

Yorkshire and the Humber



Initial proposals

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Initial proposals summary

Who we are and what we do

The Boundary Commission for England is an independent and impartial non-departmental public body which is responsible for reviewing Parliamentary constituency boundaries in England.

2013 Review

We have the task of periodically reviewing the boundaries of all the Parliamentary constituencies in England. We are currently conducting a review on the basis of new rules laid down by Parliament. These rules involve a significant reduction in the number of constituencies in England (from 533 to 502), and require that every constituency – apart from two specified exceptions – must have an electorate that is no smaller than 72,810 and no larger than 80,473 (please refer to *A guide to the 2013 Review* for details of how this has been calculated).

Initial proposals

We have now completed the first stage of the review process and have published our initial proposals for the new Parliamentary constituency boundaries in England. Information about the proposed constituencies is now available on our website or in hard copy at a local ‘place of deposit’ near you.

What is changing in Yorkshire and the Humber?

The Yorkshire and the Humber region has been allocated 50 constituencies – a reduction of four from the current arrangement.

Our proposals leave five of the 54 existing constituencies unchanged.

As it has not always been possible to allocate whole numbers of constituencies to individual counties, we have grouped some local authority areas into sub-regions. The number

of constituencies allocated to each sub-region is determined by the electorate of the combined local authorities.

Sub-region	Existing allocation	Proposed allocation
Humberside	10	9
South Yorkshire	14	13
North Yorkshire and West Yorkshire	30	28

Consequently, it has been necessary to propose some constituencies that cross county or unitary authority boundaries.

Of the existing constituencies we propose to retain unchanged, one is in the County of North Yorkshire and four are in South Yorkshire. However, substantial change is required throughout the region in order to comply with the new rules.

We have proposed three constituencies that contain electors from both North Yorkshire and West Yorkshire. Of these, one constituency contains wards from the Borough of Harrogate and wards from the City of Leeds, and two constituencies contain wards from the District of Selby and wards from the City of Wakefield.

We have also proposed two constituencies that contain electors from both North Yorkshire and the City of York.

How to have your say

We are consulting on our initial proposals for a 12-week period, from 13 September 2011 to 5 December 2011. We encourage everyone to use this opportunity to contribute to the design of the new constituencies – the more public views we hear, the more informed our decisions will be when analysing all the views we receive.

We ask everyone wishing to contribute to the design of the new constituencies to first read the *Initial proposals* report and accompanying maps before responding to us.

In particular, we would like to know:

- if you agree in full, in part or not at all with our initial proposals for the Yorkshire and the Humber region;
- which sub-regions you agree with and why;
- which sub-regions you disagree with and why; and
- if you can propose alternatives for areas you disagree with that meet the statutory rules we set out in our report.

You can find more details of how to respond on our website, or you can write to us direct or email yorkshumber@bcommengland.x.gsi.gov.uk. You can also find details of where and when we will be holding public hearings in your area on our website.

1. What is the Boundary Commission for England?

1. The Boundary Commission for England (BCE) is an independent and impartial non-departmental public body, which is required by Parliament to review Parliamentary constituency boundaries in England. We conduct a review of all the constituencies in England every five years. Our role is to make recommendations to Parliament for new constituency boundaries.

2. The Chair of the Commission is the Speaker of the House of Commons, but by convention he or she does not participate in the formulation of the Commission's recommendations, nor in the conduct of the review. The Deputy Chair, Mr Justice Sales, and two further Commissioners take decisions on recommendations for new constituency boundaries. Further information about the Commissioners can be found in the 'About us' section of our website.¹

3. Our website also contains all the information needed to view and comment on our initial proposals. You can also contact us with any general enquiries by emailing information@bcommengland.x.gsi.gov.uk, by calling 020 7276 1102, or by writing to:

The Secretary to the Commission
Boundary Commission for England
35 Great Smith Street
London
SW1P 3BQ

¹ At www.consultation.boundarycommissionforengland.independent.gov.uk/about-us/

2. Background to the 2013 Review

4. In February 2011, the UK Parliament passed legislation² stating that all four Boundary Commissions covering the UK (there are separate Commissions for Scotland, Wales, and Northern Ireland) must conduct a review of Parliamentary constituency boundaries, and make recommendations to the Government, by October 2013. The four Commissions work separately, and this report covers only the work of the BCE and, in particular, introduces our initial proposals for the Yorkshire and the Humber region.

5. Parliamentary constituency boundaries are important, as they define the area that a Member of Parliament will represent once elected to Parliament. The next General Election is expected to be in 2015 (as, at the time of writing and subject to legislation, the Government intends to introduce ‘fixed-term’ Parliaments – i.e. that last for five years). Therefore any recommendations we make, if accepted, are likely to be used for the first time at the General Election in 2015.

6. The legislation we work to states that there will be 600 Parliamentary constituencies covering the UK – a reduction of 50 from the current number. For England, that means that the number of constituencies must reduce from 533 to 502. There are also new rules that the Commission has to adhere to when conducting the Review – a full set of rules can be found in the BCE’s *A guide to the 2013 Review*,³ published in the summer of 2011, but they are also summarised later in this chapter. Most significantly, the rules state that every constituency we recommend (with the exception of two covering the Isle of Wight) must contain between 72,810 and 80,473 electors.

7. This is a significant change to the old rules under which Parliamentary boundary reviews took place, where achieving as close as possible to the average number of electors in each constituency was an aim but not an overriding legal necessity. For example, in England, constituencies currently range in electorate size from 55,077 to 110,924. Achieving a more even distribution of electors in every constituency across England, together with the reduction in the total number of constituencies, means that a significant amount of change to the existing map of constituencies is inevitable.

8. *A guide to the 2013 Review* contains further detailed background, and explains all the policies and procedures that we are following in conducting the Review, in greater depth than in this consultation document. We encourage anyone wishing to be involved in the Review to read this document to enable greater understanding of the rules and constraints placed on the Commission, especially if they are intending to comment on our initial proposals.

The rules in the legislation

9. The rules contained in the legislation state that every constituency in England (except two covering the Isle of Wight) must have an electorate of between 72,810 and 80,473 – that is 5% either side of the **electoral quota of 76,641**. The legislation also states that when deciding on boundaries, the Commission may also take into account:

- a. special geographical considerations, including the size, shape and accessibility of a constituency;

² The Parliamentary Voting System and Constituencies Act 2011, available at www.legislation.gov.uk

³ Available at www.consultation.boundarycommissionforengland.independent.gov.uk/publications and at all places of deposit

- b. local government boundaries as they existed on 6 May 2010;
- c. boundaries of existing constituencies; and
- d. any local ties that would be broken by changes in constituencies.

10. It is essential to understand that none of the factors mentioned in the list above overrides the necessity to achieve an electorate in each constituency that is within the range allowed, as explained previously. In particular, it should be noted that we are obliged to take into account local government boundaries as they existed in May 2010. Our initial proposals for the region and the accompanying maps are based on the wards as they existed in May 2010. *A guide to the 2013 Review* outlines further our policy on how, and to what extent, we take into account local government boundaries. We propose to use the local government districts and wards as at May 2010 as the basic building blocks for construction of constituencies.

11. We have also taken into account the boundaries of existing constituencies so far as we can. We have tried to retain existing constituencies as part of our initial proposals where possible, so long as the other factors can also be satisfied. As mentioned earlier in this chapter, because of the scale of change required to fulfil the obligations imposed on us by the new rules, this has proved difficult. Our initial proposals retain 9% of the existing constituencies in the Yorkshire and the Humber region – the remainder are new constituencies (although in a number of cases we have been able to limit the changes to existing constituencies, making only minor changes as necessary to enable us to comply with the new rules).

