.3	3.0
Apr-Jun 2012	1.7	3.4	1.5	3.0	0.9	1.2	2.1	1.5	2.3	2.9
May-Jul 2012	1.7	3.4	1.5	3.2	1.0	1.1	2.1	1.5	2.3	2.7
Jun-Aug 2012	1.7	3.5	1.5	3.1	0.8	1.0	2.2	1.6	2.4	2.6
Jul-Sep 2012	1.8	3.4	1.5	3.0	1.0	1.1	2.2	1.5	2.5	2.5
Aug-Oct 2012	1.8	3.4	1.6	2.9	1.1	1.2	2.2	1.5	2.6	2.4
Sep-Nov 2012	1.8	3.9	1.5	3.0	1.1	1.2	2.2	1.5	2.7	2.4
Oct-Dec 2012	1.8	4.0	1.5	2.9	1.0	1.1	2.1	1.5	2.7	2.5
Nov-Jan 2013	1.8	4.0	1.5	2.8	0.9	1.1	2.1	1.3	2.5	2.5
Dec-Feb 2013 (r)	1.8	3.9	1.5	2.7	0.8	1.1	2.1	1.5	2.4	2.6
Jan-Mar 2013 (r)	1.8	3.7	1.5	2.9	0.8	1.0	2.2	1.5	2.3	2.7
Feb-Apr 2013 (p)	1.8	3.9	1.5	3.1	0.8	1.0	2.2	1.5	2.4	2.7
Change on quarter *	0.0	-0.2	0.0	0.3	-0.1	-0.1	0.1	0.2	-0.1	0.2
Change on year	0.1	0.7	-0.2	0.3	0.1	-0.1	0.2	0.0	0.2	-0.2

SIC 2007 sections	Financial & insurance activities	Real estate activities ²	Professional scientific & technical activities	Administrative & support service activities	Public admin & defence; compulsory social security	Education	Human health & social work activities ²	Arts, entertainment & recreation ²	Other service activities	Total services
	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	G-S
Levels (thousands)	JP9Q	JP9R	JP9S	JP9T	JP9U	JP9V	JP9W	JP9X	JP9Y	JP9Z
Feb-Apr 2011	29	4	44	31	14	27	52	11	9	410
Feb-Apr 2012	21	5	43	31	8	32	56	11	11	404
Mar-May 2012	21	7	44	31	8	34	58	12	8	410
Apr-Jun 2012	22	8	43	32	8	34	58	12	10	415
May-Jul 2012	22	8	43	32	8	37	59	11	11	421
Jun-Aug 2012	23	7	44	32	7	36	59	10	12	424
Jul-Sep 2012	23	7	45	31	7	36	61	10	12	425
Aug-Oct 2012	23	7	45	31	7	36	61	11	12	426
Sep-Nov 2012	24	7	44	30	8	37	63	12	12	431
Oct-Dec 2012	27	6	44	33	8	37	64	12	12	438
Nov-Jan 2013 (r)	27	6	42	34	8	37	67	11	14	436
Dec-Feb 2013 (r)	26	6	43	37	8	38	69	12	14	440
Jan-Mar 2013 (r)	26	7	43	35	8	39	69	13	12	445
Feb-Apr 2013 (p)	26	7	44	36	8	38	67	15	12	449
Change on quarter *	-1	0	2	5	0	1	-1	4	-2	12
Change % *	-2.6	6.6	4.3	5.8	0.0	3.8	-0.9	38.7	-11.8	2.8
Change on year	5	1	1	5	1	6	11	4	1	45
Change %	22.0	20.4	2.6	17.5	12.0	17.0	19.7	32.4	13.2	11.1
Vacancies per 100 employee jobs	JPB3	JPB4	JPB5	JPB6	JPB7	JPB8	JPB9	JPC2	JPC3	JPC4
Feb-Apr 2011	2.7	1.1	2.2	1.4	1.0	1.1	1.4	1.6	1.7	1.8
Feb-Apr 2012 (r)	2.0	1.3	2.1	1.4	0.5	1.3	1.5	1.7	1.9	1.7
Mar-May 2012	2.0	1.7	2.2	1.4	0.6	1.3	1.5	1.8	1.5	1.7
Apr-Jun 2012	2.0	1.8	2.1	1.4	0.5	1.3	1.6	1.8	1.8	1.8
May-Jul 2012	2.0	1.8	2.1	1.4	0.5	1.4	1.6	1.6	2.0	1.8
Jun-Aug 2012	2.1	1.6	2.2	1.4	0.5	1.4	1.6	1.5	2.1	1.8
Jul-Sep 2012	2.1	1.7	2.2	1.4	0.5	1.4	1.6	1.5	2.1	1.8
Aug-Oct 2012	2.1	1.7	2.2	1.4	0.5	1.4	1.6	1.7	2.1	1.8
Sep-Nov 2012	2.2	1.6	2.1	1.3	0.6	1.4	1.7	1.8	2.1	1.8
Oct-Dec 2012	2.5	1.4	2.2	1.5	0.6	1.5	1.7	1.9	2.2	1.9
Nov-Jan 2013	2.5	1.4	2.1	1.5	0.6	1.4	1.8	1.6	2.4	1.9
Dec-Feb 2013 (r)	2.5	1.3	2.1	1.6	0.6	1.5	1.8	1.8	2.5	1.9
Jan-Mar 2013 (r)	2.4	1.7	2.1	1.6	0.6	1.5	1.8	2.0	2.2	1.9
Feb-Apr 2013 (p)	2.4	1.5	2.2	1.6	0.6	1.5	1.8	2.2	2.1	1.9
Change on quarter *	-0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.6	-0.3	0.1
Change on year	0.4	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.5	0.3	0.2