The use of the regions used for European elections

12. Our proposals are based on the nine regions used for European elections. This report relates to the Yorkshire and the Humber region. There are eight other separate reports containing our initial proposals for the other regions. In early 2011, following a consultation exercise on the issues, we decided to use these regions as a basis for working out our initial proposals. You can find more details in *A guide to the 2013 Review* and on our website. While this approach does not prevent anyone from making proposals to us that cross regional boundaries (for example, between the Yorkshire and the Humber region and the East Midlands region), in light of the reasons we have set out for the region-based approach and the level of support for this approach expressed in response to our consultation, we would need to have compelling reasons provided to us in order to persuade us to depart from the region-based approach.

Timetable for the 2013 Review

Stage one – initial proposals

13. In March 2011 we published breakdowns of the electorate for each ward, local authority area and existing constituency, which were prepared using electorate data provided by local authorities and the Office for National Statistics. These breakdowns are available on our website.⁴ The Commission spent a number of months considering the factors outlined above and drawing up our initial proposals. We published our initial proposals for consultation for each of England's nine regions on 13 September 2011.

⁴ At www.consultation.boundarycommissionforengland.independent.gov.uk

Stage two – consultation on initial proposals

14. We are consulting on our initial proposals for 12 weeks, until 5 December 2011. Chapter 4 outlines how you can contribute during the consultation period. We are also hosting four public hearings in Yorkshire and the Humber, at which people can give their views (see chapter 4). Once the consultation has closed, the Commission will collate all the responses received, including transcripts of the public hearings.

Stage three – consultation on representations received

15. The legislation requires us to publish all the representations we receive on our initial proposals. This publication will mark the start of a four-week period, likely to be in spring 2012, during which anyone can make further written representations with respect to the representations we have received and published. Once we have all the representations from both consultation periods, the Commission will analyse those representations and decide whether changes should be made to the initial proposals.

Stage four – publication of revised proposals

16. If we decide that the evidence presented to us is such that it is appropriate to change our initial proposals, then we must (under the legislation) publish our revised proposals for the areas concerned, and consult on them for a further period of eight weeks. This is likely to be towards the end of 2012. During that consultation period, there is no provision for further public hearings, nor is there a repeat of the four-week period for commenting on the representations of others.

Stage five – final recommendations

17. Finally, following the consultation on revised proposals, we will consider all the evidence received at this stage, and

throughout the Review, before making final recommendations to the Government. The legislation states we must do this by 1 October 2013. Further details about what the Government and Parliament must do to implement our recommendations are contained in *A guide to the 2013 Review*.

18. At the launch of each stage of consultation we will be taking all reasonable steps to publicise our proposals so that as many people as possible are aware of the consultation, and can take the opportunity to contribute to our review of constituencies.

3. Initial proposals for the Yorkshire and the Humber region

19. The Yorkshire and the Humber region comprises the counties of North Yorkshire, South Yorkshire, and West Yorkshire (which are covered by a mix of district, county, and metropolitan councils, and unitary authorities) and the four unitary authorities created from the former County of Humberside.

20. The region currently has 54 constituencies. Of these constituencies, only 20 have electorates within 5% of the electoral quota. The electorates of 31 constituencies fall below the lower 5% limit, while the electorates of three fall above the upper limit. As discussed in chapter 2, following our consultation on using the regions as the basis for our initial proposals, we have taken an initial decision that the Yorkshire and the Humber region is to be allocated 50 constituencies – a reduction of four on the current number.

21. In seeking to produce an initial proposal for the region in which 50 whole constituencies, each with an electorate within 5% of the electoral quota, could be proposed, we first considered whether, and how, the local authority areas could usefully be grouped into sub-regions. We were mindful of seeking to respect, where we could, the external boundaries of local authorities. Our approach in attempting to group local authority areas together in sub-regions was based both on trying to respect county boundaries, wherever possible, and achieving, where we could, obvious practical groupings, such as those dictated in some part by the geography of the area.

22. Our division of the Yorkshire and the Humber region into sub-regions is a purely practical approach. Respondents to our consultation are welcome to make counter-proposals based on other groupings of counties and unitary authorities, if the statutory factors can be better reflected in those counter-proposals.

23. In the Yorkshire and the Humber region, we noted that by grouping the four unitary authorities (East Riding of Yorkshire, Kingston upon Hull, North East Lincolnshire, and North Lincolnshire) that were formed from the former County of Humberside, we could create nine constituencies with electorates within 5% of the electoral quota. Our initial proposals for this sub-region are therefore for nine constituencies, which is one fewer than at present.

24. In South Yorkshire, we noted that we could create 13 constituencies with electorates within 5% of the electoral quota. Our initial proposals for this sub-region are therefore for 13 constituencies, which is one fewer than at present.

25. We noted that North Yorkshire (including the City of York) did not need to be grouped with a neighbouring county. With an electorate of 608,713, it could be allocated eight constituencies, all of which could remain unchanged. However, the electoral size and shape of wards in West Yorkshire, particularly in the cities of Leeds and Wakefield, made it very difficult to create constituencies that had an electorate within 5% of the electoral quota and that did not divide wards between constituencies.

26. Therefore, we propose to group North Yorkshire with West Yorkshire and allocate this sub-region 28 constituencies, two fewer than at present. This allows us to consider whether the inclusion of wards from North Yorkshire that are adjacent to Leeds or Wakefield would enable us to more easily propose constituencies that do not contain any divided wards.

Initial proposals for the Humberside sub-region

27. There are currently ten constituencies in this sub-region, only two of which (Beverley

and Holderness, and East Yorkshire) have an electorate within 5% of the electoral quota. Of the remaining constituencies, all eight have electorates that are below the 5% limit. We propose to reduce the number of constituencies to nine.

28. We considered whether we could leave unchanged either of the two existing constituencies that had an electorate within 5% of the electoral quota. However, in order to develop proposals in which all the proposed electorates are within the 5% limit, and taking account of the reduction in the number of constituencies in this sub-region, we propose to alter all of the constituencies.

29. In this sub-region, our options were limited by the size and shape of the wards, particularly in the District of East Riding of Yorkshire, all of which are relatively large geographically. We noted that the existing Beverley and Holderness, and East Yorkshire constituencies both had an electorate within 5% of the electoral quota, but that the electorates of both constituencies (79,775 and 80,435) were very close to the upper 5% limit (80,473). We considered whether we could retain both constituencies, but concluded that, if the other seven constituencies were all to have an electorate within 5% of the electoral quota, to do so would not be possible without dividing wards.

30. We propose a new Bridlington constituency, running the length of the District of East Riding of Yorkshire along the North Sea coast. It contains seven wards of the District of East Riding of Yorkshire, including the town of Bridlington and three (Mid Holderness, North Holderness, and South East Holderness) from the existing Beverley and Holderness constituency. Our proposed Beverley constituency contains six wards of the District of East Riding of Yorkshire, including the town of Beverley and three

(Driffield and Rural, Pocklington Provincial, and Wolds Weighton) from the existing East Yorkshire constituency.

31. In order to increase the small electorates of all three constituencies in the City of Kingston upon Hull it has been necessary to make changes to the existing constituencies. However, we have been able to propose minimal change, with only one City ward, Derringham, moving between the three constituencies. We also propose that our Kingston upon Hull East constituency should include the South West Holderness ward of the District of East Riding of Yorkshire, from the existing Beverley and Holderness constituency. The electorate of the existing Kingston upon Hull North constituency is increased by including the Derringham ward of the City of Kingston upon Hull, from the existing Kingston upon Hull West and Hessle constituency.