1. Excludes Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing.

Source: ONS Vacancy Survey

2. Not seasonally adjusted. These series do not display seasonality. Therefore the unadjusted series is the best estimate of a 'seasonally adjusted' series.

* Change on previous non-overlapping three month rolling average time period.

Labour market statistics enquiries: labour.market@ons.gov.uk

REDUNDANCIES

23 Redundancies levels and rates¹

United Kingdom, (seasonally adjusted)

	People (aged 16 and over)		Men (aged 16 and over)		Women (aged 16 and over)	
	Level (000s) ²	Rate ¹	Level (000s) ²	Rate ¹	Level (000s) ²	Rate ¹
	BEAO	BEIR	BEIU	BEIX	BEJA	BEJD
Jan-Mar 2011	123	4.9	79	6.2	44	3.6
Jan-Mar 2012	172	6.9	108	8.6	63	5.2
Apr-Jun 2012	150	6.0	86	6.8	64	5.3
Jul-Sep 2012	128	5.1	77	6.0	52	4.2
Oct-Dec 2012	145	5.8	95	7.4	50	4.1
Jan-Mar 2013	140	5.5	91	7.0	49	4.0
<i>Change on quarter</i>	-5	-0.3	-4	-0.4	-1	-0.1
<i>Change %</i>	-3.8		-4.6		-2.2	
<i>Change on year</i>	-32	-1.4	-18	-1.5	-14	-1.2
<i>Change %</i>	-18.5		-16.4		-22.0	

Source: Labour Force Survey

Labour market statistics enquiries: labour.market@ons.gov.uk

1. The redundancy rate is the ratio of the redundancy level for the given quarter to the seasonally adjusted number of employees in the previous quarter, multiplied by 1,000.
2. The redundancies levels as derived directly from the Labour Force Survey do not currently display seasonality. For this reason series BEAO is currently identical to the not seasonally adjusted series BEYV shown at Table 24.

24 Redundancies by industry¹

United Kingdom (thousands of people aged 16 and over), not seasonally adjusted

SIC 2007 sections	Total redundancies ²	Manufacturing		Construction		Wholesale & retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motor cycles	Transport & storage, accommodation & food service activities, information & communication	Financial & insurance and real estate activities	Prof. scientific & technical activities, admin & support service activities	Public Administration etc., education, human health and social work activities ³	Total services ⁴
		C	F	G	H,I,J						
People	BEYV	JWV6	JWV7	JWV8	JWV9	JWW2	JWW3	JWW4	JWW5		
Jan-Mar 2011	123	13	17	24	18	*	21	16	91		
Jan-Mar 2012	172	29	22	30	29	10	20	20	114		
Apr-Jun 2012	150	23	18	29	19	18	13	24	106		
Jul-Sep 2012	128	17	12	15	26	10	22	21	98		
Oct-Dec 2012	145	28	22	14	30	*	18	15	90		
Jan-Mar 2013	140	18	17	28	27	*	20	17	103		
<i>Change on year</i>	-32	-10	-6	-2	-2	*	0	-3	-11		
<i>Change %</i>	-18.5	-36.5	-25.3	-7.5	-5.9	*	0.9	-17.0	-9.7		

Source: Labour Force Survey

Labour market statistics enquiries: labour.market@ons.gov.uk

1. The estimates in this table are for calendar quarters only whereas the estimates at Table 23 are for rolling three-monthly time periods.
2. The total series includes those people who did not state their industry. The series also includes SIC 2007 categories A (Agriculture, forestry and fishing), B (Mining and quarrying), D (Electricity, gas, etc.) and E (Water supply, sewerage, etc.). These sectors are not shown separately in this table as the sample size is too small to provide reliable estimates. See footnote 2 at Table 23.
3. Includes both public and private sectors.
4. Other Services are not shown separately in this table as the sample size is too small to provide reliable estimates.