32. We also propose to extend the existing Kingston upon Hull West and Hessle constituency by including three wards of the District of East Riding of Yorkshire (South Hunsley, Tranby, and Willerby and Kirk Ella) from the existing Haltemprice and Howden constituency. These have direct communication links into our proposed Kingston upon Hull West and Hessle constituency.

33. The electorate of the existing Haltemprice and Howden constituency is increased by including two wards of the District of East Riding of Yorkshire (Goole North and Goole South) and the Axholme North ward of the Borough of North Lincolnshire, from the existing Brigg and Goole constituency. Although this would divide the Isle of Axholme between constituencies, we consider that there are sufficient links between the Axholme North ward and the town of Goole, and that we are not dividing any major conurbations between constituencies. We also

propose that the constituency be renamed Goole and Cottingham.

34. We propose an extended Scunthorpe constituency that contains 11 wards of the Borough of North Lincolnshire, including three (Axholme Central, Axholme South, and Burringham and Gunness) from the existing Brigg and Goole constituency. We also propose a Grimsby constituency that contains ten wards of the Borough of North East Lincolnshire, including two (Croft Baker and Sidney Sussex) from the existing Cleethorpes constituency. These two wards link directly with the Grimsby wards, along the north-east coast of the constituency.

35. The remaining five wards of the Borough of North East Lincolnshire and the remaining five wards of the Borough of North Lincolnshire form a constituency named Brigg and Humberston. This constituency contains seven wards from the existing Cleethorpes constituency and three wards from the existing Brigg and Goole constituency.

Initial proposals for the South Yorkshire sub-region

36. There are currently 14 constituencies in this sub-region, only four of which (Doncaster Central, Doncaster North, Don Valley, and Rother Valley) have an electorate within 5% of the electoral quota. Of the remaining constituencies, all ten have electorates that are below the 5% limit. We propose to reduce the number of constituencies to 13.

37. We considered whether we could leave unchanged any of the four existing constituencies that had an electorate within 5% of the electoral quota and we are able to do so in our initial proposals.

38. In this sub-region, our options were limited by the number of electors in each of the wards in the City of Sheffield, which

ranges from 12,134 to 17,646. We noted that, if we were to avoid dividing wards between constituencies, it would be challenging to create constituencies that were either based on the existing constituencies or wholly within the City of Sheffield. Given the electoral sizes of the wards, it was inevitable that some constituencies would have to be proposed that contain part of the City of Sheffield and part of an adjacent borough (either Barnsley or Rotherham). In Doncaster, we propose no change to any of the three existing constituencies.

39. In the Borough of Barnsley, we propose a Barnsley North constituency, based on much of the existing Barnsley Central constituency. It contains nine wards, including two (Cudworth and North East) from the existing Barnsley East constituency and one (Dodworth) from the existing Barnsley West and Penistone constituency. In the south of the borough, we propose a Barnsley South constituency, largely based on the existing Barnsley East constituency. It also contains nine wards, including one (Kingstone) from the existing Barnsley Central constituency and two (Dearne North and Dearne South) from the existing Wentworth and Dearne constituency.

40. We propose a Barnsley West and Ecclesfield constituency that crosses the boundary between the Borough of Barnsley and the City of Sheffield. Two wards of the Borough of Barnsley (Darton West and Penistone East) are included in this constituency, together with four wards of the City of Sheffield (East Ecclesfield, Firth Park, Southey, and West Ecclesfield). We note that there are good communication links along the A61 road that connects the urban Sheffield wards with the more rural Barnsley wards in the north of the constituency. We also propose that one ward of the Borough of Barnsley (Penistone West) is included in another

cross-boundary constituency called Sheffield West and Penistone, together with five wards of the City of Sheffield (Crookes, Ecclesall, Fulwood, Stannington, and Stocksbridge and Upper Don). Four of these are in the existing Sheffield, Hallam constituency.

41. In the Borough of Rotherham, we propose no change to the existing Rother Valley constituency. In the north of the borough, we propose a new Rawmarsh constituency, largely based on the existing Wentworth and Dearne constituency, which contains eight wards, including two (Valley and Wingfield) from the existing Rotherham constituency.

42. We propose that the five remaining wards of the Borough of Rotherham form a Rotherham and Sheffield East constituency, together with two wards of the City of Sheffield (Darnall, and Shiregreen and Brightside).

43. As a consequence of our changes elsewhere, the remaining 17 wards of the City of Sheffield are divided between three constituencies. The Sheffield Central constituency contains five wards; the Sheffield South East and Sheffield South West constituencies each contain six wards.

Initial proposals for the North Yorkshire and West Yorkshire sub-region

44. There are currently 30 constituencies in this sub-region, of which 14 (Batley and Spen, Calder Valley, Dewsbury, Elmet and Rothwell, Harrogate and Knaresborough, Hemsworth, Morley and Outwood, Richmond (Yorks), Scarborough and Whitby, Selby and Ainsty, Skipton and Ripon, Thirsk and Malton, York Central, and York Outer) have an electorate within 5% of the electoral quota. Of the remaining constituencies, 13 have electorates that are below the 5% limit, and three are above. We propose to reduce the number of constituencies to 28.

45. We considered whether we could leave unchanged any of the 14 existing constituencies that had an electorate within 5% of the electoral quota. However, in developing proposals in which all the constituency electorates were within the 5% limit, and taking account of the reduction in the number of constituencies in this sub-region, we propose to change all these constituencies, except Scarborough and Whitby.

46. Our options in Leeds were limited by the number of electors in each ward, which ranges from 14,500 to 19,030. We found that it would not be easy to create constituencies that were wholly within the City of Leeds without dividing wards between constituencies, and that it was inevitable that constituencies would be proposed that contained part of the City of Leeds and part of an adjacent authority (Bradford, Harrogate, Kirklees, Selby, or Wakefield). This meant that any proposed constituency that contained a part of West Yorkshire and a part of North Yorkshire would result in widespread changes to the constituencies in North Yorkshire. We also noted that it would be necessary to cross a number of borough boundaries in West Yorkshire in order to propose constituencies with electorates within 5% of the electoral quota.

47. In North Yorkshire, we propose no change to the existing Scarborough and Whitby constituency. We propose a new Malton constituency that extends to the county boundary in the north. It contains the whole of the District of Ryedale, nine wards of the District of Hambleton, two wards of the Borough of Scarborough and one ward of the City of York (Strensall). In the north of the county, we propose a Richmond and Thirsk constituency that contains 21 wards of the District of Hambleton, including the towns of Northallerton and Thirsk, and 18 wards of the District of Richmondshire,

including the town of Richmond. Although these are geographically large constituencies, the sparsity of the electorate in these areas dictates that such constituencies are inevitable. We consider the areas linked within these constituencies to have good communication links between them.

48. We propose another geographically large constituency called Skipton and Ripon that contains the whole of Craven District, nine wards of the Borough of Harrogate, including the town of Ripon, and six wards of the District of Richmondshire. Our proposed Harrogate and Knaresborough constituency is considerably larger than the existing constituency of that name. It contains 21 wards of the Borough of Harrogate, including three wards (Marston Moor, Ouseburn, and Ribston) from the existing Selby and Ainsty constituency.

49. We propose a largely rural Leeds North West and Nidderdale constituency that crosses the county boundary and contains four wards of the City of Leeds and five wards of the Borough of Harrogate. We noted that the existing York Central constituency did not need to be altered but, to assist our changes elsewhere, we propose the addition of one ward of the City of York (Heworth Without). We propose a York Outer constituency that contains six wards of the District of Selby, including the town of Tadcaster, and 11 wards of the City of York.

50. We propose a Selby and Castleford constituency that contains 12 wards of the District of Selby and extends south-westwards to include three wards of the City of Wakefield (Airedale and Ferry Fryston, Altofts and Whitwood, and Castleford Central and Glasshoughton).

51. In West Yorkshire, because of the issues with the electorate size of the metropolitan area wards referred to previously, we have had to propose a major reconfiguration – but one that results in three constituencies being wholly contained within the City of Bradford. Our proposed Bradford Central and East, Bradford West, and Keighley constituencies each contain seven wards of the City of Bradford. We also propose a Bradford South and Cleckheaton constituency that contains five wards of the City of Bradford and two wards of the Borough of Kirklees (Birstall and Birkenshaw, and Cleckheaton), which are linked by the M62 and M606 roads.

52. In Calderdale, we propose to increase the electorate of the existing Halifax constituency by including the Hipperholme and Lightcliffe ward of the Borough of Calderdale, from the existing Calder Valley constituency. This ward is linked with the remainder of the constituency by the A649 road. To compensate for that transfer, we propose including the Worth Valley ward of the City of Bradford, from the existing Keighley constituency, in the Calder Valley constituency.

53. In Kirklees, we have been able to propose three constituencies that are wholly within the borough, each containing six wards. Our proposed Colne Valley and Skelmanthorpe constituency includes the Denby Dale ward from the existing Dewsbury constituency. To increase the electorate of the existing Huddersfield constituency, we propose to include the Crosland Moor and Netherton ward from the existing Colne Valley constituency. Our proposed Mirfield constituency includes three wards from the existing Batley and Spen constituency (Batley West, Heckmondwike, and Liversedge and Gomersal) and three wards from the existing Dewsbury constituency (Dewsbury West, Kirkburton, and Mirfield).

54. We propose a Dewsbury and Wakefield West constituency that contains two wards of the Borough of Kirklees (Dewsbury East and Dewsbury South) and four wards of the City of Wakefield (Horbury and South Ossett, Ossett, Wakefield North, and Wakefield West). We note that our proposals divide the towns of Batley, Dewsbury, and Wakefield between constituencies, but we consider that this is difficult to avoid if we are to propose constituencies with an electorate within 5% of the electoral quota and without dividing wards between constituencies.

55. In Wakefield, we propose only one constituency (Hemsworth and Wakefield South) that is wholly within the City of Wakefield. This constituency contains six wards of the City of Wakefield, five of which are in the existing Hemsworth constituency and one (Wakefield Rural) of which is in the existing Wakefield constituency. We also propose a Wakefield East and Pontefract constituency that contains six wards of the City of Wakefield and two wards of the District of Selby (Eggborough and Whitley).

56. In Leeds, we propose three constituencies that are wholly within the City of Leeds. Our proposed Leeds North, Leeds North East and Leeds South East each contain five wards of the City of Leeds. Apart from the Leeds North West and Nidderdale constituency mentioned earlier, we propose four other constituencies that contain part of Leeds and part of an adjacent authority, attempting to link areas that have good communication links between them.

57. Our proposed Guiseley and Yeadon constituency contains three wards of the City of Leeds (Guiseley and Rawdon, Horsforth, and Otley and Yeadon) and two wards of the City of Bradford (Baildon, and Idle and Thackley). Our proposed Leeds South and Outwood constituency contains three wards

of the City of Leeds (Ardsley and Robin Hood, City and Hunslet, and Middleton Park) and two wards of the City of Wakefield (Stanley and Outwood East, and Wrenthorpe and Outwood West). Our proposed Leeds South West and Morley constituency contains four wards of the City of Leeds (Beeston and Holbeck, Farnley and Wortley, Morley North, and Morley South) and one ward of the Borough of Kirklees (Batley East). Our proposed Leeds West and Pudsey constituency contains four wards of the City of Leeds (Armley, Bramley and Stanningley, Calverley and Farsley, and Pudsey) and one ward of the City of Bradford (Eccleshill).

4. How to have your say

58. We are consulting on our initial proposals for a 12-week period, from 13 September 2011 to 5 December 2011. We encourage everyone to use this opportunity to contribute to the design of the new constituencies – the more public views we hear, the more informed our decisions will be when analysing all the views we receive.

59. In particular, we ask people to bear in mind the tight constraints placed on the Commission by the rules set by Parliament, as well as the decisions we have taken regarding adoption of a regional approach and use of local government wards discussed in chapter 2 and in *A guide to the 2013 Review*. Most importantly:

- a. We cannot recommend constituencies that have electorates that are more or less than 5% from the electoral quota (apart from the two covering the Isle of Wight).
- b. We are basing our initial proposals on local government ward boundaries (as at May 2010) as the building blocks of constituencies. Our view is that, in the absence of exceptional and compelling circumstances, it would not be appropriate to divide wards in cases where it is possible to construct constituencies that meet the 5% statutory requirement without doing so.
- c. We have constructed constituencies within regions, so as not to cross regional boundaries. Compelling reasons would need to be given to persuade us that we should depart from this approach.

60. These issues mean that we encourage people who are making a representation on a specific area to bear in mind the knock-on effects of their proposals. The Commission must look at the recommendations for new constituencies across the whole region (and, indeed, across England). We therefore

ask everyone wishing to respond to our consultation to bear in mind the impact of their counter-proposals on neighbouring constituencies, and on those further afield across the region.

How can you give us your views?

61. There are two ways you can give us your views on our initial proposals: in writing (including by email or through the online form on our website), or in person at one of a series of public hearings we are conducting during the consultation period. People are welcome to both attend a hearing and send us a written representation.

Written representations

62. We encourage everyone to make use of our consultation website, at www.consultation.boundarycommissionforengland.independent.gov.uk, when contributing to our consultation. The website contains all the *Initial proposals* reports and maps, the electorate sizes of every ward and an online facility where you can have your say on our initial proposals.

63. You can also contribute to our consultation by writing directly to us at: Boundary Commission for England, 35 Great Smith Street, London SW1P 3BQ. Or email us with your views, at yorkshumber@bcommengland.x.gsi.gov.uk. If you wish to comment on more than one region, please send your email to reviews@bcommengland.x.gsi.gov.uk. If you wish to write to us directly, we encourage you to follow the structured approach outlined below and on the separate summary sheet, copies of which can be found at your local place of deposit, or downloaded from our website, at www.consultation.boundarycommissionforengland.independent.gov.uk.

64. We encourage everyone, before submitting a representation, to read our approach to data

protection and, in particular, the publication of all representations and personal data within them. This is available at www.consultation.boundarycommissionforengland.independent.gov.uk, or by phoning 020 7276 1102.

Public hearings

65. The Commission will be holding public hearings across all the English regions. In the Yorkshire and the Humber region we will be hosting four public hearings during the consultation period. Our website (www.consultation.boundarycommissionforengland.independent.gov.uk) has more details of these hearings, and an opportunity to register to attend and speak. The table below shows the locations and dates of the hearings in the Yorkshire and the Humber region.

Locations and dates of public hearings

City/town	Location	Dates
Leeds	Ramada Leeds North, Millgreen View, Ring Road, Leeds LS14 5QF	Thursday 13 – Friday 14 October 2011
Sheffield	Sheffield Town Hall, Pinstone Street, Sheffield S1 2HH	Monday 17 – Tuesday 18 October 2011
Northallerton	The Golden Lion, 114 High Street, Northallerton DL7 8PP	Thursday 20 – Friday 21 October 2011
Hull	Hull City Hall, Victoria Square, Hull HU1 3RQ	Monday 24 – Tuesday 25 October 2011

66. The purpose of the hearings is for people to have an opportunity to make representations orally to an Assistant Commissioner, who will chair the hearings and subsequently provide the Commission with a report on their findings. The hearings differ from the way we used to conduct ‘public inquiries’ in past reviews – these were much more judicial in style, with people being allowed to cross-examine each other. The new legislation that Parliament has introduced specifically rules out such inquiries, specifying instead that we host public hearings. These are intended purely as a way for people to make representations orally, direct to representatives of the Commission, as well as to provide an opportunity for the Commission to explain its proposals.

67. It is important to stress that all representations, whether they have been submitted through the online facility on our website, made in person at a hearing or sent to us in writing or by email, will be given equal consideration by the Commission. Therefore it does not matter if you are unable to attend or speak at a public hearing – even after the last public hearing in the Yorkshire and the Humber region has been completed on 25 October 2011, you will still have six weeks left to submit your views to us. By statute, time for the public hearings is strictly limited and you may wish to ensure that your full representations about our proposals are made to us in writing.

68. You can find more information about public hearings, and can register to attend, on our website at www.consultation.boundarycommissionforengland.independent.gov.uk, or by phoning 020 7276 1102.

What do we want views on?

69. While you are welcome to write to us on any issue regarding our initial proposals, it would aid our understanding and analysis

if you, when contributing, followed the structured approach available on our consultation website at www.consultation.boundarycommissionforengland.independent.gov.uk. This structured approach is also outlined below and available in our separate summary leaflet (copies of which are available in places of deposit and on our website). We encourage anyone wishing to contribute to the formation of our final recommendations to follow this approach. The structured approach will also allow us more easily to identify representations on specific areas, or from specific people, during the subsequent four-week period of consultation (referred to in chapter 2).

70. We would particularly like to ask two things of those considering responding to our consultation. First, if you support our proposals, please tell us so, as well as telling us where you object to them. Past experience suggests that too often people who are happy with our proposals do not respond in support, while those who object to them do respond to make their points. That can give a rather distorted view of the balance of public support or objection to proposals, and those who support our initial proposals may then be disappointed if they are subsequently revised in light of the consultation responses. Second, if you are considering objecting to our proposals, do please use the resources (maps and electorate figures) available on our website and at the places of deposit to put forward counter-proposals that are in accordance with the rules to which we are working.

71. Specifically, while anyone is welcome to submit views in whatever format, we are looking for views structured around the following questions:

a. Do you agree in full, in part or not at all with our initial proposals for the Yorkshire and the Humber region?

- b. Which sub-regions do you agree with and why?
- c. Which sub-regions do you disagree with and why?
- d. What are your alternatives for areas you disagree with that meet the statutory rules set out in chapter 2?

72. Above all, however, we encourage everyone to have their say on our initial proposals and, in doing so, to become involved in drawing the map of new Parliamentary constituencies. The more views we get on our initial proposals, the more informed our consideration in developing those proposals will be, and the better we will be able to reflect the public's views in the final recommendations we present in 2013.

Annex: Initial proposals for constituencies, including wards and electorates

Constituency	Ward	District/borough/city/county	Electorate
1. Barnsley North CC			74,668
	Central	Barnsley	7,760
	Cudworth	Barnsley	8,117
	Darton East	Barnsley	8,389
	Dodworth	Barnsley	7,886
	Monk Bretton	Barnsley	8,256
	North East	Barnsley	9,848
	Old Town	Barnsley	8,405
	Royston	Barnsley	8,315
	St Helens	Barnsley	7,692
2. Barnsley South CC			74,858
	Darfield	Barnsley	7,953
	Dearne North	Barnsley	8,059
	Dearne South	Barnsley	8,923
	Hoyland Milton	Barnsley	9,163
	Kingstone	Barnsley	7,598
	Rockingham	Barnsley	8,670
	Stairfoot	Barnsley	8,394
	Wombwell	Barnsley	8,565
	Worsbrough	Barnsley	7,533
3. Barnsley West and Ecclesfield CC			73,081
	Darton West	Barnsley	8,317
	Penistone East	Barnsley	9,180
	East Ecclesfield	Sheffield	14,464
	Firth Park	Sheffield	13,566
	Southey	Sheffield	13,519
	West Ecclesfield	Sheffield	14,035
4. Beverley CC			73,614
	Beverley Rural	East Riding of Yorkshire	11,441
	Driffield and Rural	East Riding of Yorkshire	12,045
	Minster and Woodmansey	East Riding of Yorkshire	12,289
	Pocklington Provincial	East Riding of Yorkshire	12,820
	St Mary's	East Riding of Yorkshire	12,853
	Wolds Weighton	East Riding of Yorkshire	12,166
5. Bradford Central and East BC			76,376
	Bolton and Undercliffe	Bradford	11,029
	Bowling and Barkerend	Bradford	11,258
	Bradford Moor	Bradford	11,395
	City	Bradford	9,891
	Manningham	Bradford	10,678
	Tong	Bradford	11,547
	Windhill and Wrose	Bradford	10,578
6. Bradford South and Cleckheaton BC			77,893
	Great Horton	Bradford	10,905
	Little Horton	Bradford	10,457
	Royds	Bradford	11,270

Constituency	Ward	District/borough/city/county	Electorate
	Wibsey	Bradford	9,865
	Wyke	Bradford	10,029
	Birstall and Birkenshaw	Kirklees	12,521
	Cleckheaton	Kirklees	12,846
7. Bradford West BC			77,737
	Bingley Rural	Bradford	13,087
	Clayton and Fairweather Green	Bradford	10,868
	Heaton	Bradford	10,133
	Queensbury	Bradford	11,099
	Shipley	Bradford	10,695
	Thornton and Allerton	Bradford	10,805
	Toller	Bradford	11,050
8. Bridlington CC			74,962
	Bridlington Central and Old Town	East Riding of Yorkshire	8,549
	Bridlington North	East Riding of Yorkshire	11,677
	Bridlington South	East Riding of Yorkshire	11,381
	East Wolds and Coastal	East Riding of Yorkshire	11,797
	Mid Holderness	East Riding of Yorkshire	11,339
	North Holderness	East Riding of Yorkshire	8,350
	South East Holderness	East Riding of Yorkshire	11,869
9. Brigg and Humberston CC			77,196
	Haverstoe	North East Lincolnshire	8,140
	Humberston and New Waltham	North East Lincolnshire	8,711
	Immingham	North East Lincolnshire	8,577
	Waltham	North East Lincolnshire	5,650
	Wolds	North East Lincolnshire	5,808
	Barton	North Lincolnshire	8,252
	Brigg and Wolds	North Lincolnshire	9,132
	Broughton and Appleby	North Lincolnshire	5,290
	Burton upon Stather and Winterton	North Lincolnshire	8,870
	Ferry	North Lincolnshire	8,766
10. Calder Valley CC			77,684
	Worth Valley	Bradford	10,304
	Brighouse	Calderdale	8,529
	Calder	Calderdale	8,824
	Elland	Calderdale	8,267
	Greetland and Stainland	Calderdale	8,443
	Luddendenfoot	Calderdale	7,965
	Rastrick	Calderdale	8,503
	Ryburn	Calderdale	8,535
	Todmorden	Calderdale	8,314
11. Colne Valley and Skelmanthorpe CC			80,466
	Colne Valley	Kirklees	13,256
	Denby Dale	Kirklees	12,692
	Golcar	Kirklees	13,548
	Holme Valley North	Kirklees	12,694
	Holme Valley South	Kirklees	14,358
	Lindley	Kirklees	13,918
12. Dewsbury and Wakefield West BC			73,166
	Dewsbury East	Kirklees	13,439
	Dewsbury South	Kirklees	12,864
	Horbury and South Ossett	Wakefield	12,111
	Ossett	Wakefield	12,753
	Wakefield North	Wakefield	10,765
	Wakefield West	Wakefield	11,234

Constituency	Ward	District/borough/city/county	Electorate
13. Don Valley CC			73,674
	Conisbrough and Denaby	Doncaster	10,454
	Edlington and Warmsworth	Doncaster	10,412
	Finningley	Doncaster	11,979
	Hatfield	Doncaster	10,080
	Rossington	Doncaster	10,093
	Thorne	Doncaster	10,650
	Torne Valley	Doncaster	10,006
14. Doncaster Central BC			73,874
	Armthorpe	Doncaster	10,898
	Balby	Doncaster	11,098
	Bessacarr and Cantley	Doncaster	11,306
	Central	Doncaster	10,567
	Edenthorpe, Kirk Sandall and Barnby Dun	Doncaster	10,636
	Town Moor	Doncaster	10,021
	Wheatley	Doncaster	9,348
15. Doncaster North CC			72,855
	Adwick	Doncaster	10,672
	Askern Spa	Doncaster	9,818
	Bentley	Doncaster	9,888
	Great North Road	Doncaster	11,681
	Mexborough	Doncaster	11,390
	Sprotbrough	Doncaster	9,628
	Stainforth and Moorends	Doncaster	9,778
16. Goole and Cottingham CC			73,253
	Cottingham North	East Riding of Yorkshire	7,316
	Cottingham South	East Riding of Yorkshire	7,338
	Dale	East Riding of Yorkshire	13,605
	Goole North	East Riding of Yorkshire	7,867
	Goole South	East Riding of Yorkshire	6,861
	Howden	East Riding of Yorkshire	3,930
	Howdenshire	East Riding of Yorkshire	11,985
	Snaith, Airmyn, Rawcliffe and Marshland	East Riding of Yorkshire	7,903
	Axholme North	North Lincolnshire	6,448
17. Grimsby BC			78,920
	Croft Baker	North East Lincolnshire	8,653
	East Marsh	North East Lincolnshire	7,364
	Freshney	North East Lincolnshire	7,479
	Heneage	North East Lincolnshire	8,255
	Park	North East Lincolnshire	8,960
	Scartho	North East Lincolnshire	8,081
	Sidney Sussex	North East Lincolnshire	8,338
	South	North East Lincolnshire	8,394
	West Marsh	North East Lincolnshire	4,940
	Yarborough	North East Lincolnshire	8,456
18. Guiseley and Yeadon CC			75,621
	Baildon	Bradford	11,452
	Idle and Thackley	Bradford	11,714
	Guiseley and Rawdon	Leeds	17,491
	Horsforth	Leeds	17,487
	Otley and Yeadon	Leeds	17,477

Constituency	Ward	District/borough/city/county	Electorate
19. Halifax BC			77,787
	Hipperholme and Lightcliffe	Calderdale	8,661
	Illingworth and Mixenden	Calderdale	9,062
	Northowram and Shelf	Calderdale	9,058
	Ovenden	Calderdale	8,078
	Park	Calderdale	8,576
	Skircoat	Calderdale	9,366
	Sowerby Bridge	Calderdale	8,208
	Town	Calderdale	8,449
	Warley	Calderdale	8,329
20. Harrogate and Knaresborough CC			79,817
	Bilton	Harrogate	4,319
	Boroughbridge	Harrogate	2,400
	Claro	Harrogate	2,529
	Granby	Harrogate	4,508
	Harlow Moor	Harrogate	4,065
	High Harrogate	Harrogate	4,196
	Hookstone	Harrogate	4,453
	Knaresborough East	Harrogate	3,950
	Knaresborough King James	Harrogate	4,036
	Knaresborough Scriven Park	Harrogate	4,186
	Low Harrogate	Harrogate	4,011
	Marston Moor	Harrogate	2,270
	New Park	Harrogate	4,004
	Ouseburn	Harrogate	2,475
	Pannal	Harrogate	4,361
	Ribston	Harrogate	2,404
	Rossett	Harrogate	4,823
	Saltergate	Harrogate	4,115
	Starbeck	Harrogate	4,425
	Stray	Harrogate	4,220
	Woodfield	Harrogate	4,067
21. Hemsworth and Wakefield South CC			74,290
	Ackworth, North Elmsall and Upton	Wakefield	12,665
	Crofton, Ryhill and Walton	Wakefield	12,244
	Hemsworth	Wakefield	11,963
	South Elmsall and South Kirkby	Wakefield	13,352
	Wakefield Rural	Wakefield	13,505
	Wakefield South	Wakefield	10,561
22. Huddersfield BC			79,698
	Almondbury	Kirklees	13,488
	Ashbrow	Kirklees	13,541
	Crosland Moor and Netherton	Kirklees	13,017
	Dalton	Kirklees	12,650
	Greenhead	Kirklees	13,487
	Newsome	Kirklees	13,515
23. Keighley CC			78,980
	Bingley	Bradford	13,205
	Craven	Bradford	12,213
	Ilkley	Bradford	11,224
	Keighley Central	Bradford	11,163
	Keighley East	Bradford	11,588
	Keighley West	Bradford	10,479
	Wharfedale	Bradford	9,108

Constituency	Ward	District/borough/city/county	Electorate
24. Kingston upon Hull East BC			79,784
	South West Holderness	East Riding of Yorkshire	11,634
	Drypool	Kingston upon Hull	9,429
	Holderness	Kingston upon Hull	10,173
	Ings	Kingston upon Hull	9,399
	Longhill	Kingston upon Hull	8,679
	Marfleet	Kingston upon Hull	9,150
	Southcoates East	Kingston upon Hull	5,708
	Southcoates West	Kingston upon Hull	5,966
	Sutton	Kingston upon Hull	9,646
25. Kingston upon Hull North BC			74,207
	Avenue	Kingston upon Hull	9,163
	Beverley	Kingston upon Hull	6,807
	Bransholme East	Kingston upon Hull	6,763
	Bransholme West	Kingston upon Hull	6,023
	Bricknell	Kingston upon Hull	6,567
	Derringham	Kingston upon Hull	8,988
	Kings Park	Kingston upon Hull	7,306
	Newland	Kingston upon Hull	6,602
	Orchard Park and Greenwood	Kingston upon Hull	9,137
	University	Kingston upon Hull	6,851
26. Kingston upon Hull West and Hessle BC			78,934
	Hessle	East Riding of Yorkshire	11,651
	South Hunsley	East Riding of Yorkshire	7,903
	Tranby	East Riding of Yorkshire	7,768
	Willerby and Kirk Ella	East Riding of Yorkshire	11,019
	Boothferry	Kingston upon Hull	9,594
	Myton	Kingston upon Hull	9,450
	Newington	Kingston upon Hull	7,686
	Pickering	Kingston upon Hull	8,990
	St Andrew's	Kingston upon Hull	4,873
27. Leeds North BC			79,095
	Chapel Allerton	Leeds	16,661
	Headingley	Leeds	14,787
	Hyde Park and Woodhouse	Leeds	14,949
	Kirkstall	Leeds	15,778
	Weetwood	Leeds	16,920
28. Leeds North East CC			78,867
	Cross Gates and Whinmoor	Leeds	17,210
	Gipton and Harehills	Leeds	14,935
	Harewood	Leeds	14,786
	Killingbeck and Seacroft	Leeds	16,527
	Wetherby	Leeds	15,409
29. Leeds North West and Nidderdale CC			79,439
	Killinghall	Harrogate	2,376
	Lower Nidderdale	Harrogate	2,402
	Nidd Valley	Harrogate	2,140
	Spofforth with Lower Wharfedale	Harrogate	2,504
	Washburn	Harrogate	2,546
	Adel and Wharfedale	Leeds	15,863
	Alwoodley	Leeds	17,471
	Moortown	Leeds	17,105
	Roundhay	Leeds	17,032

Constituency	Ward	District/borough/city/county	Electorate
30. Leeds South and Outwood BC			77,694
	Ardsley and Robin Hood	Leeds	17,044
	City and Hunslet	Leeds	19,030
	Middleton Park	Leeds	17,871
	Stanley and Outwood East	Wakefield	12,079
	Wrenthorpe and Outwood West	Wakefield	11,670
31. Leeds South East CC			78,369
	Burmantofts and Richmond Hill	Leeds	14,500
	Garforth and Swillington	Leeds	15,945
	Kippax and Methley	Leeds	16,283
	Rothwell	Leeds	15,571
	Temple Newsam	Leeds	16,070
32. Leeds South West and Morley BC			79,564
	Batley East	Kirklees	12,671
	Beeston and Holbeck	Leeds	14,562
	Farnley and Wortley	Leeds	17,961
	Morley North	Leeds	17,855
	Morley South	Leeds	16,515
33. Leeds West and Pudsey BC			79,108
	Eccleshill	Bradford	10,865
	Armley	Leeds	16,977
	Bramley and Stanningley	Leeds	16,506
	Calverley and Farsley	Leeds	17,515
	Pudsey	Leeds	17,245
34. Malton CC			79,140
	Broughton and Greenhow	Hambleton	1,400
	Easingwold	Hambleton	3,772
	Great Ayton	Hambleton	4,158
	Huby and Sutton	Hambleton	1,586
	Shipton	Hambleton	1,856
	Stillington	Hambleton	1,581
	Stokesley	Hambleton	4,543
	Swainby	Hambleton	1,569
	Tollerton	Hambleton	1,652
	Amotherby	Ryedale	1,549
	Ampleforth	Ryedale	1,428
	Cropton	Ryedale	1,265
	Dales	Ryedale	1,172
	Derwent	Ryedale	2,764
	Helmsley	Ryedale	2,538
	Hovingham	Ryedale	1,420
	Kirkbymoorside	Ryedale	2,770
	Malton	Ryedale	3,866
	Norton East	Ryedale	3,016
	Norton West	Ryedale	2,666
	Pickering East	Ryedale	2,674
	Pickering West	Ryedale	2,850
	Rillington	Ryedale	1,428
	Ryedale South West	Ryedale	1,342
	Sherburn	Ryedale	1,568
	Sheriff Hutton	Ryedale	1,412
	Sinnington	Ryedale	1,400
	Thornton Dale	Ryedale	2,708
	Wolds	Ryedale	1,398
	Filey	Scarborough	5,453
	Hertford	Scarborough	4,103
	Strensall	York	6,233

Constituency	Ward	District/borough/city/county	Electorate
35. Mirfield BC			80,073
	Batley West	Kirklees	13,075
	Dewsbury West	Kirklees	12,720
	Heckmondwike	Kirklees	12,653
	Kirkburton	Kirklees	12,861
	Liversedge and Gomersal	Kirklees	13,706
	Mirfield	Kirklees	15,058
36. Rawmarsh CC			73,288
	Hooper	Rotherham	8,942
	Rawmarsh	Rotherham	9,517
	Silverwood	Rotherham	9,522
	Swinton	Rotherham	8,937
	Valley	Rotherham	8,982
	Wath	Rotherham	9,094
	Wickersley	Rotherham	9,278
	Wingfield	Rotherham	9,016
37. Richmond and Thirsk CC			75,898
	Bedale	Hambleton	3,771
	Brompton	Hambleton	1,696
	Cowtons	Hambleton	1,527
	Crakehall	Hambleton	1,415
	Helperby	Hambleton	1,511
	Leeming	Hambleton	1,930
	Leeming Bar	Hambleton	1,539
	Morton-on-Swale	Hambleton	1,438
	Northallerton Broomfield	Hambleton	3,669
	Northallerton Central	Hambleton	3,415
	Northallerton North	Hambleton	2,966
	Osmotherley	Hambleton	1,471
	Romanby	Hambleton	3,303
	Rudby	Hambleton	2,995
	Sowerby	Hambleton	3,328
	Tanfield	Hambleton	1,464
	Thirsk	Hambleton	4,660
	Thorntons	Hambleton	1,509
	Topcliffe	Hambleton	1,701
	White Horse	Hambleton	1,693
	Whitestonecliffe	Hambleton	1,591
	Barton	Richmondshire	1,022
	Brompton-on-Swale and Scorton	Richmondshire	2,347
	Catterick	Richmondshire	1,911
	Colburn	Richmondshire	2,659
	Croft	Richmondshire	1,002
	Gilling West	Richmondshire	947
	Hipswell	Richmondshire	1,949
	Hornby Castle	Richmondshire	1,276
	Lower Wensleydale	Richmondshire	1,085
	Melsonby	Richmondshire	1,078
	Middleton Tyas	Richmondshire	903
	Newsham with Eppleby	Richmondshire	1,008
	Reeth and Arkengarthdale	Richmondshire	1,020
	Richmond Central	Richmondshire	2,169
	Richmond East	Richmondshire	2,122
	Richmond West	Richmondshire	2,081
	Scotton	Richmondshire	1,815
	Swaledale	Richmondshire	912

Constituency	Ward	District/borough/city/county	Electorate
38. Rother Valley CC			73,068
	Anston and Woodsetts	Rotherham	8,940
	Dinnington	Rotherham	9,284
	Hellaby	Rotherham	9,205
	Holderness	Rotherham	9,470
	Maltby	Rotherham	9,040
	Rother Vale	Rotherham	9,075
	Sitwell	Rotherham	9,466
	Wales	Rotherham	8,588
39. Rotherham and Sheffield East BC			73,631
	Boston Castle	Rotherham	9,024
	Brinsworth and Catcliffe	Rotherham	9,033
	Keppel	Rotherham	9,286
	Rotherham East	Rotherham	8,786
	Rotherham West	Rotherham	9,004
	Darnall	Sheffield	14,711
	Shiregreen and Brightside	Sheffield	13,787
40. Scarborough and Whitby CC			76,078
	Castle	Scarborough	3,270
	Cayton	Scarborough	3,557
	Central	Scarborough	3,370
	Danby	Scarborough	1,735
	Derwent Valley	Scarborough	3,724
	Eastfield	Scarborough	4,054
	Esk Valley	Scarborough	3,570
	Falsgrave Park	Scarborough	3,737
	Fylingdales	Scarborough	1,736
	Lindhead	Scarborough	1,876
	Mayfield	Scarborough	3,766
	Mulgrave	Scarborough	2,827
	Newby	Scarborough	5,193
	North Bay	Scarborough	3,451
	Northstead	Scarborough	3,132
	Ramshill	Scarborough	3,204
	Scalby, Hackness and Staintondale	Scarborough	3,423
	Seamer	Scarborough	3,724
	Stepney	Scarborough	3,494
	Streonshalh	Scarborough	3,587
	Weaponness	Scarborough	3,038
	Whitby West Cliff	Scarborough	3,237
	Woodlands	Scarborough	3,373
41. Scunthorpe CC			77,852
	Ashby	North Lincolnshire	8,592
	Axholme Central	North Lincolnshire	5,610
	Axholme South	North Lincolnshire	5,711
	Bottesford	North Lincolnshire	9,111
	Brumby	North Lincolnshire	8,122
	Burringham and Gunness	North Lincolnshire	3,042
	Crosby and Park	North Lincolnshire	8,310
	Frodingham	North Lincolnshire	5,641
	Kingsway with Lincoln Gardens	North Lincolnshire	8,328
	Ridge	North Lincolnshire	10,253
	Town	North Lincolnshire	5,132
42. Selby and Castleford CC			79,873
	Barlby	Selby	3,084
	Brayton	Selby	4,799
	Camblesforth	Selby	3,294
	Cawood with Wistow	Selby	3,586
	Fairburn with Brotherton	Selby	2,771

Constituency	Ward	District/borough/city/county	Electorate
	Hambleton	Selby	4,248
	Hemingbrough	Selby	3,202
	Monk Fryston and South Milford	Selby	3,152
	Selby North	Selby	4,259
	Selby South	Selby	3,133
	Selby West	Selby	3,069
	Sherburn in Elmet	Selby	5,100
	Airedale and Ferry Fryston	Wakefield	11,625
	Altofts and Whitwood	Wakefield	12,512
	Castleford Central and Glasshoughton	Wakefield	12,039
43. Sheffield Central BC			73,171
	Broomhill	Sheffield	12,974
	Burngreave	Sheffield	14,765
	Central	Sheffield	17,646
	Hillsborough	Sheffield	13,569
	Walkley	Sheffield	14,217
44. Sheffield South East BC			78,338
	Beighton	Sheffield	13,239
	Birley	Sheffield	12,898
	Manor Castle	Sheffield	12,134
	Mosborough	Sheffield	13,595
	Richmond	Sheffield	13,123
	Woodhouse	Sheffield	13,349
45. Sheffield South West BC			79,790
	Arbourthorne	Sheffield	12,551
	Beauchief and Greenhill	Sheffield	13,530
	Dore and Totley	Sheffield	13,477
	Gleadless Valley	Sheffield	13,882
	Graves Park	Sheffield	13,346
	Nether Edge	Sheffield	13,004
46. Sheffield West and Penistone CC			80,123
	Penistone West	Barnsley	8,992
	Crookes	Sheffield	13,702
	Ecclesall	Sheffield	14,647
	Fulwood	Sheffield	14,047
	Stannington	Sheffield	14,159
	Stocksbridge and Upper Don	Sheffield	14,576
47. Skipton and Ripon CC			77,337
	Aire Valley with Lothersdale	Craven	2,940
	Barden Fell	Craven	1,338
	Bentham	Craven	3,004
	Cowling	Craven	1,833
	Embsay-with-Eastby	Craven	1,515
	Gargrave and Malhamdale	Craven	2,538
	Glusburn	Craven	3,168
	Grassington	Craven	1,358
	Hellifield and Long Preston	Craven	1,823
	Ingleton and Clapham	Craven	3,180
	Penyghent	Craven	1,468
	Settle and Ribblesbanks	Craven	2,958
	Skipton East	Craven	2,797
	Skipton North	Craven	2,814
	Skipton South	Craven	2,779
	Skipton West	Craven	2,919
	Sutton-in-Craven	Craven	2,921
	Upper Wharfedale	Craven	1,587
	West Craven	Craven	1,612

Constituency	Ward	District/borough/city/county	Electorate
	Bishop Monkton	Harrogate	2,219
	Kirkby Malzeard	Harrogate	2,448
	Mashamshire	Harrogate	1,918
	Newby	Harrogate	2,455
	Pateley Bridge	Harrogate	2,031
	Ripon Minster	Harrogate	3,901
	Ripon Moorside	Harrogate	3,887
	Ripon Spa	Harrogate	4,276
	Wathvale	Harrogate	2,323
	Addlebrough	Richmondshire	1,093
	Bolton Castle	Richmondshire	1,067
	Hawes and High Abbotside	Richmondshire	1,066
	Leyburn	Richmondshire	2,099
	Middleham	Richmondshire	1,024
	Penhill	Richmondshire	978
48. Wakefield East and Pontefract CC			77,289
	Eggborough	Selby	2,907
	Whitley	Selby	3,409
	Featherstone	Wakefield	12,702
	Knottingley	Wakefield	10,621
	Normanton	Wakefield	12,309
	Pontefract North	Wakefield	12,088
	Pontefract South	Wakefield	12,090
	Wakefield East	Wakefield	11,163
49. York Central BC			78,829
	Acomb	York	6,554
	Clifton	York	9,384
	Fishergate	York	6,761
	Guildhall	York	5,867
	Heworth	York	10,010
	Heworth Without	York	3,173
	Holgate	York	9,690
	Hull Road	York	7,650
	Micklegate	York	9,319
	Westfield	York	10,421
50. York Outer CC			79,633
	Appleton Roebuck	Selby	1,466
	North Duffield	Selby	1,501
	Riccall with Escrick	Selby	3,317
	Saxton and Ulleskelf	Selby	1,778
	Tadcaster East	Selby	3,033
	Tadcaster West	Selby	2,819
	Bishopthorpe	York	3,260
	Derwent	York	2,980
	Dringhouses and Woodthorpe	York	8,905
	Fulford	York	2,187
	Haxby and Wigginton	York	10,104
	Heslington	York	3,817
	Huntington and New Earswick	York	9,805
	Osbaldwick	York	2,783
	Rural West York	York	8,376
	Skelton, Rawcliffe and Clifton Without	York	10,250
	Wheldrake	York	3,252

Glossary

Assistant Commissioner	Independent person appointed at the request of the BCE to assist it with the discharge of its functions.
Borough constituency abbreviated to BC	Parliamentary constituency containing a predominantly urban area.
County constituency abbreviated to CC	Parliamentary constituency containing more than a small rural element.
Designation	Classification as either a borough constituency or as a county constituency.
Electorate	The number of registered Parliamentary electors in a given area.
(Statutory) Electorate range	The statutory rule that requires the electorate of every constituency (as at the review date) to be within 5% of the UK electoral quota.
Final recommendations	The recommendations submitted in a formal final report to the Government at the end of a review. They may – or may not – have been revised since the initial proposals in any given area.
General review	Major review of all Parliamentary constituencies in England at the same time. From 2011 all Parliamentary constituency reviews are general reviews.
Initial proposals	First formal proposals published by the BCE during the review for public consultation.
Public hearing	Formal opportunity in a given area for people to make oral representations, chaired by an Assistant Commissioner. In each region of England there may be no fewer than two and no more than five hearings, and each may last a maximum of two days.
Representations	The views provided by an individual, group or organisation to the BCE on its initial or revised proposals, either for or against, including counter-proposals and petitions.
Review date	Proposals must be based on the numbers of electors on the electoral registers on this date, which is defined in the Act as the date two years and ten months before the final report is to be submitted (i.e. 1 December 2010 for the review that is to conclude with a final report by 1 October 2013).
Revised proposals	The initial proposals as subsequently revised.
UK electoral quota	The average number of electors in a constituency, found by dividing the total electorate of the UK (less that of the four specific ‘protected’ constituencies) by 596.
Unitary authority	An area where there is only one tier of local council (above any parish or town council). This contrasts with those ‘shire district’ areas that have two tiers (i.e. both a non-metropolitan county council and a district/borough/city council).

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